



# **4/8-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway VIP-480/VIP-880 Series**

## **User's manual**

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## CE mark Warning

The is a class B device, In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## WEEE Warning



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## Revision

User's Manual for PLANET 4/8-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway:

Model: VIP-480/VIP-480FS/VIP-480FO/VIP-880/VIP-882/VIP-880FO

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# Chapter 1 Introduction

## Overview

With years of Internet telephony and router manufacturing experience, PLANET proudly introduces the newest member of the PLANET VoIP gateway family: the VIP-480/VIP-880 series.

The PLANET VoIP Gateway is fully both SIP and H.323 standard compliant residential gateway that provides a total solution for integrating voice-data network and the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN), not only provides quality voice communications, but also offers secure, reliable Internet sharing capabilities for daily voice and Internet communications.

With advanced DSP processor (TI) and cutting edge VoIP technology, the PLANET VoIP Gateway is capable of handling both SIP and the H.323 calls. Up to 4/8 registrations to the SIP proxy or H.323 Gatekeeper, the VoIP Gateway are able to make calls to either H.323 or SIP voice communication environment. The VoIP Gateway is equipped with LAN port Ethernet switch and built-in NAT router function that provides Internet access using only one IP address; with these features, users may now enjoy high quality voice calls and secure Internet access without interfering with routine activities.

Meanwhile, the PLANET VoIP Gateway is designed for comfort, ease-of-use with a sophisticated, and satisfaction from customers, VoIP Gateway not only inherits traditions of quality voice communications and real-time fax data over IP networks, but VoIP Gateway also eliminates the human resource VoIP network deployment. With optimized H.323/SIP architecture, PLANET VoIP Gateway is the ideal choices for P2P voice chat, ITSP cost-saving solution, but also provide network-converting feature to translate the packet network into traditional PBX system.

With built-in PPPoE/DHCP/DDNS clients, up to 4/8 concurrent connections in VoIP Gateway, voice communications can be established from anywhere around the world. PLANET VoIP Gateway comes with intuitive user-friendly, yet powerful management interface (web/telnet), that can dramatically reduce IT personnel resource, and complete VoIP deployment in a short time, plus remote management capability, VoIP administrators can monitor machine/network status, or proceed maintenance/trouble-shooting service via Internet browser or telnet session.

Besides, it provides voice channels status display and optimized packet voice streaming over managed and public (Internet) IP networks.

There are models for VIP-480/VIP-880 and there are:

4-port model, VIP-48nxx:

**VIP-480** equips two FXO and two FXS interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO), and telephone or FAX machine connection (FXS).

**VIP-480FS** equips four FXS interfaces telephone set or FAX machine connections (FXS).

**VIP-480FO** equips four FXO interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).

8-port mode, VIP-88nxx:

**VIP-880** equips four FXO and four FXS interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO), and telephone or FAX machine connection (FXS).

**VIP-880FO** equips eight FXO interfaces to have the great flexibility of PBX connection (FXO).

**VIP-882** equips six FXS and two FXO interfaces to have the great flexibility of telephone or FAX machine connection (FXS), and PBX connection (FXO).

In the following section, unless specified, VIP-480/VIP-880 will represent the family of products.

## Network Feature

- **Network Address Translation (NAT):**

NAT allows multiple PCs to connect to an Internet Service Provider (ISP) using a single Internet access account.

- **Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) Client Support:**

If you are a DSL user, the router has a built-in PPPoE client for establishing a DSL link connection with the ISP. There is no need to install a further PPPoE driver on your computers.

- **Smart QoS**

The smart QoS provide stable voice quality while user access internet from private LAN to internet at the same time. This device would start suppressing throughput automatically when VoIP call proceed and keep full speed access when there is no VoIP traffic.

- **DDNS(Dynamic Domain Name Server)**

DDNS is a service that maps Internet domain names to IP addresses. It allows you to provide Internet users with a domain name (instead of an IP Address) to access your Virtual Servers.

- **Virtual Server**

Remote Users can access services such as the Web or FTP at your local site via public IP addresses can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP addresses.

## VoIP Functions

- H.323 / SIP dual mode communication
- SIP 2.0 (RFC3261), H.323v4 compliant
- Peer-to-Peer / H.323 GK / SIP proxy calls
- Voice codec support: G.711(A-law /  $\mu$ -law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps)
- Voice processing: Voice Active Detection, DTMF detection, G.165/G.168 compliant echo canceller, silence detection, FAX (T.38 / T.30) Mode Option.
- Built in adaptive buffer that helps to smooth out the variations in delay (jitter) for voice traffic.
- Voice channels status display: This function display each port status likes as on-hook, off-hook, calling number called number, talk duration, codec.
- Life line support for co-existing FXO-FXS port of VIP-480, VIP-880 and VIP-882 while power down.

## Package Content

The contents of your product should contain the following items:

VoIP Gateway

Power adapter

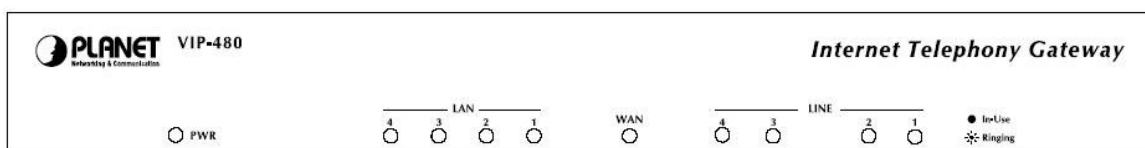
Quick Installation Guide

User's Manual CD

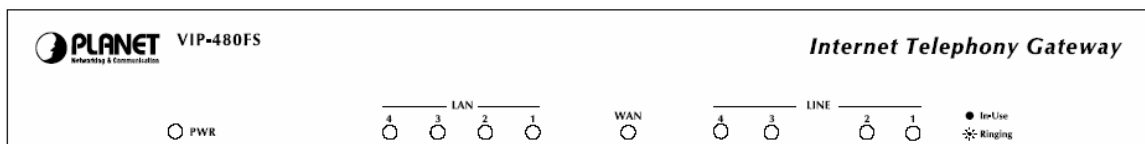
RJ-45 cable x 1

## Physical Details

The following figure illustrates the front/rear panel of VIP-480/VIP-880 series.

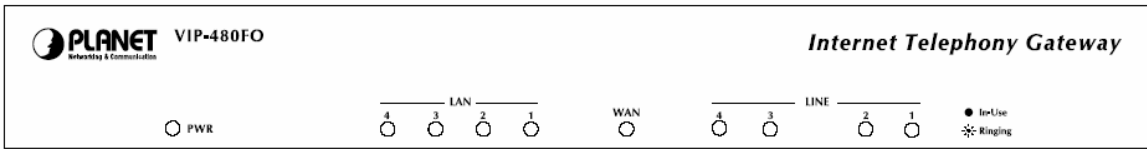


Front Panel of VIP-480

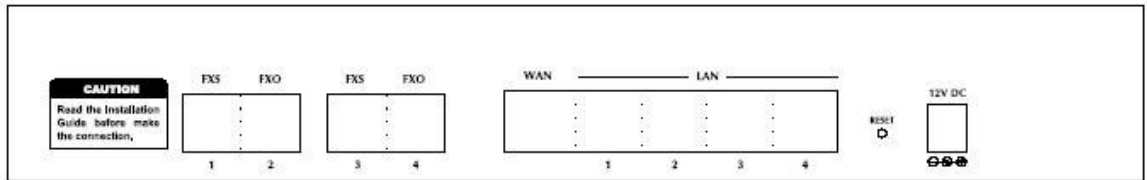


Front Panel of VIP-480FS

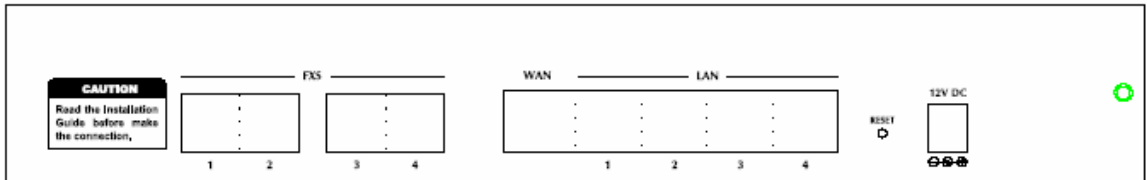




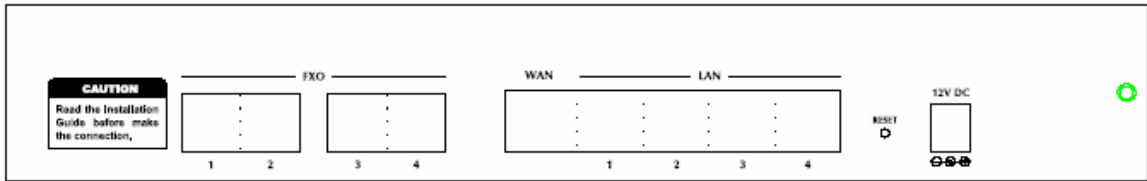
Front Panel of VIP-480FO



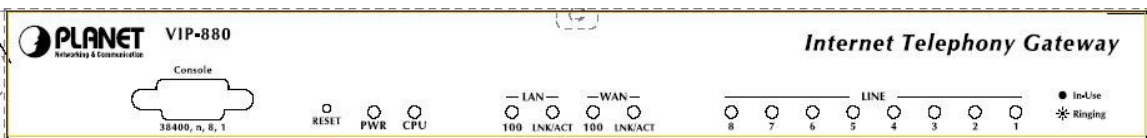
Rear Panel of VIP-480



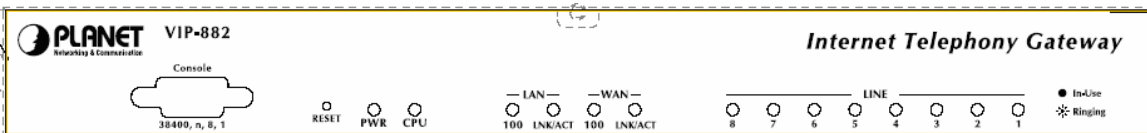
Rear Panel of VIP-480FS



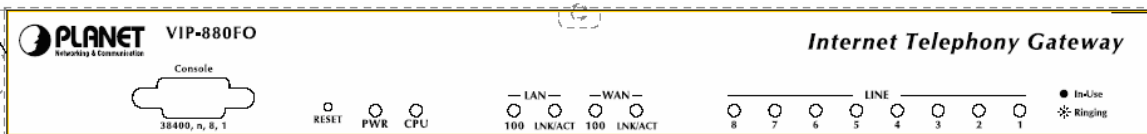
Rear Panel of VIP-480FO



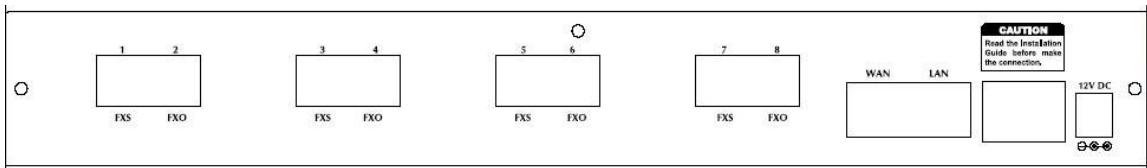
Front Panel of VIP-880



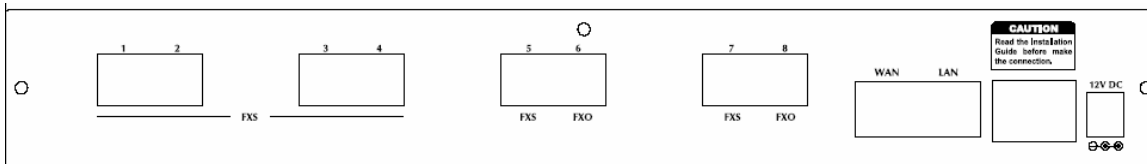
Front Panel of VIP-882



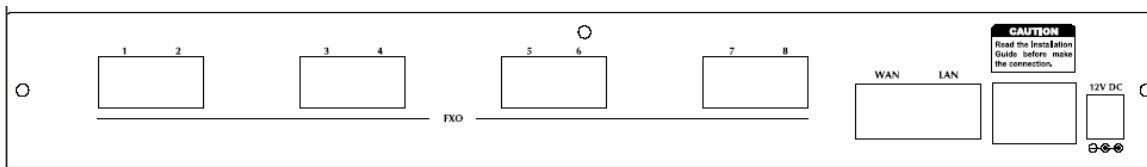
Front Panel of VIP-880FO



Rear Panel of VIP-880



Rear Panel of VIP-882



Rear Panel of VIP-880FO

## Front Panel LED Indicators & Rear Panels

Front Panel LED	State	Descriptions
<b>PWR</b>	On	GW is power ON
	Off	GW is power Off
<b>CPU</b>	Flashing	The system is running
<b>WAN Port</b>	ON	GW network connection established
	Flashing	Data traffic on cable network
	Off	Waiting for network connection
<b>LAN Port</b>	ON	LAN is connected successfully
	Flashing	Data is transmitting
	Off	Ethernet not connected to PC
<b>FXS</b>	ON	Telephone Set is On-Hook
	Flashing	Ring Indication
	Off	Telephone Set is Off-Hook
<b>FXO</b>	On	Line is busy
	Off	Line is not enabled
<b>9-pin RS-232</b> <b>(VIP-880 series only)</b>		Connecting VIP to a terminal emulator for configuring VIP

**NOTE:** System initialization will turn some LEDs ON for a few seconds.

Rear Panel	Descriptions
<b>WAN</b>	The WAN port supports auto negotiating Fast Ethernet 10/100Base-T networks. This port allows your voice gateway to be connected to an Internet Access device, e.g. router, cable modem, ADSL modem, through a CAT.5 twisted pair Ethernet cable.
<b>LAN</b> (VIP-880 series) <b>LAN 1 ~ LAN 4</b> (VIP-480 series)	The LAN port supports 4 10/100Base-T switch hub networks. These 4 ports allow your PC or Switch/Hub to be connected to the voice gateway through a CAT.5 twisted pair Ethernet cable.
<b>Reset</b>	The reset button, when pressed, resets the cable voice gateway without the need to unplug the power cord.
<b>Power</b>	The supplied power adapter connects here.
<b>FXS</b>	FXS port was connected to your telephone sets or Trunk Line of PBX.
<b>FXO</b>	FXO port was connected to the extension port of a PBX or directly connected to a PSTN line of carrier.

## Warning

.....  
Incorrectly connecting telephony devices to the RJ11 port on the Telephony Interface can cause permanent damage to the VoIP Gateway  
.....

## Note

.....  
The Default LAN IP is <http://192.168.0.1>. Press RESET button on rear panel over 5 seconds will reset the VoIP Gateway to this default LAN/WAN IP address and Username/Password function.  
.....

# Chapter 2

## Preparations & Installation

### Physical Installation Requirement

This chapter illustrates basic installation of VIP-480/VIP-880 series

- Network cables. Use standard 10/100BaseT network (UTP) cables with RJ45 connectors.
- TCP/IP protocol must be installed on all PCs.

For Internet Access, an Internet Access account with an ISP, and either of a DSL or Cable modem (for WAN port usage)

### Administration Interface

---

PLANET VIP-480/VIP-880 provides GUI (Web based, Graphical User Interface) for machine management and administration.

#### Web configuration access:

To start VIP-480/VIP-880 web configuration, you must have one of these web browsers installed on computer for management

- Netscape Communicator 4.03 or higher
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.01 or higher with Java support

Default LAN interface IP address of VIP-480/VIP-880 is **192.168.0.1**. You may now open your web browser, and insert **192.168.0.1** in the address bar of your web browser to logon VIP-480/VIP-880 web configuration page.

VIP-480/VIP-880 will prompt for logon username/password, please enter: **admin** / **123** to continue machine administration.



### Note

Please locate your PC in the same network segment (192.168.0.x) of VIP-480/880. If you're not familiar with TCP/IP, please refer to related chapter on user's manual CD or consult your network administrator for proper network configurations.

## LAN/WAN Interface quick configurations

Nature of PLANET VIP-480/VIP-880 is an IP Sharing (NAT) device, it comes with two default IP addresses, and default LAN side IP address is "192.168.0.1", default WAN side IP address is "172.16.0.1". You may use any PC to connect to the LAN port of VIP-480/VIP-880 to start machine administration.

### Hint

In general cases, the LAN IP address is the default gateway of LAN side workstations for Internet access, and the WAN IP of VIP-480/880 are the IP address for remote calling party to connect with.

## LAN IP address configuration via web configuration interface

Execute your web browser, and insert the IP address (default: 192.168.0.1) of VIP in the address bar. After logging on machine with username/password (default: admin / 123), browse to "Advance Setup" --> "LAN setting" configuration menu:

LAN IP Address Setting	
IP Address	192 . 168 . 0 . 1
IP Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable

## Parameter Description

<b>IP address</b>	LAN IP address of VIP-480/VIP-880 <b>Default: 192.168.0.1</b>
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	LAN IP address of VIP-480/VIP-880 <b>Default: 255.255.255.0</b>

### Hint

It is suggested to keep the DHCP server related parameters in default state to keep machine in best performance.

After confirming the modification you've done, Please click on the **Apply** button to make the changes effective, and click "**Save Configuration**" to save configuration.

## WAN IP address configuration via web configuration interface

Execute your web browser, and insert the IP address (default: **172.16.0.1**) of VIP in the address bar. After logging on machine with username/password (default: **admin / 123**), browse to "**WAN Setting**" configuration menu, you will see the configuration screen below:

WAN Port Type Configuration	
WAN Type Setting	Static IP <input type="button" value="Select"/>
IP Address	<input type="text" value="172.16.0.1"/>
Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.0.0"/>
Default Router	<input type="text" value="172.16.0.254"/>

Connection Type	Data required.
<b>Static IP</b>	The ISP will assign IP Address, and related information.
<b>DHCP</b>	Get WAN IP Address automatically; it is no need to configure the DHCP settings.
<b>PPPoE</b>	The ISP will assign PPPoE username / password for Internet access,

### Hint

Please consult your ISP personnel to obtain proper PPPoE/IP address related information, and input carefully. If Internet connection cannot be established, please check the physical connection or contact the ISP service staff for support information.

## Network Service Configurations

### Configuring and monitoring your VoIP Gateway from web browser

The VIP-480/VIP-880 integrates a web-based graphical user interface that can cover most configurations and machine status monitoring. Via standard, web browser, you can configure and check machine status from anywhere around the world.

#### Overview on the web interface of VoIP Gateway

With web graphical user interface, you may have:

- ◆ More comprehensive setting feels than traditional command line interface.
- ◆ Provides user input data fields, check boxes, and for changing machine configuration settings
- ◆ Displays machine running configuration

To start VIP-320 web configuration, you must have one of these web browsers installed on computer for management

- ◆ Netscape Communicator 4.03 or higher
- ◆ Microsoft Internet Explorer 4.01 or higher with Java support

#### Manipulation of VoIP Gateway via web browser

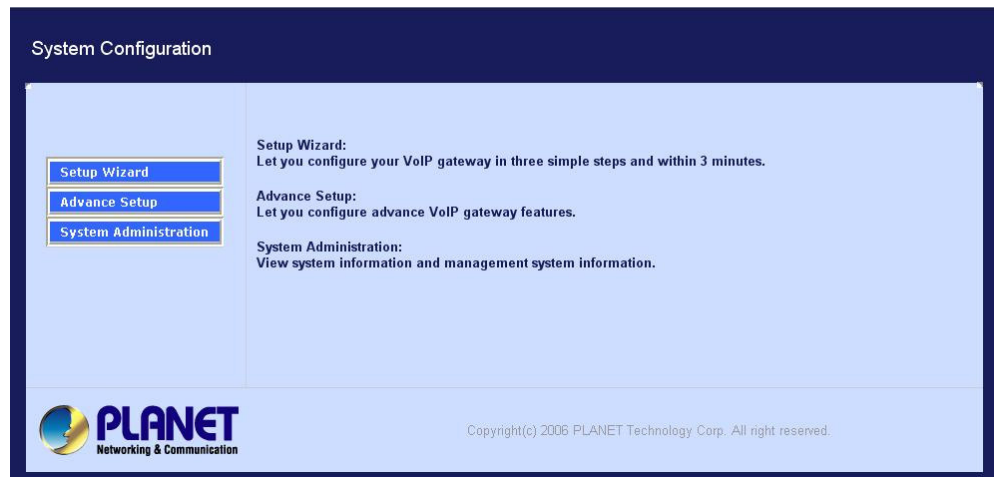
##### Log on VoIP Gateway via web browser

After TCP/IP configurations on your PC, you may now open your web browser, and input **http://192.168.0.1** to logon VoIP gateway web configuration page.

VoIP gateway will prompt for logon username/password: **admin / 123**



**VIP-480/VIP-880 log in page**



VIP-480/VIP-880 main page

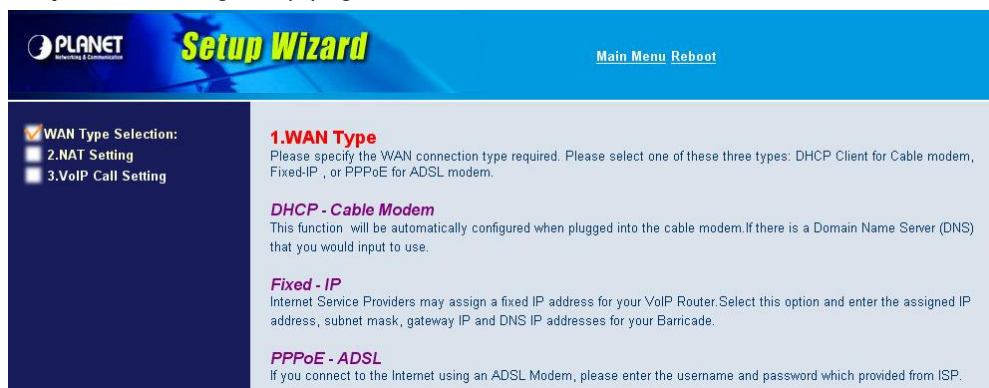
## Wizard Setup for Quick Start

### Wizard Setup

After finishing the authentication, the Main menu will display 3 parts of configuration, please click “**Wizard Setup**” to enter quick start:

### 1. WAN Port Type Setup (Setup First)

For most users, Internet access is the primary application. The Gateway support the WAN interface for Internet access and remote access. The following sections will explain more details of WAN Port Internet access and broadband access setup. When you click “**WAN Port Type Setup**” from within the **Wizard Setup**, the following setup page will be show.



Three methods are available for Internet Access	
<b>Fixed IP User</b>	If you are a leased line user with a fixed IP address, fill out the following items with the information provided by your ISP.
<b>IP Address</b>	check with your ISP provider
<b>Netmask</b>	check with your ISP provider
<b>Default Gateway</b>	check with your ISP provider



### ADSL Dial-Up User (PPPoE Enable)

Some ISPs provide DSL-based service and use PPPoE to establish communication link with end-users. If you are connected to the Internet through a DSL line, check with your ISP to see if they use PPPoE. If they do, you need to select this item.

Three methods are available for Internet Access	
<b>User Name</b>	Enter User Name provided by your ISP
<b>Password</b>	Enter Password provided by your ISP
<b>Retype Password</b>	Enter Password to confirm again

### DHCP Client (Dynamic IP): (Get WAN IP Address automatically)

**IP Address:** If you are connected to the Internet through a Cable modem line then a dynamic IP address will be assigned.

## 2. Configuring NAT or Bridge setting:

### Bridge Mode:

When working on Bridge Mode, the VoIP gateway will use only the LAN setting IP, The VoIP gateway will use the same LAN IP setting as WAN IP. That means, when Bridge mode enable, the WAN connection setting will be ignored.

### NAT mode:

LAN IP Network Configuration	
IP Address	Private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.0.1)
Subnet Mask	Netmask for the local private network (Default: 255.255.255.0)

The screenshot shows the 'Setup Wizard' interface for NAT Settings. On the left, a sidebar lists 'WAN Type Selection', '2. NAT Setting' (checked), and '3. VoIP Call Setup'. The main area is titled 'NAT Settings' and has two radio buttons: 'Bridge Mode' (unselected) and 'NAT Mode' (selected). Below this, a red note states: 'You can use NAT to allow PCs from LAN subnet for accessing Internet.' Under 'LAN IP Setting', there are two input fields: 'IP Address' with the value '192.168.0.1' and 'IP Subnet Mask' with the value '255.255.255.0'.

## 3. VoIP Call Protocol Setup

### STEP1 : Configure VoIP Call Signal Protocols :

User could select either H.323 or SIP Protocol, and click "select"

The screenshot shows the 'Setup Wizard' interface for VoIP Protocol Selection. On the left, a sidebar lists '1. WAN Type', '2. NAT Setting', and '3. VoIP Call Setup' (checked). The main area is titled 'VoIP Protocol Selection' and features a dropdown menu with 'SIP', 'H.323', and 'SIP' options, and a 'Select' button. Below this is the 'VoIP Call Settings' section, which includes a red note: 'Port number Setup :'. There are five input fields: 'Port 1 number' (100), 'Port 2 number' (200), 'Port 3 number' (300), 'Port 4 number' (400), and 'SIP Proxy Server IP address' (0.0.0.0). A red note at the bottom states: 'If you don't use sip proxy server, you should set the following outgoing dial plan.'

**STEP2 : configure the numbering with phone/line ports.**

<b>Phone Number</b>	The representation number is the phone number of the telephone that is connected to Phone port
<b>Line Number</b>	Line ports are connected to the extension ports of the PBX system or the PSTN line. They have a common Line Hunting Group Number. When this number is dialed, the Gateway system will find a free FXO line connected to PBX. This hunting will skip all busy lines and absent lines and find only the idle line to the PBX. After the available line is found, you can hear the dial tone from PBX. After that, you can dial the needed phone number out through PBX

**STEP3: Let GW Register to Gatekeeper/SIP Proxy Server**

(If user does not have Gatekeeper/SIP Proxy Server, Please go to STEP 4: Outgoing Dialing Plan)

<b>Gatekeeper IP address</b>	There is a gatekeeper address fields. If this gateway does not want to register to any gatekeeper, just set value 0.0.0.0 to the primary gatekeeper address.
<b>SIP Proxy Server IP addresses</b>	There is a SIP Proxy Server address fields. If this gateway does not want to register to any SIP Proxy Server, just set value 0 .0.0.0 to the sip proxy server address.

**STEP 4: Outgoing Dialing Plan**

The purpose of "Outgoing Direct Call" setting is to let user create a proprietary dialing plan when this Gateway is not registered to any H.323 Gatekeeper or any SIP Proxy Server. This setting can also assign some dialing plan to local ports (including prefix strip, prefix addition).

Through this setting, user can directly map a number to a specific gateway (IP address).

PLANET  
Networking & Communications

Setup Wizard

Main Menu Reboot

1. WAN Type  
2. NAT Setting  
3. VoIP Call Setup

Outgoing Dial Plan:

Item	Phone Number	Min Digit	Max Digit	Strip Len	Prefix Number	IP Address	Port
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

BACK FINISH

### In the “Outgoing Dial Plan” settings:

“**Leading Number**” is the leading digits of the dialing number.

“**Min Length**” and “**Max Length**” is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

“**Strip Length**” is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

“**Prefix Number**” is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

“**Destination**” is the IP address of the destination Gateway that owns this phone number.

### STEP 5: Finishing the Wizard Setup

After completing the Wizard Setup, please click “**Finish**” bottom. The VoIP Gateway will save the configuration and rebooting Gateway automatically. After 20 Seconds, you could re-login the Gateway.

# Chapter 4

## System Configurations



### Advance Setup of Network Setup

In Advanced Setup, GW provides user two major parts function to configure:

One is “**Network Setup**”, the other one is “**VoIP Call Setup**”

Network Setup Label	
<b>WAN Setting</b>	Sets/changes the WAN port Type like “Fixed IP”, “DHCP Client” or “PPPoE”.
<b>LAN Setting</b>	Modifies the IP address of the LAN port and setting DHCP Server parameters.
<b>Virtual Server</b>	Remote user can access server such as Web or FTP at you local site via public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP address.
<b>Dynamic DNS</b>	Dynamitic DNS allows you to provide Internet users with a domain name to access your server.
<b>Network Parameters</b>	Network Parameter allows you to modify the access port of gateway.

### WAN Setting

For most users, Internet access is the primary application. The VIP-480/VIP-880 series Gateway support the WAN interface for Internet access and remote access. The following sections will explain more details of WAN Port Internet access and broadband access setup. When you click “**WAN Setting**”,

the following setup page will be shown. Three methods are available for Internet Access.

<b>Static IP</b>	You are a leased line user with a fixed IP address; fill out the following items with the information provided by your ISP.
<b>IP Address</b>	check with your ISP provider
<b>Netmask</b>	check with your ISP provider
<b>Default Gateway</b>	check with your ISP provider

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**Network Setup**

- WAN Setting
- LAN Setting
- Virtual Server
- Dynamic DNS
- Network Management

**WAN Port Type Configuration**

WAN Type Setting:

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Default Router:

### PPPoE for ADSL

Some ISPs provide DSL-based service and use PPPoE to establish communication link with end-users. If you are connected to the Internet through a DSL line, check with your ISP to see if they use PPPoE. If they do, you need to select this item.

<b>User Name</b>	Enter User Name provided by your ISP
<b>Password</b>	Enter Password provided by your ISP.
<b>Retype Password</b>	Enter Password to confirm again.

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**Network Setup**

- WAN Setting
- LAN Setting
- Virtual Server
- Dynamic DNS
- Network Management

**VoIP Setup**

- VoIP Basic
- Dialing Plan
- Advance Setting
- Hot Line Setting
- Port Status

**WAN Type Setting**

WAN Type Setting:

**Use PPPoE Authentication**

User Name(MAX. 40 characters):

Password(MAX. 40 characters):

Confirm Password:

Get IP Address: 172.16.0.1

Get Default Router: 172.16.0.254

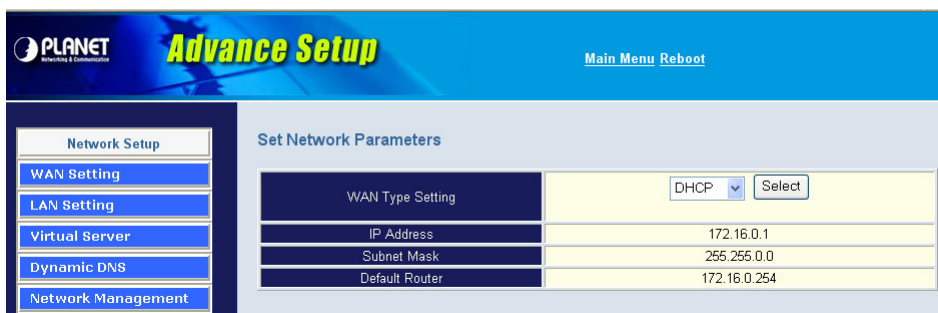
Enter the User Name and Password required by your ISP.

## DHCP Client (Dynamic IP): (get WAN IP address automatically)

**IP Address:** If you are connected to the Internet through a Cable modem line then a dynamic IP address will be assigned.

### Note

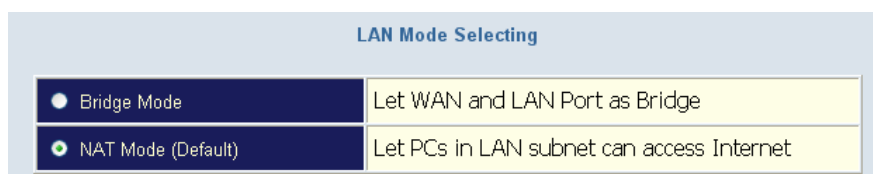
WAN port display the IP address, Subnet Mask and Default gateway IP address if DHCP client is successful



Set Network Parameters	
WAN Type Setting	DHCP Select
IP Address	172.16.0.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0
Default Router	172.16.0.254

## LAN Setting

There are two kinds of network feature to configure: **Bridge Mode** and **NAT Mode**



LAN Mode Selecting	
<input type="radio"/> Bridge Mode	Let WAN and LAN Port as Bridge
<input checked="" type="radio"/> NAT Mode (Default)	Let PCs in LAN subnet can access Internet

### **Bridge Mode:**

Select this Gateway as Bridge. (WAN Port and LAN Port use the same IP address)

### **NAT Mode:**

Each of the VoIP Gateway has two Ethernet interfaces, one is for connecting to local network users, and the other is for connecting to an external broadband device (i.e. DSL modem/router or Cable modem). The LAN port is connected to the local Ethernet network. WAN is connected to the external broadband device. The LAN IP address/netmask is for private users or NAT users, and the WAN IP address/netmask is for public users.

## LAN IP Network Configuration

**IP Address:** Private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.0.1).

**Subnet Mask:** Netmask for the local private network (Default: 255.255.255.0).

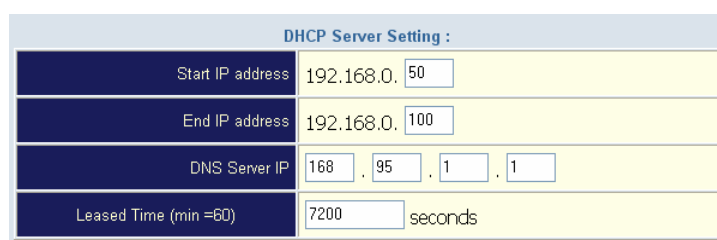


LAN IP Address Setting	
IP Address	192 . 168 . 0 . 1
IP Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable

## DHCP Server Configuration

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. It can automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. The DHCP server supports up to 253 users (PCs) on **Yes**: Enables the DHCP server. **No**: Disables the DHCP server.

<b>Start IP Address</b>	Sets the start IP address of the IP address pool.
<b>End IP Address</b>	Sets the end of IP address in the IP address pool.
<b>DNS Server IP Address</b>	DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host. must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the human friendly name into it's equivalent IP address.
<b>Primary IP Address</b>	Sets the IP address of the primary DNS server.
<b>Secondary IP Address</b>	Sets the IP address of the secondary DNS server.



The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "DHCP Server Setting :". It contains four rows of settings:

- Start IP address: 192.168.0.50
- End IP address: 192.168.0.100
- DNS Server IP: 168 . 95 . 1 . 1
- Leased Time (min =60): 7200 seconds

## Virtual Server

"Natural firewall" allows requests for Internet access from the local network. However, any request from the Internet to the local network is blocked. By setting the Virtual Server function, computers outside the Intranet are allowed to access specific ports of local client. The Virtual Server Port Table may be used to expose internal servers to the public domain or open a specific port number to internal hosts. Internet hosts can use the WAN IP address to access internal network services, such as FTP, WWW, and Telnet etc.

### How to set a Virtual Server

The following example shows how an internal FTP server is exposed to the public domain. The internal FTP server is running on the local host addressed as 192.168.0.100.



### Virtual Server Configuration:

Virtual Server Setting			
Remote Users can access services such as the Web or FTP at your local site via public IP addresses can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP addresses.			
	Private IP	Private Port	Public Port
1.	192.168.0. <input type="text" value="100"/>	<input type="text" value="21"/>	<input type="text" value="21"/>
2.	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3.	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
4.	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
5.	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
6.	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
7.	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
8.	192.168.0. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

<b>Public Port</b>	Specifies which port should be redirected to the internal host.
<b>Private IP</b>	Specifies the private IP address of the internal host offering the service.
<b>Private Port</b>	Specifies the private port number of the service offered by the internal host.
<b>Apply</b>	Click here to add the port-mapping entry and enable the service.

## Dynamic DNS

DDNS is a service that maps Internet domain names to IP addresses. DDNS serves a similar purpose to DNS: DDNS allows anyone hosting a Web or FTP server to advertise a public name to prospective users. Unlike DNS that only works with static IP addresses, DDNS works with dynamic IP addresses, such as those assigned by an ISP or other DHCP server. DDNS is popular with home network, who typically receive dynamic, frequently-changing IP addresses from their service provider. To use DDNS, one simply signs up with a provider and installs network software on their host to monitor its IP address.

**DDNS(Dynamic DNS) Service Configuration:**

**DDNS Service**

Dynamic DNS allows you to provide Internet users with a domain name (instead of an IP Address) to access your Virtual Servers.

Register for this FREE service at <http://members.dyndns.org/newacct>

**DDNS Data**

DDNS username	<input type="text"/>
DDNS password	<input type="password"/>
DDNS domain name	<input type="text"/>
DNS Server IP	<input type="text"/>
DDNS Status	<input type="checkbox"/>

<b>User Name</b>	Input your DDNS User Name
<b>Password</b>	Input your DDNS Password
<b>Domain Name</b>	Input you set from your DDNS
<b>DNS Server IP</b>	Input your DNS Server IP

## Network Management

Network Parameter allows you to modify the access port of gateway.

For example:

Setting HTTP port: 80

Setting TELNET port: 23

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Network Management

Access Service Configuration (HTTP Port and TELNET Port Configuration):

Access Port Service

Access Port Configuration allows you to modify the HTTP port or TELNET port for accessing VoIP gateway  
(Default Parameter : HTTP Port is 80 ; TELNET Port is 23)

HTTP Service Port	80	
Telnet Service Port	23	

## Advance Setup of VoIP Setup

In Advanced Setup, GW provides user two major parts function to configure:

One is “**Network Setup**”, the other one is “**VoIP Call Setup**”

VoIP Setup Label	
<b>VoIP Basic</b>	The S Series Gateway support 4 / 8 phone/line for SIP and H.323 VoIP call applications. You can configure these ports from this menu.
<b>Dialing Plan</b>	Users could apply any dial policy by setting Dial Plan including outgoing dial plan and incoming dial plan.
<b>Advanced Setting</b>	VoIP Gateway support for silence compression, DTMF Relay, Codec Selection, FAX mode Option, H323 Register Type and H.323 Fast-Start/Normal-Start function. FXO AC impedance, Volume Adjustment, RRQ TTL, RFC2833 Payload, IP TOS,..etc
<b>Hot Line Setting</b>	Let user can set up “hotline” to dial the phone number automatically.
<b>Port Status</b>	Display the telephone interface status

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**Network Setup**

- WAN Setting**: Set WAN port network parameters.
- LAN Setting**: Set LAN port network parameters.
- Virtual Server**: Set virtual server like WEB,FTP or E-MAIL server.
- Dynamic DNS**: Set DDNS server IP address.
- Network Management**: Set web server,telnet server port

**VoIP Setup**

- VoIP Basic**: Set VoIP basic parameters such as VoIP protocol selection, phone number.
- Dialing Plan**: Set outbound and inbound dial plan.
- Advance Setting**: Set advance parameters such as codec,voice volume

## VoIP Basic Configuration to H.323 protocol

VoIP Basic Configuration: (Configure the VoIP protocol to **H.323** Protocol)

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "VoIP Basic Configuration". At the top, "VoIP Protocol Setting" is set to "H.323" with a "Select" button. Below this, the "E.164 Number Setting (MAX 20 digit)" section contains a table with four rows, each for a port (Port 1 to Port 4). Each row has a dark blue header and a light yellow body with a text input field containing the word "none".

E.164 Number Setting (MAX 20 digit) :	
Port 1 E.164 Number	<input type="text" value="none"/>
Port 2 E.164 Number	<input type="text" value="none"/>
Port 3 E.164 Number	<input type="text" value="none"/>
Port 4 E.164 Number	<input type="text" value="none"/>

Configure the numbering with FXS / FXO ports. (Depending on model)

### FXS Number:

The representation number is the phone number of the telephone that is connected to FXS port.

### FXO Number:

FXO ports are connected to the extension ports of the PBX system or the PSTN line. They have a common Line Hunting Group Number. When this number is dialed, the Gateway system will find a free FXO line connected to PBX. This hunting will skip all busy lines and absent lines and find only the idle line to the PBX. After the available line is found, you can hear the dial tone from PBX. After that, you can dial the needed phone number out through PBX.

### Configure the ANI (Answer Number Indication) / Caller ID of the FXS/FXO ports.

ITSP needs ANI for authorization when gateway calls Off-Net call to PSTN number or mobile phone number.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "Caller ID / ANI Setting for Off-Net Call Setting (MAX 20 digit)". It contains a table with four rows, each for a port (Port 1 to Port 4). Each row has a dark blue header and a light yellow body with a text input field containing the word "none".

Caller ID / ANI Setting for Off-Net Call Setting (MAX 20 digit) :	
Port 1 Caller ID / ANI	<input type="text" value="none"/>
Port 2 Caller ID / ANI	<input type="text" value="none"/>
Port 3 Caller ID / ANI	<input type="text" value="none"/>
Port 4 Caller ID / ANI	<input type="text" value="none"/>

### Register to H.323 Gatekeeper

(If user does not have Gatekeeper, Please go to H.323 Dialing Plan Policy for more undrestaindngins)

H.323 Parameter Setting :	
H323 ID	<input type="text"/>
Primary GateKeeper IP address	<input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/>
Secondary GateKeeper IP address	<input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/>
Primary H.323 GateKeeper Domain Name	<input type="text"/>
Secondary H.323 GateKeeper Domain Name	<input type="text"/>
H.323 Gatekeeper ID	<input type="text"/>
Voice Caps Prefix	<input type="text"/>
RAS Port Adjustment	<input type="text" value="1719"/>
Q.931 Port Adjustment	<input type="text" value="1720"/>
H.323 Call Pass Through NAT Configuration :	
NAT Pass Method	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> Auto Pass <input type="radio"/> Manual(Need Key In Public IP) <input type="radio"/> STUN
Public IP Address	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>

H.323 Parameters Label	
<b>H.323 ID</b>	Sets the unique name of this Gateway, that is communicated as part of H.323 messaging.
<b>Primary Gatekeeper IP Address</b>	There are two gatekeeper address fields, one is primary, the other secondary. If this gateway does not want to register to any gatekeeper, just set value 0 to the primary gatekeeper address. If the primary gatekeeper address is not 0, the gateway will register to the primary gatekeeper. If the second gatekeeper is not 0, the gateway will try to register to the second gatekeeper when failed to register to primary gatekeeper, i.e. if both the primary gatekeeper and second gatekeeper
<b>Secondary Gatekeeper IP Address</b>	
<b>Primary Gatekeeper Domain Name</b>	Let user use Domain Name of H.323 Gatekeeper.
<b>Secondary Gatekeeper Domain Name</b>	
<b>H.323 Gatekeeper ID</b>	The Gatekeeper ID; usually do not need to set this field unless the gatekeeper must need this value.
<b>Voice Cap Prefix</b>	Let user set prefix number in RRQ nonstandard voicecap entry.
<b>RAS Port Adjustment</b>	In H.323 standard the RAS default port number is 1719. The VoIP gateway provides user to change RAS port number to meet the network environment.(Some area carrier blocks or forbidden the default port number)
<b>Q.931 Port Adjustment</b>	In H.323 standard the default Q.931 port number is 1720. The VoIP gateway provides user to change Q.931 port to meet the network environment. (Some area carrier blocks or forbidden the default port number)

H.323 Call Pass through NAT	
<b>H.323 ID</b>	Sets the unique name of this Gateway, that is communicated as part of H.323 messaging.
<b>H.323 Pass Through NAT method</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1. Disable :</b> The Gateway operates in public IP address</li> <li><b>2. Auto Detection:</b> When the Gateway register to GNU Gatekeeper, please select this option.</li> <li><b>3. Manual Setting:</b> When the Gateway registers to H.323 Gatekeeper and operate under NAT (enable DMZ), please select this option and key in IP address.</li> </ol>

### Dialing Plan to H.323 protocol

The “**Dialing plan**” needs setting when the user uses the method of Peer-to-Peer H.323 VoIP call or registering H.323 Gatekeeper Mode. The H.323 Dialing Plan has three kinds of directions: Outgoing (call out) and Incoming (call in) and PSTN route.

<b>Outgoing Dial Plan:</b>	Peer-to-Peer Call Mode: Effective Registering to H.323 Gatekeeper Mode: Effective
<b>Incoming Dial Plan</b>	Peer-to-Peer Call Mode: Effective Registering to H.323 Gatekeeper Mode: The leading number would <b>register</b> to H.323 Gatekeeper
<b>PSTN Route Dial Plan</b>	Peer-to-Peer Call Mode: The same as the Incoming Dial Plan Registering to H.323 Gatekeeper Mode: The leading number would <b>NOT register</b> to H.323 Gatekeeper

#### In the “Outgoing Dial Plan Configurations” settings: Maximum Entries : 50

“**Outbound number**” is the leading digits of the call out dialing number.

“**Length of Number**” has two text fields need filled: “Min Length” and “Max Length” is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

“**Delete Length**” is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

“**Add Digit Number**” is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

“**Destination IP Address / Domain Name**” is the IP address / Domain Name of the destination Gateway that owns this phone number.

Outgoing Dial Plan:(Maximum 50 entries,Maximum length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximum length of number is 20 digit)

Item	Outgoing no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add digit no.	Destination IP/DNS	Operation
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<b>ADD</b>
<b>DELETE</b> Outbound Dial Plan		From <input type="text"/> To <input type="text"/>				

### Example1: Normally Dial

001x leading call out, call to Destination IP address: 172.16.0.100

002x leading call out, call to Destination Domain Name: h323gw.test.com

Outgoing Dial Plan:(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit)

Item	Outgoing no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add digit no.	Destination IP/DNS	Operation
1	001x	4 ~ 20	0	None	172.16.0.100	
2	002x	4 ~ 20	0	None	h323gw.test.com	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	ADD

DELETE Outbound Dial Plan From  To

### Example2: Speed Dial

If user dial "101",

Gateway automatically dials "1234567890" to Destination IP address: 172.16.0.101

If user dial "202"

Gateway automatically dials "0987654321" to Destination IP address: 172.16.0.202

Outgoing Dial Plan:(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit)

Item	Outgoing no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add digit no.	Destination IP/DNS	Operation
1	101	3 ~ 3	3	1234567890	172.16.0.101	
2	202	3 ~ 3	3	0987654321	172.16.0.202	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	ADD

DELETE Outbound Dial Plan From  To

### In the "Incoming Dial Plan Configurations" settings: Maximum Entries : 50

"Inbound number" is the leading digits of the dialing number.

"Length of Number" has two text fields need filled: "Min Length" and "Max Length" is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

"Delete Length" is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

"Add Digit Number" is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

"Destination Tele port" is "Tel-port"; this is for local dial plan setting phone number.

### Example1: Hunting for FXS Port

Port 1: FXS

Port 2: FXS

Port 3: FXS

Port 4: FXS

H.323 number "123" call incoming, Port 1 will be ringing.

If Port 1 is busy, Port will be ringing.

If Port 1 and 2 are busy, Port 3 will be ringing.

If Port 1, Port 2 and Port 3 are busy, Port 4 will be ringing.

Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Register to GK	Operation
1	123	3~3	0	None	1,2,3,4	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADD

DELETE Inbound Dial Plan From  To

**Note:** “123” will be register to H.323 Gatekeeper if “Register to GK” was enabled, show as below:

Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Register to GK	Operation
1	123	3~3	3	None	1,2,3,4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADD

DELETE Inbound Dial Plan From  To

### Example2: Hunting for FXO Port

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 2: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 3: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 4: FXO was connected to PSTN.

H.323 number “123” call incoming, Port 1 will be off-hook and hear the Dial Tone from PSTN.

If Port 1 is busy, Port will be will be off-hook and hear the Dial Tone from PSTN.

If Port 1 and 2 are busy, Port 3 will be off-hook and hear the Dial Tone from PSTN.

If Port 1, Port 2 and Port 3 are busy, Port 4 will be off-hook and hear the Dial Tone from PSTN.

Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Register to GK	Operation
1	123	3~3	0	None	1,2,3,4	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADD

DELETE Inbound Dial Plan From  To

**Note:** “123” will be register to H.323 Gatekeeper if “Register to GK” was enabled, show as below:



Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Register to GK	Operation
1	123	3 ~ 3	3	None	1,2,3,4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADD

DELETED Inbound Dial Plan From  To

### Example3: Termination Call to FXO for One-Shoot Call

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN (area code is 81xxxxxxx).

H.323 leading number "081x" incoming, and delete the first one digit "0", and call to PSTN number.

Note: "081x" will be registered to H.323 Gatekeeper if "Register to GK" was enabled, show as below:

Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Register to GK	Operation
1	081x	4 ~ 20	1	None	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADD

DELETED Inbound Dial Plan From  To

### Example4: Termination Call to FXO

Port 1: FXS

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN (area code is 92xxxxxxx).

Port 1 FXS call to "092x" to PSTN, FXO port will delete the first one digit "0" and call to PSTN number.

Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Register to GK	Operation
1	092x	4 ~ 20	1	None	2	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADD

DELETED Inbound Dial Plan From  To

(Note: "092x" will be NOT register to H.323 Gatekeeper when Gateway when Registering H.323 Gatekeeper Mode)

## Advance Setting to H.323 protocol

In Advanced Setting , GW provides user three major parts function to configure:

One is “**VoIP Advance**”, the other one is “**Telephone Advance**” and “**Network Advance**”

**Advance Setting**

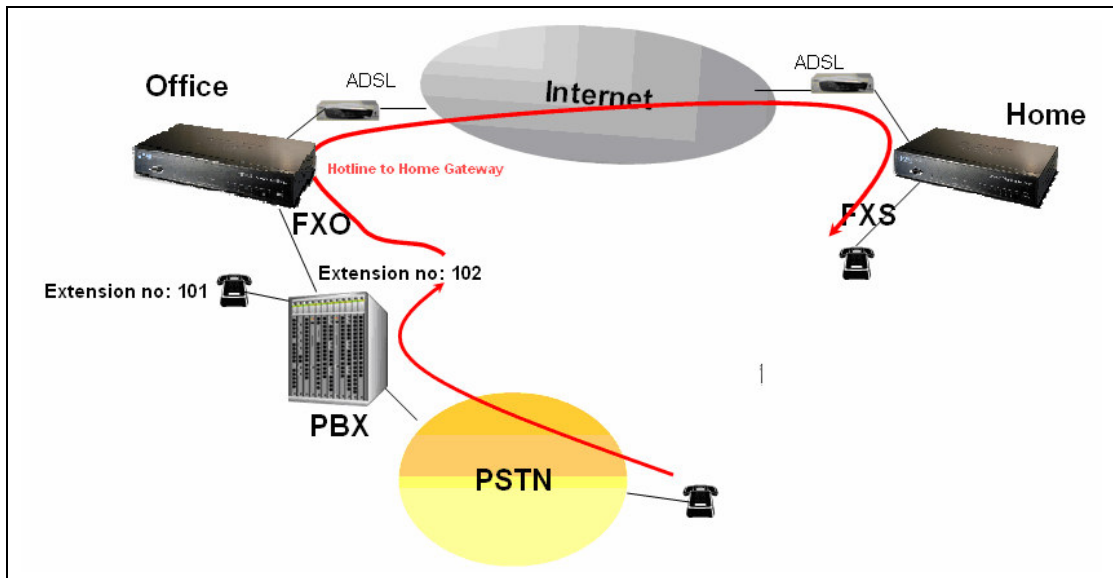
Advance Setting Select VoIP Advance Select

DTMF Relay for H.323	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Outband (by H.245) <input type="radio"/> Inband (by RTP)
H.323 Mode	<input type="radio"/> Normal-Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Fast-Start
H.323 H245 tunneling	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
FAX Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> T.30 <input type="radio"/> T.38
	T38UDP Low Speed Redundancy Level <span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;">5</span>
	T38UDP High Speed Redundancy Level <span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;">0</span>
H.323 Registration Type	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Gateway <input type="radio"/> Terminal
H.323 RRQ TTL	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;">0</span> seconds
GK RRQ Polling Period	<span style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px;">120</span> seconds
H.323 Autoanswer	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
MAC Authentication	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
H.245 Fast Capability Exchange	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Watchdog	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable

H.323 VoIP Advance Configuration	
<b>Smart-QoS</b>	If this function is enabled, when VoIP call is occurred, the other data will be automatically reduced traffic which across the internet in order to guarantee the voice bandwidth.
<b>DTMF Relay for H.323</b>	After the VoIP call is connected, when you dial a digit, this digit is sent to the other side by DTMF tone. There are two methods of sending the DTMF tone. The first is “in band”, that is, sending the DTMF tone in the voice packet. The other is “out band”, that is, sending the DTMF tone as a signal. Sending DTMF tone as a signal could tolerate more packet loss caused by the network. If this selection is enabled, the DTMF tone will be sent as a signal.
<b>H.323 Start Mode</b>	This selection could force the Gateway to use normal start mode (default mode) or fast start mode when establishing a VoIP call. Many other gateways only support normal start mode, enable this selection when it is necessary. The default is disabled (using fast start mode).
<b>H.323 H.245 Tunneling</b>	This selection could force the Gateway to use normal start mode (default mode) or fast start mode when establishing a VoIP call. Many other gateways only support normal start mode, enable this selection when it is necessary. The default is disabled (using fast start mode).

<b>FAX Mode Option</b>	T.30/T.38 real-time FAX compliant Voice/FAX auto-switch. The T.38 is a “Real Time Group 3 Fax Communication over IP network” format. That’s meaning it’s a protocol for Fax over IP. You have to enable this function.
<b>H.323 RRQ TTL</b>	This command configures the number of seconds that the gateway should be considered active by the H.323 gatekeeper. The gateway transmits this value in the RRQ message to the gatekeeper. The default value is “0”.
<b>H.323 Registration type</b>	There are 2 choices for this setting. “Gateway” means it will act as the VoIP gateway. “Terminal” means it will act as the IP phone terminal.

<b>H.323 Telephone Advance Configuration</b>	
<b>Silence Compression</b>	If this function is enabled, when silence is occurred for a period of time, no data will be sent across the network during this period in order to save bandwidth.
<b>Dial Complete Tone</b>	Disable / Enable dialing complete tone.
<b>Voice Codec option</b>	The Codec is used to compress the voice signal into data packets. Each Codec has different bandwidth requirement. There are four kinds of Codec, G.723, G.729AB, G.711_u and G.711_A. The default value is G.723.
<b>FXS Impedance</b>	The FXS provides 600/900 OHM impedances for selection.
<b>FXO AC Impedance</b>	The FXO provides wild and complex ac termination impedances for selection.
<b>Phone (Line) in/out volume</b>	You can adjust the Phone (Line) in/out volume, range from -9db to 9db.
<b>FXO Tx/Rx Gain</b>	You can adjust the FXO Tx/Rx Gain , range from -6db to 6db.
<b>UK PSTN release tone detection</b>	When you use the Gateway to UK, you can Enable this selection to detection release tone.
<p><b>Scenario : Flash detection and generation duration</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. PSTN Call from PSTN to Office PBX and dial the extension 102 go to Gateway.</li> <li>2. Call to Gateway of Home by Hotline.</li> <li>3. Home user needs call transfer to extension number 101.</li> <li>4. Dial Flash and Gateway FXS detect and generate the Flash to PBX in Office.</li> </ol> <p>Flash Detection: Let you change flash detection (milliseconds) of Gateway when phone generate flash to FXS.</p> <p>Flash Generation: Let you change flash generation time (milliseconds) for PBX detection.</p>	



<b>Ring Frequency</b>	You can configure how long the Ring Frequency do you want to use.
<b>FXO Battery Reverse</b>	Enable battery reverse to detect polarity from PSTN line. The PSTN line can send H.323 case: Sending the Q.931 connect signal to caller when detecting polarity reverse from PSTN Line.
<b>FXO Answer Mode</b>	<p>When user calls the PSTN line which was connected with the FXO port, there are three answer mode for user to configure.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>Ringing Answer Mode</b> (Default Setting): FXO answer the call once the ring coming from PSTN line.</li> <li>2. <b>Connecting Answer Mode:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Case A:</b> "Hot Line Number" was NOT assigned in the FXO port. FXO answer the call once the ring comes from PSTN line.</li> <li><b>Case B:</b> "Hot Line Number" was assigned and the Hot line number belongs to remote VoIP device. In this case, FXO port will not answer (off-hook) the PSTN till the user picks up the call. <b>(Note:</b> This case can avoid charging for the Local PSTN call when the remoting VoIP devic still ring.)</li> <li><b>Case C:</b> "Hot Line Number" was setting and the Hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same Gateway. FXO port will not answer (off-hook) till the Phone (connected to the FXS port) was picked up by user. <b>(Note:</b> This case can avoid the Local PSTN charge when the FXS port still ring.)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

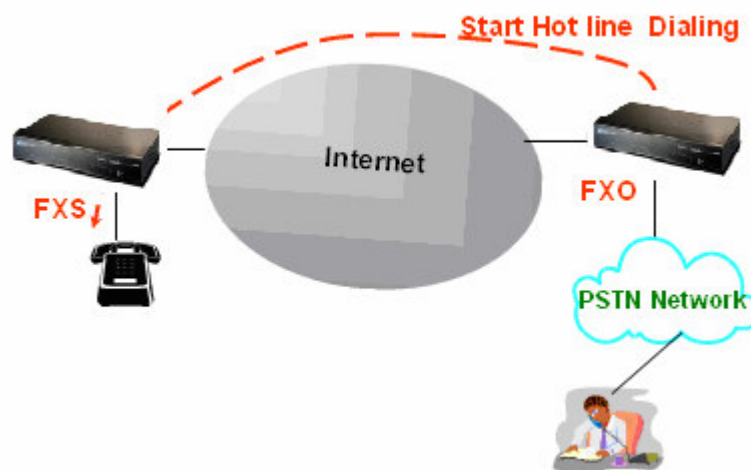
3. **Non Answer Mode:** FXO will NOT answer the call in any time.  
(**Note:** Some ITSP only let the FXO for termination function, they do not user use the FXO port for origination)

### H.323 Call Connecting Answer Mode

**Case B:** Hot Line Number” was assigned and the Hot line number belongs to remote H.323 device.

(**Note:** The remote H.323 device need Disable the “Auto Answer”)

1. When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to remote H.323 gateway
2. The phone of remote H.323 gateway start ring.
3. When the phone was picked up, the remote H.323 Gateway send “Q.931 connects” signal to FXO port.
4. Once FXO port receives the “Q.931 connects” signal, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



**Case C:** “Hot Line Number” was setting and the Hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same Gateway.

When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to FXS port.

The phone start ring.

Once the phone was picked up, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



**Advance Setting**

Advance Setting Select: Network Advance [Select]

Smart QoS	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Bandwidth Control	Downstream <input type="text" value="512"/> Kbps
	Upstream <input type="text" value="64"/> Kbps
G.723 Bandwidth	<input type="radio"/> 18kbps <input checked="" type="radio"/> 12kbps <input type="radio"/> 10kbps <input type="radio"/> 8kbps
G.729 Bandwidth	<input type="radio"/> 40kbps <input type="radio"/> 24kbps <input type="radio"/> 19kbps <input type="radio"/> 16kbps <input type="radio"/> 15kbps <input checked="" type="radio"/> 14kbps
IP TOS	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

H.323 Network Advance Configuration	
<b>Smart-QoS</b>	If this function is enabled, when VoIP call is occurred, the other data will be automatically reduced traffic which across the internet in order to guarantee the voice bandwidth.
<b>Bandwidth control</b>	You can configure your bandwidth what the Max byte of download and upload of ADSL modem rate.
<b>G.723/G.729 Bandwidth</b>	
<b>IP TOS</b>	Enable / Disable Type of Service in IP packets.

## VoIP Basic Configuration to SIP Protocol

Select "SIP Protocol"

**SIP number (username) and Password Setting:** Please fill out the SIP account including username / password from ITSP.

(Note: now only support digits type for SIP number / username)

**VoIP Basic Configuration**

VoIP Protocol Setting SIP

Port Number / Password Setting(MAX 20 digit) :

No.	Number	Account	Password
1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
4	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**SIP Hunting Table:** This allows gateway can answer SIP call from internet by Hunting. For example: Port 1 and Port 2 is hunting for the Port 1 SIP account. Then when port 1 are on call, the other one SIP call from internet will ring port 2.

**SIP Hunting Table :**

No.	Hunting Member
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Port 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 4
2	<input type="checkbox"/> Port 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Port 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 4
3	<input type="checkbox"/> Port 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Port 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 4
4	<input type="checkbox"/> Port 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Port 3 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Port 4

**SIP Proxy Setting :**

Domain/Realm	<input type="text"/>
SIP Proxy Server	0.0.0.0/0 <input type="checkbox"/> use net2phone
Register Interval(seconds)	900
SIP Authentication	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Outbound Proxy Server	0.0.0.0/0

SIP Proxy Server Setting	
<b>SIP Proxy Server Setting</b>	Enter the SIP service IP address or domain name in this field (the domain name that comes after the @ symbol in a full SIP URI). Use Net2Phone Service Provider
<b>SIP Domain</b>	Enter the SIP realm in this field
<b>Register Interval Setting</b>	This field sets how long an entry remains registered with the SIP register server. The register server can use a different time period. The Gateway sends another registration request after half of this configured time period has expired.
<b>SIP Authentication</b>	Enable or Disable MD5 Authentication with SIP Proxy Server.
<b>Outbound Proxy Support</b>	The Outbound Proxy method is just very like the Proxy server built-in NAT pass-through solution, except that the packets need to pass through the Outbound proxy server.

SIP Proxy Setting :	
Domain/Realm	<input type="text"/>
SIP Proxy Server	0.0.0.0/0 <input type="checkbox"/> use net2phone
Register Interval(seconds)	900
SIP Authentication	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable
Outbound Proxy Server	0.0.0.0/0

## SIP NAT Traversal Method

NAT Traversal Method: STUN Client / Symmetric RTP

NAT Pass Setting:	
NAT Pass Method	<input type="radio"/> STUN <input checked="" type="radio"/> Symmetric RTP
STUN Server address	64.69.76.21
STUN Server port	3478

## Dialing Plan to SIP protocol

The “**Dialing plan**” needs setting when the user uses the method of Peer-to-Peer SIP VoIP call or registering SIP Proxy Server Mode. The SIP Dialing Plan has two kinds of directions: Outgoing (call out) and Incoming (call in).

<b>Outgoing Dial Plan:</b>	Peer-to-Peer Call Mode: Effective Registering to SIP Proxy Server Mode: Effective
<b>Incoming Dial Plan</b>	Peer-to-Peer Call Mode: Effective Registering to SIP Proxy Server Mode: The leading number would <b>register</b> to SIP Proxy Server
<b>PSTN Route Dial Plan</b>	Peer-to-Peer Call Mode: The same as the Incoming Dial Plan Registering to SIP Proxy Server Mode: The leading number would <b>NOT register</b> to SIP Proxy Server

### In the “Outgoing Dial Plan Configurations” settings: Maximum Entries: 50

“**Outbound number**” is the leading digits of the call out dialing number.

“**Length of Number**” has two text fields need filled: “Min Length” and “Max Length” is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

“**Delete Length**” is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

“**Add Digit Number**” is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

“**Destination IP Address / Domain Name**” is the IP address / Domain Name of the destination Gateway that owns this phone number.



Outgoing Dial Plan:(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit)

Item	Outgoing no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add digit no.	Destination IP/DNS	Destination Port	Operation
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	ADD

DELETE Outbound Dial Plan From  To

### Example1: Normally Dial

2290x leading call out, call to Destination Domain Name: sipgw.test.com

221 leading call out, call to Destination IP Address: 172.16.0.100

Outgoing Dial Plan:(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit)

Item	Outgoing no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add digit no.	Destination IP/DNS	Destination Port	Operation
1	2209x	5 ~ 20	0	None	sipgw.test.com	5060	
2	221	3 ~ 3	0	None	172.16.0.100	5060	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	ADD

DELETE Outbound Dial Plan From  To

### Example2: Speed Dial

If user dial "101",

Gateway automatically dials "1234567890" to Destination IP address: 172.16.0.101

If user dial "202"

Gateway automatically dials "0987654321" to Destination IP address: 172.16.0.202

Outgoing Dial Plan:(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit)

Item	Outgoing no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add digit no.	Destination IP/DNS	Destination Port	Operation
1	101	3 ~ 3	3	1234567890	172.16.0.101	5060	
2	202	3 ~ 3	3	0987654321	172.16.0.202	5060	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	ADD

DELETE Outbound Dial Plan From  To

### In the "Incoming Dial Plan Configurations" settings: Maximum Entries: 50

"Inbound number" is the leading digits of the dialing number.

"Length of Number" has two text fields need filled: "Min Length" and "Max Length" is the min/max allowed length you can dial.

"Delete Length" is the number of digits that will be stripped from beginning of the dialed number.

"Add Digit Number" is the digits that will be added to the beginning of the dialed number.

"Destination Tele port" is "Tel-port"; this is for local dial plan setting phone number.

### Example1: Hunting for FXS Port

Port 1: FXS

Port 2: FXS

Port 3: FXS

Port 4: FXS

H.323 number "123" call incoming, Port 1 will be ringing.

If Port 1 is busy, Port will be ringing.

If Port 1 and 2 are busy, Port 3 will be ringing.

If Port 1, Port 2 and Port 3 are busy, Port 4 will be ringing.

Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Operation
1	123	3 ~ 3	3	None	1,2,3,4	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	ADD

Inbound Dial Plan From  To

(Note: "123" will be **NOT** register to SIP Proxy Server when Gateway is Registering SIP Proxy Server Mode)

### Example2: Hunting for FXO Port

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 2: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 3: FXO was connected to PSTN.

Port 4: FXO was connected to PSTN.

H.323 number "123" call incoming, Port 1 will be off-hook and hear the Dial Tone from PSTN.

If Port 1 is busy, Port will be will be off-hook and hear the Dial Tone from PSTN.

If Port 1 and 2 are busy, Port 3 will be off-hook and hear the Dial Tone from PSTN.

If Port 1, Port 2 and Port 3 are busy, Port 4 will be off-hook and hear the Dial Tone from PSTN.

Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Operation
1	123	3 ~ 3	3	None	1,2,3,4	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	ADD

Inbound Dial Plan From  To

(Note: "123" will be **NOT** register to SIP Proxy Server when Gateway is Registering SIP Proxy Server Mode)

### Example3: Termination Call to FXO for One-Shoot Call

Port 1: FXO was connected to PSTN (area code is 81xxxxxxx).

H.323 leading number "081x" incoming, and delete the first one digit "0", and call to PSTN number.

Incoming Dial Plan(Maximun 50 entries,Maximun length of Prefix Digits is 16 digit,Maximun length of number is 20 digit):

Item	Incoming no.	Length of Number	Delete Len	Add Digit no.	Destination tele port	Operation
1	081x	4 ~ 20	1	None	1	
	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	ADD

DELETED Inbound Dial Plan From  To

(Note: "081x" will be **NOT** register to SIP Proxy Server when Gateway is Registering SIP Proxy Server Mode)

## Advance Setting to SIP protocol

In Advanced Setting , GW provides user three major parts function to configure:

One is "**VoIP Advance**", the other one is "**Telephone Advance**" and "**Network Advance**"

**Advance Setting**

Advance Setting Select: VoIP Advance

DTMF Relay for SIP	<input type="radio"/> Inband <input checked="" type="radio"/> RFC2833 <input type="radio"/> SIP Info
RFC2833 Payload	<input type="text" value="101"/> (from 96 to 127)
FAX Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> T.30 <input type="radio"/> T.38 T38UDP Low Speed Redundancy Level: <input type="text" value="5"/> T38UDP High Speed Redundancy Level: <input type="text" value="0"/>
Watchdog	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable

SIP VoIP Advance Configurtion	
<b>DTMF Method for SIP</b>	After the VoIP call is connected, when you dial a digit, this digit is sent to the other side by DTMF tone. There are three methods of sending the DTMF tone. The first one is "in band", that is, sending the DTMF tone in the voice packet. The second one is "RFC2833", that is, sending the DTMF tone as a RTP payload signal. The third one is "SIP Info", that is, sending the DTMF tone as a SIP signal. Sending DTMF tone as a signal could tolerate more packet loss caused by the network. If this selection is enabled, the DTMF tone will be sent as a signal.
<b>FAX Mode Option</b>	T.30/T.38 real-time FAX compliant Voice/FAX auto-switch. The T.38 is a "Real Time Group 3 Fax Communication over IP network" format. That's meaning it's a protocol for Fax over IP. You have to enable this function.

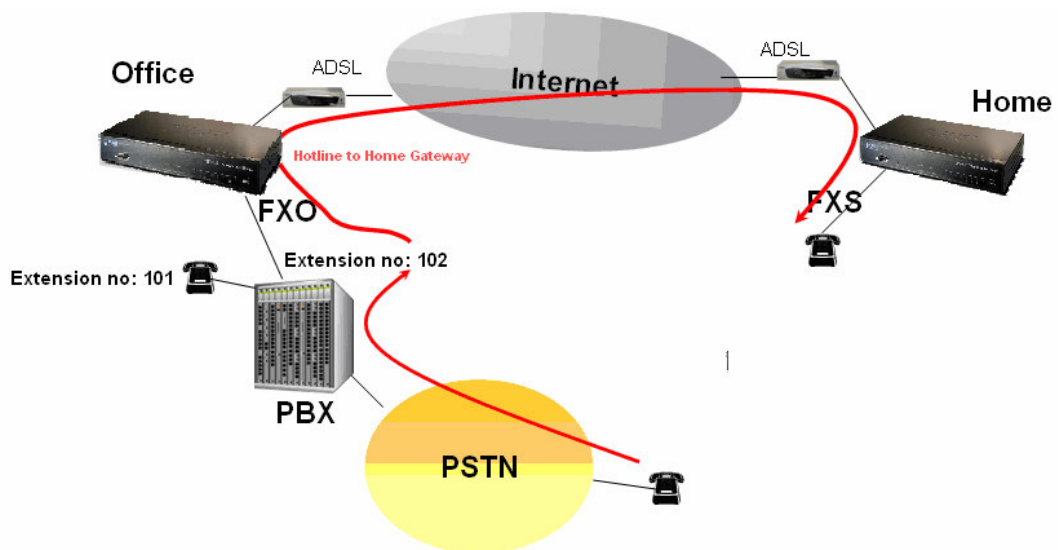
SIP Telephone Advance Configuration	
<b>Silence Compression</b>	If this function is enabled, when silence is occurred for a period of time, no data will be sent across the network during this period in order to save bandwidth.
<b>Dial Complete Tone</b>	Disable / Enable dialing complete tone.
<b>Voice Codec option</b>	The Codec is used to compress the voice signal into data packets. Each Codec has different bandwidth requirement. There are four kinds of Codec, G.723, G.729AB, G.711_u and G.711_A. The default value is G.723.
<b>FXS Impedance</b>	The FXS provides 600/900 OHM impedances for selection.
<b>FXO AC Impedance</b>	The FXO provides wild and complex ac termination impedances for selection.
<b>Phone (Line) in/out volume</b>	You can adjust the Phone (Line) in/out volume, range from -9db to 9db.
<b>FXO Tx/Rx Gain</b>	You can adjust the FXO Tx/Rx Gain , range from -6db to 6db.
<b>UK PSTN release tone detection</b>	When you use the Gateway to UK, you can Enable this selection to detection release tone.

**Scenario : Flash detection and generation duration**

5. PSTN Call from PSTN to Office PBX and dial the extension 102 go to Gateway.
6. Call to Gateway of Home by Hotline.
7. Home user needs call transfer to extension number 101.
8. Dial Flash and Gateway FXS detect and generate the Flash to PBX in Office.

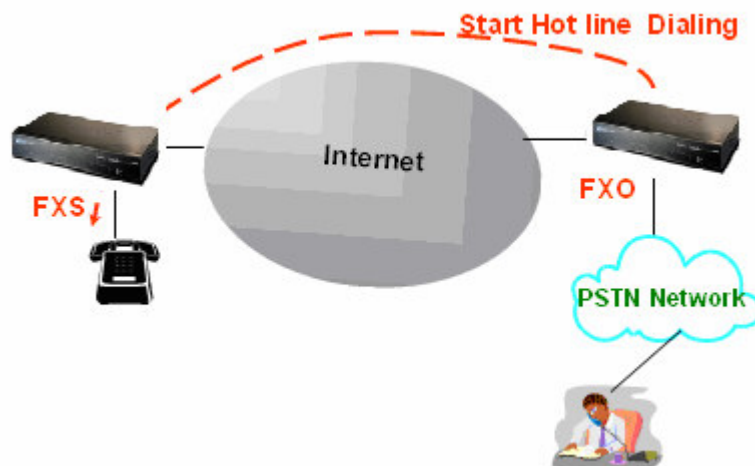
Flash Detection: Let you change flash detection (milliseconds) of Gateway when phone generate flash to FXS.

Flash Generation: Let you change flash generation time (milliseconds) for PBX detection.



<b>Ring Frequency</b>	You can configure how long the Ring Frequency do you want to use.
<b>FXO Battery Reverse</b>	Enable battery reverse to detect polarity from PSTN line. The PSTN line can send SIP case: Sending the 200 OK connect signal to caller when detecting polarity reverse from PSTN Line.
<b>FXO Answer Mode</b>	<p>When user calls the PSTN line which was connected with the FXO port, there are three answer mode for user to configure.</p> <p>4. <b>Ring Answer Mode</b> (Default Setting): FXO answer the call once the ring coming from PSTN line.</p> <p>5. <b>Connecting Answer Mode:</b></p> <p><b>Case A:</b> “Hot Line Number” was NOT assigned in the FXO port. FXO answer the call once the ring comes from PSTN line.</p> <p><b>Case B:</b> “Hot Line Number” was assigned and the Hot line number belongs to remote VoIP device. In this case, FXO port will not answer (off-hook) the PSTN till the user picks up the call. (<b>Note:</b> This case can avoid charging for the Local PSTN call when the remoting VoIP device still ring.)</p> <p><b>Case C:</b> “Hot Line Number” was setting and the Hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same Gateway. FXO port will not answer (off-hook) till the Phone (connected to the FXS port) was picked up by user. (<b>Note:</b> This case can avoid the Local PSTN charge when the FXS port still ring.)</p> <p>6. <b>Non Answer Mode:</b> FXO will NOT answer the call in any time. (<b>Note:</b> Some ITSP only let the FXO for termination function, they do not user use the FXO port for origination)</p>
<p><b>SIP Call Connecting Answer Mode</b></p> <p><b>Case B:</b> Hot Line Number” was assigned and the Hot line number belongs to SIP device.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to remote SIP gateway</li> <li>2. The phone of remote SIP gateway start ring.</li> <li>3. When the phone was picked up, the remote SIP Gateway sends “SIP 200 OK” signal to FXO port.</li> </ol>	

- Once FXO port receives the "SIP 200 OK" signal, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



**Case C:** "Hot Line Number" was setting and the Hot line number was assigned to another FXS port in same Gateway.

- When the call com from PSTN to FXO, FXO start the Hot line dialing to FXS port.
- The phone start ring.
- Once the phone was picked up, FXO port would off-hook to answer the PSTN call.



**Advance Setting**

Advance Setting Select Network Advance Select

Smart QOS	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
Bandwidth Control	Downstream <input type="text" value="512"/> Kbps
	Upstream <input type="text" value="64"/> Kbps
G.723 Bandwidth	<input type="radio"/> 18kbps <input checked="" type="radio"/> 12kbps <input type="radio"/> 10kbps <input type="radio"/> 8kbps
G.729 Bandwidth	<input type="radio"/> 40kbps <input type="radio"/> 24kbps <input type="radio"/> 19kbps <input type="radio"/> 16kbps <input type="radio"/> 15kbps <input checked="" type="radio"/> 14kbps
IP TOS	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

SIP Network Advance Configuration	
<b>Smart-QoS</b>	If this function is enabled, when VoIP call is occurred, the other data will be automatically reduced traffic which across the internet in order to guarantee the voice bandwidth.
<b>Bandwidth control</b>	You can configure your bandwidth what the Max byte of download and upload of ADSL modem rate.
<b>G.723/G.729 Bandwidth</b>	
<b>IP TOS</b>	Enable / Disable Type of Service in IP packets.

## Port Status

**Port Status Display:** This selection will display concurrent call status of this Gateway. The status information of each voice channel includes codec, dialing number and destination IP address. The status is refreshed every 3 seconds.

The screenshot shows the Planet Advance Setup web interface. On the left is a navigation menu with options: Network Setup, WAN Setting, LAN Setting, Virtual Server, Dynamic DNS, and Network Management. The main content area is titled 'Port Status:' and contains a table with the following data:

Port No.	Type	Status	Codec	Direction	Dial No.	Caller No.	Dest/Source	IN	OUT	Duration
1	FXS	onhook	none	none	none	none	none	1	7	0
2	FXS	onhook	none	none	none	none	none	0	0	0
3	FXS	onhook	none	none	none	none	none	0	0	0
4	FXO	onhook	none	none	none	none	none	0	0	0

# Chapter 5 System Administrations

## Management

Management Label	
<b>Save Configuration</b>	You can save configuration and restart the gateway with the default configuration or with the current running configuration.
<b>Access Control</b>	Users can Sets/changes the administrator password...
<b>Set to Default</b>	You can restart the gateway with the default configuration.
<b>Backup/Restore Configuration</b>	User can backup the configuration file of Gateway to PC or Restore the configuration file from PC.
<b>System Information</b>	Display Software version, WAN Type, VoIP Status, VoIP Codec, Phone Interface and System Tim.
<b>SNTP Setting</b>	SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) Configuration for synchronizing gateway clocks in the global Internet.
<b>Syslog Setting</b>	Gateway can sends log information to Syslog Server by UDP ports 514.
<b>Capture Packets</b>	The gateway supports packets capture and save the packets to your PC.



**PLANET** *Network & Communication* **System Administration** [Main Menu](#) [Reboot](#)

**Management**

- Save Configuration
- Access Control
- Set to default
- Backup/Restore Configuration File
- System Information
- SNTP Setting
- Syslog setting
- Capture packet

**System Administration**

**Save Configuration:**  
Save current system configuration.

**Access Control:**  
Set system administrator username and password.

**Set to Default:**  
Set to default configuration.

**Backup/Restore Configuration file:**  
Backup current configuration to PC/Restore system configuration from PC backup file.

**System Information:**  
Display current system information.

**SNTP Setting:**  
SNTP parameter setting.

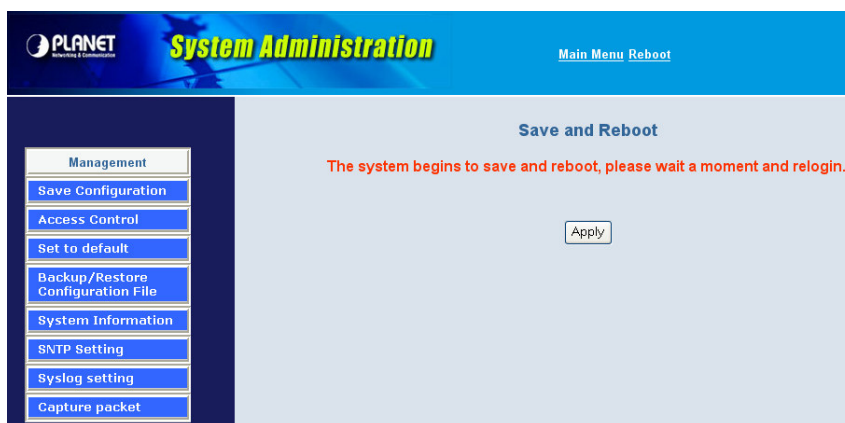
**Syslog Setting:**  
Syslog parameter setting.

**Capture packet:**  
The gateway supports packets capture and save the packets to your PC.

## Save Configuration

This page allows you to click “**Save Configuration and Reboot**” to save configuration and begin to restart.





## Access Control

### Changing the Administrator/Guest Password

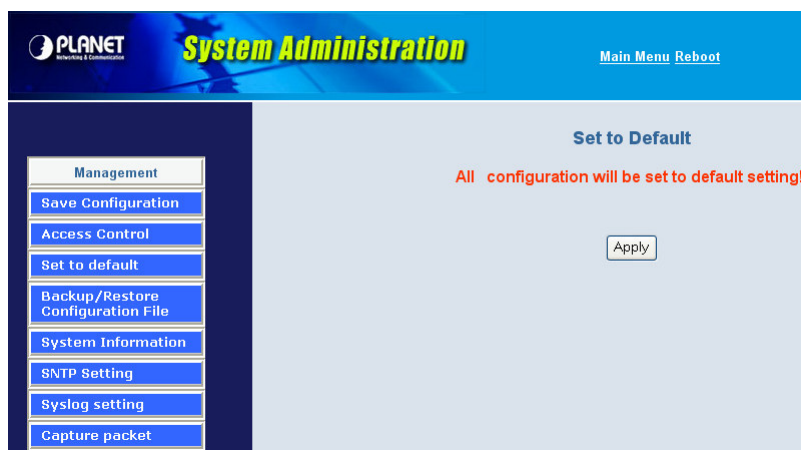
For security reasons, we strongly recommend that you set an administrator/password for the router. On first setup the router requires no password. If you don't set a password the router is open and can be logged into and settings changed by any user from the local network or the Internet.

Click **Access Control Setup**, the following screen will open.

Administrator Username and Password		
Username		admin
Password		•••
Confirm Password		•••
Guest Username and Password		
Username		guest
Password		•••••
Confirm Password		•••••

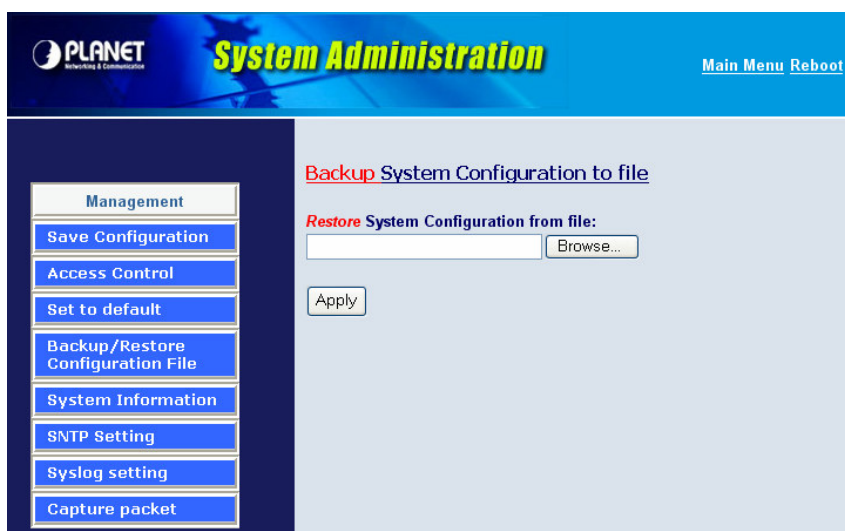
## Set To Default Configuration

If you want to reboot the router using **factory default configuration**, click "**Apply**" then reset the router' s settings to default values.



## Backup/Restore Configuration to a File

User can backup the configuration to a File at Microsoft Operation System. And also restore the configuration file to the GW from PC.



## System Information Display Function

Click **System Information Display** to open the Online Status page. In the example, on the following page, both PPPoE connections is up on the WAN interface, H323/SIP Status, MAC address, Register Status., etc.

**System Information :**

Software Version	2.8.2L
WAN Type	Fixed IP
WAN MAC Address	00304F112233
LAN MAC Address	00304F556677
VoIP Status	SIP Direct Mode
VoIP Codec	G723.1
Phone Interface	2FXS+2FXO
Current system time	2006/9/6 09:22:57

## SNTP Setting Function

Click **SNTP setting** to open the Online Status page. In the example, on the following page,

The screenshot shows the PLANET System Administration web interface. The top navigation bar includes the PLANET logo, the title "System Administration", and links for "Main Menu" and "Reboot". A left sidebar menu lists various management functions: "Management", "Save Configuration", "Access Control", "Set to default", "Backup/Restore Configuration File", "System Information", "SNTP Setting", "Syslog setting", and "Capture packet". The main content area is titled "Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) : To synchronize Gateway clocks in the Internet". It features a "Management" section with "Enable" (selected) and "Disable" radio buttons. Below this are three input fields for "NTP Server1 IP", "NTP Server2 IP", and "NTP Server3 IP". A "Time Zone Selecting" dropdown menu is set to "(GMT +08:00) Taipei" with a "Select" button. An "Apply" button is located at the bottom right of the configuration area.

Use SNTP Setting— when checked, Gateway uses a Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) to set the date and time. The Gateway synchronizes the Gateway's time after you select the time zone. Use SNTP Setting; Select the time zone which Gateway was at.


## Syslog setting

Use Syslog server to record your Gateway log file. You can set you syslog server IP address for this function.

The screenshot shows the PLANET System Administration web interface. The top navigation bar includes the PLANET logo, the title "System Administration", and links for "Main Menu" and "Reboot". A left sidebar menu lists various management functions: "Management", "Save Configuration", "Access Control", "Set to default", "Backup/Restore Configuration File", "System Information", "SNTP Setting", "Syslog setting", and "Capture packet". The main content area is titled "Syslog Server Configuration:". It features a "Syslog Server Setting" section with a text box explaining that Syslog is a method to collect messages from devices to a server running a syslog daemon, and that VoIP Gateway devices can send their log messages to a SYSLOG service. Below this is a "Syslog Server Data" section with two rows of input fields: "Syslog Server IP address" (set to 0.0.0.0) and "Syslog Server Port" (set to 514). An "Apply" button is located at the bottom right of the configuration area.

## Capture packetets Function

Use "Capturer Packets" to record Gateway packets. You can start and stop the capture then save the file to PC. Use the Ethereal Tool ([www.ethereal.com](http://www.ethereal.com)) to analyze the packets.



The screenshot displays the PLANET System Administration web interface. The top navigation bar includes the PLANET logo, the title "System Administration", and links for "Main Menu" and "Reboot". A left-hand menu lists various management functions, with "Capture packet" selected. The main content area contains a descriptive paragraph about generating PCAP files, a "Start" and "Stop" button, and a link to save the current PCAP trace.

**PLANET** Networking & Communications **System Administration** [Main Menu](#) [Reboot](#)

**Management**

- Save Configuration
- Access Control
- Set to default
- Backup/Restore Configuration File
- System Information
- SNTIP Setting
- Syslog setting
- Capture packet

To troubleshoot what is going on on the network level, you can generate PCAP files on this page. These files can be read with Ethereal network tool. Press the start button to start recording, and press the stop button to stop. Please remember that the data is stored in a 15KB buffer and that the recording may have a negative impact on the phone's performance.

Click [here](#) to save the current pcap trace. (0 packets, 0 octets, duration 0 seconds)

# Appendix A

## FAQ

<b>Q: What is the default administrator password to login to the gateway?</b>
<b>A:</b> By default, your default username is “ <b>admin</b> ”, default password is “ <b>123</b> ” to login to the router. For security, you should modify the password to protect your gateway against hacker attacks.
<b>Q: I forgot the administrator password. What should I do?</b>
<b>A:</b> Press the <b>Reset</b> button on the rear panel for over <b>5</b> seconds to reset all settings to default values.
<b>Q: What is the default IP address of the router?</b>
<b>A:</b> The default WAN IP address is 172.16.0.1 with subnet mask 255.255.0.0. The default LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1 with subnet mask 255.255.255.0.
<b>Q: Why is it that I can ping to outside hosts, but not access Internet Web sites?</b>
<b>A:</b> Check the DNS server settings on your PC. You should get the DNS servers settings from your ISP. If your PC is running a DHCP client, remove any DNS IP address setting. As the router will assign the DNS settings to the DHCP-client-enabled PC.
<b>Q: 5. What is the maximum number of IP addresses that the DHCP server of the gateway can assign to local PCs?</b>
<b>A:</b> The built-in DHCP server can support 253 IP addresses for local network usage.

# Appendix B

## Voice communications

The chapter shows you the concept and command to help you configure your VoIP gateway through sample configuration. And provide several ways to make calls to desired destination in VIP-480/VIP-880. In this section, we'll lead you step by step to establish your first voice communication via web browsers operations.

### Concepts: Voice Port

There are two type of the voice port, FXO (Foreign exchange Office) and FXS. (Foreign exchange Station) On the printing of the RJ-11 port, you should find that.

#### FXO (Foreign exchange Office) port

The FXO port allows the connection with a device that already has a fixed number; say 222, or 412-1111. So the only connections for FXO port will be to your local PSTN or one of your extension-line from your PBX system.

With your FXO connect to PSTN; the Internet Voice can then have a local call through this line/number (412-1111). Or, locally, you can have an Internet Call through the line 412-1111

The same to PBX system, you are required to know with which extension number to the FXO port. Your PBX users will need to know this number in the future.



#### Hint

FXO port cannot connect to an end-node like telephone or fax machine (since they do not provide a number!). If you connect those to FXO port, you will hear nothing once you pick up the handset.

### FXS (Foreign exchange Station) port

The FXS port allows the connection to an end node, like **telephone**, **fax machine**, or **out-line of PBX system**.

FXS port is as like your local phone service provider who provides a number to you. It is easy to tell that after you have connected an end-device to FXS port and you will hear the dial-tone from FXS port once the hand set off-hook.



#### Caution

The FXS port is with voltage and current. **DO NOT** connects the port to any PBX extension line or PSTN line. This may make the FXS port or your PBX extension port malfunction.

## H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode

### Scenario 1: H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode

Gateway 1 to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

H.323 Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode)

Outgoing Dial plan

No: 8x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address

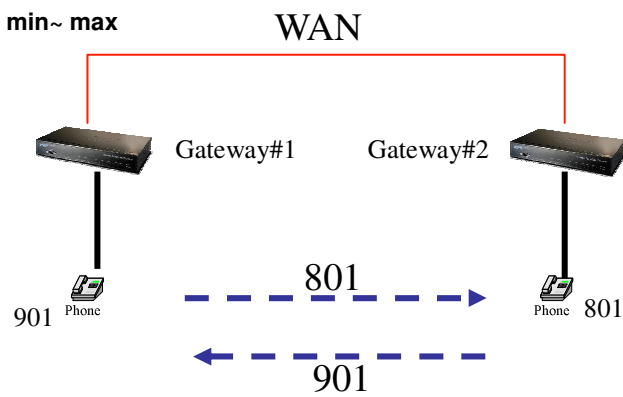
Outgoing Dial plan

No: 9x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address

**x: wild card**

**Des: Destination IP**

**Digit: Digit Length min~ max**





## Scenario 2: H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode

Gateway 1 (with PBX) to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

H.323 Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) with PBX: Call PBX Extension

Method 1: Two-Stage-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan

No: 8x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW2 IP address

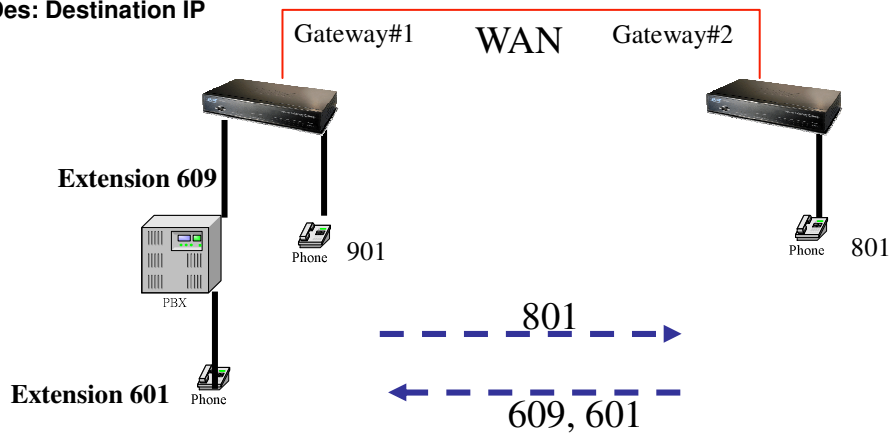
Outgoing Dial plan

No: 9x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address

No: 6x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address

x: wild card

Des: Destination IP



### Scenario 3: H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode

Gateway 1 (with PBX/PSTN) to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

H.323 Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) with PBX: Remote Call PSTN number  
Method 1: Two-Stages-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan

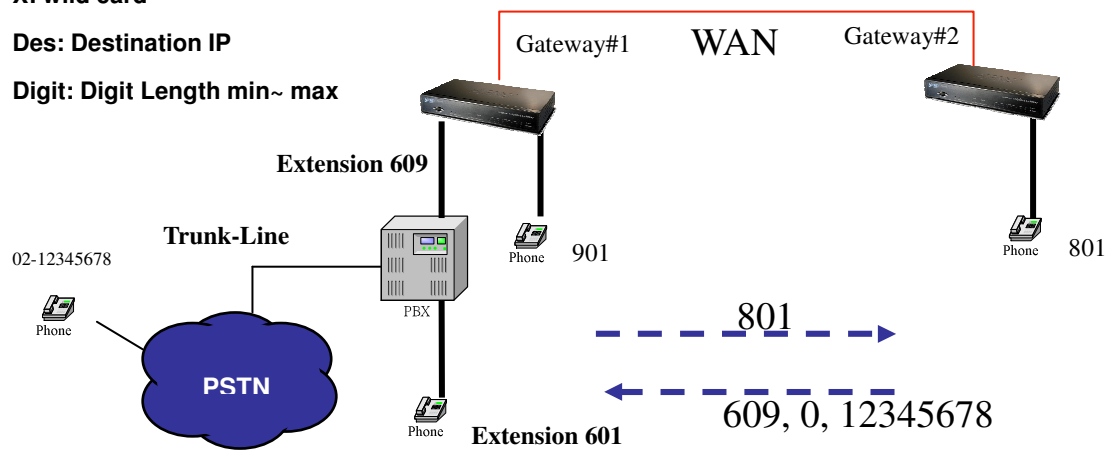
Outgoing Dial plan

No: 9x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address

**X: wild card**

**Des: Destination IP**

**Digit: Digit Length min~ max**



#### Scenario 4: H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode

Gateway 1 (with PBX/PSTN) to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

H.323 Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) with PBX: Remote Call PSTN number

Method 2: One-Shot-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan

No: 8x | Digit: 3~3 | Des:GW2 IP address

Incoming Dial Plan

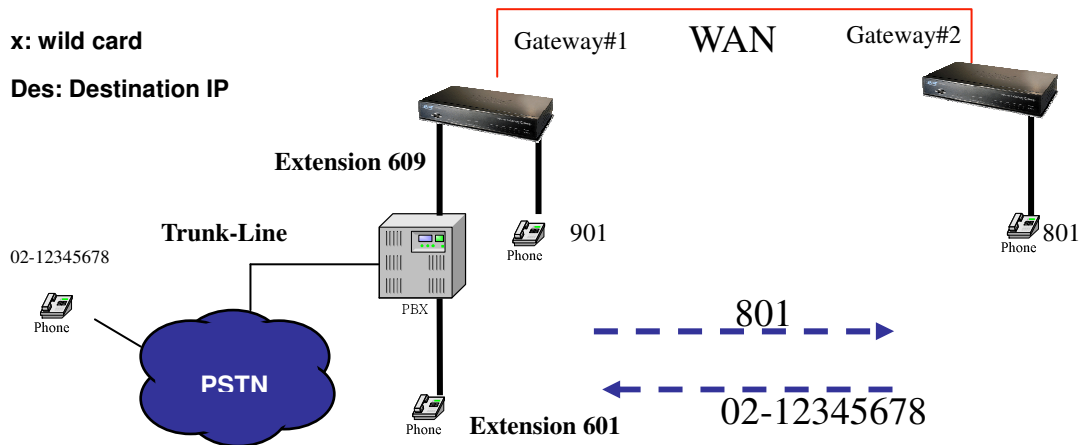
Outgoing Dial plan

No: 9x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address

No: 6x | Digit: 3~3 | Des: GW1 IP address

x: wild card

Des: Destination IP



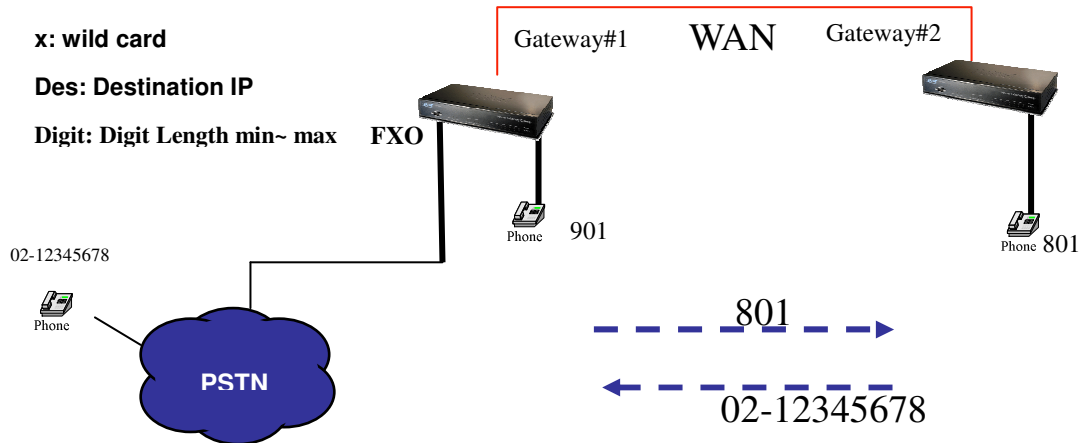
**Scenario 5: H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

H.323 Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) : Remote Call PSTN number  
 Method: One-Shot-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan No: 8x   Digit: 3~3, Des   GW2 IP address Incoming Dial Plan	Outgoing Dial plan No: 9x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address No: 6x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



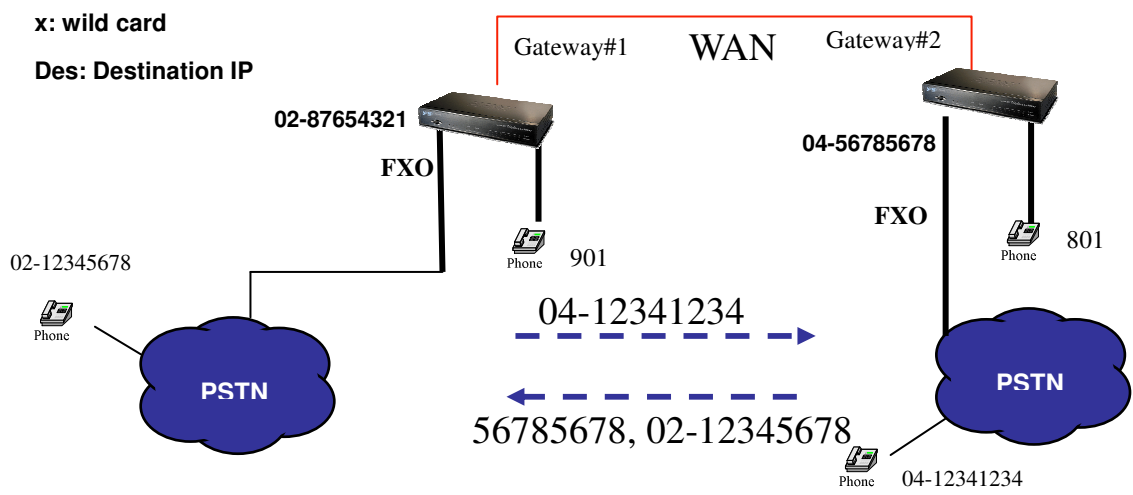
**Scenario 6: H.323 VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

H.323 Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) : PSTN Call PSTN number  
 Method: One-Shot-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan No: 8x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW2 IP address No: 04x   Digit: 3~10   Des: GW2 IP address Incoming Dial Plan	Outgoing Dial plan No: 9x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address No: 6x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address No: 02x   Digit: 3~10   Des: GW 1 IP
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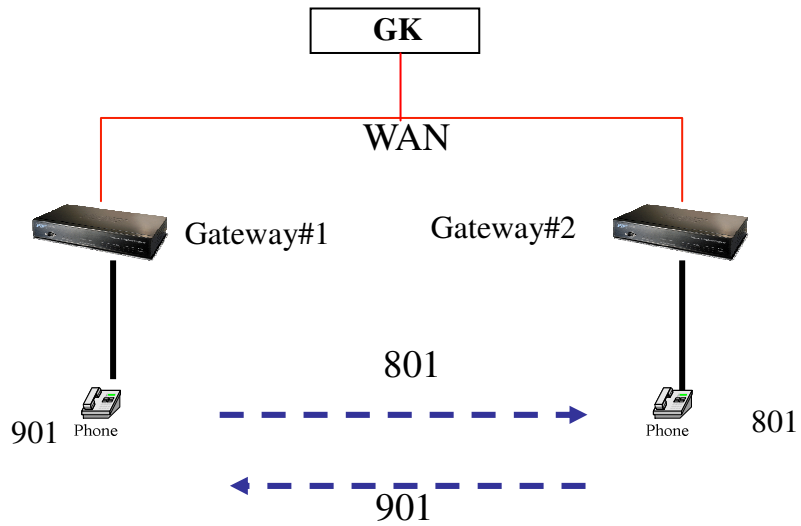


### Scenario 7: H.323 VoIP Call: Register to Gatekeeper

Gateway 1 to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

H.323 Call (GK Mode)

Register Number List  
GW1: 801  
GW2: 901



### Scenario 8: H.323 VoIP Call: Register to Gatekeeper

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Call PBX extension number) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

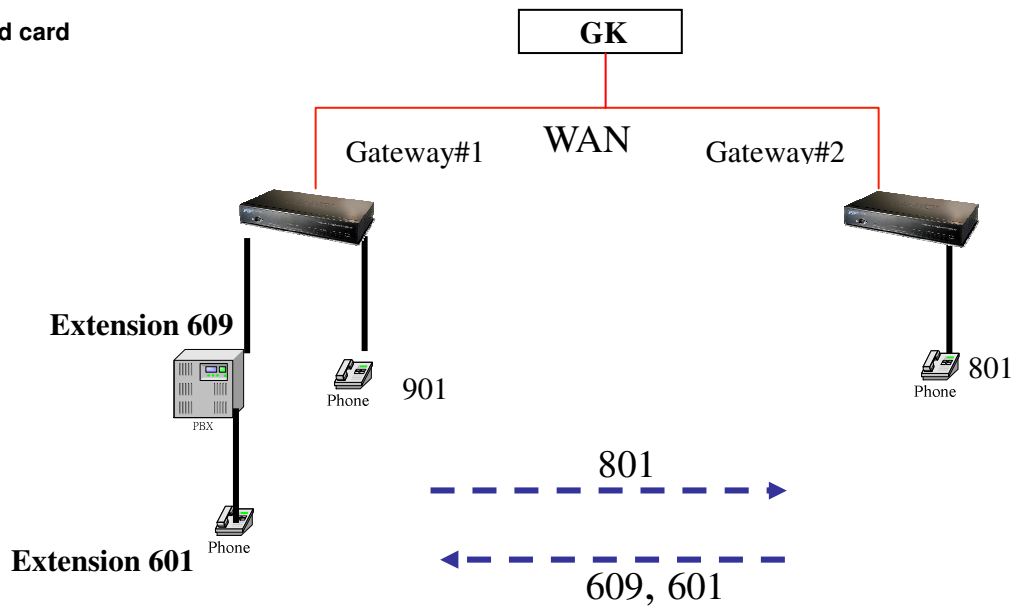
H.323 Call (GK Mode) with PBX: Call PBX Extension

Method 1: Two-Stage-Dialing

Register Number List

GW1: 801

x: wild card



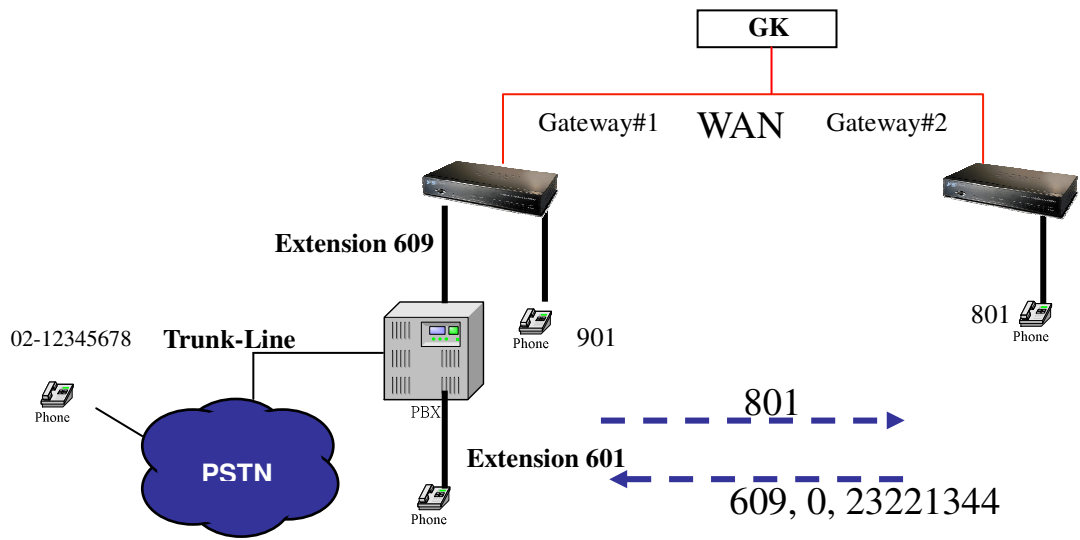
### Scenario 9: H.323 VoIP Call: Register to Gatekeeper

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

H.323 Call (GK Mode) with PBX: Remote Call PSTN number  
Method 1: Two-Stages-Dialing

Register Number List  
GW1: 801





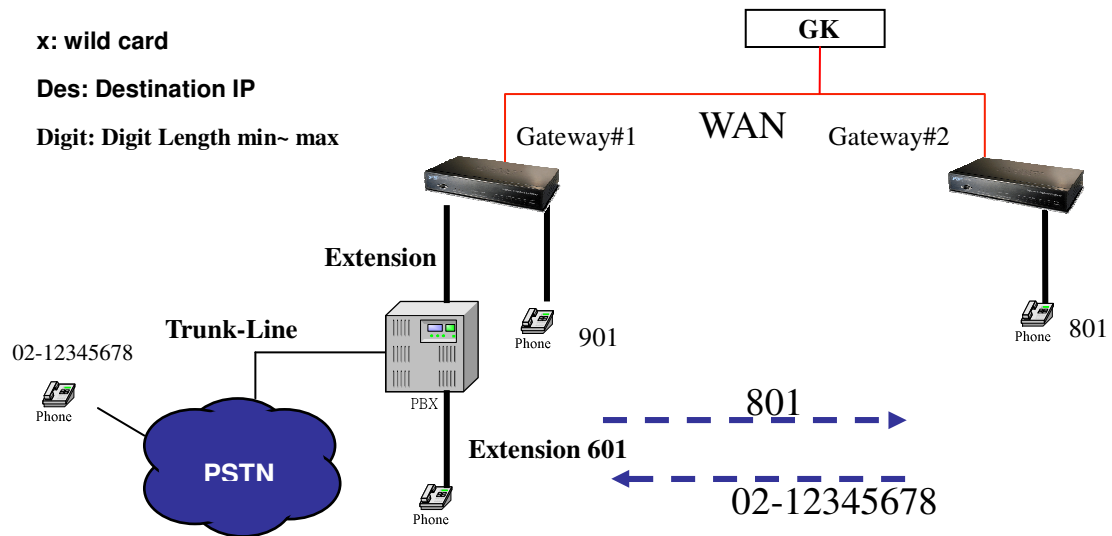
### Scenario 10: H.323 VoIP Call: Register to Gatekeeper

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

H.323 Call (GK Mode) with PBX: Remote Call PSTN number  
Method 2: One-Shot-Dialing

Incoming Dial Plan No: 02x   Digit: 3~10   Strip:2   Prefix: 0,   fxo port	Register Number List GW1: 801
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------



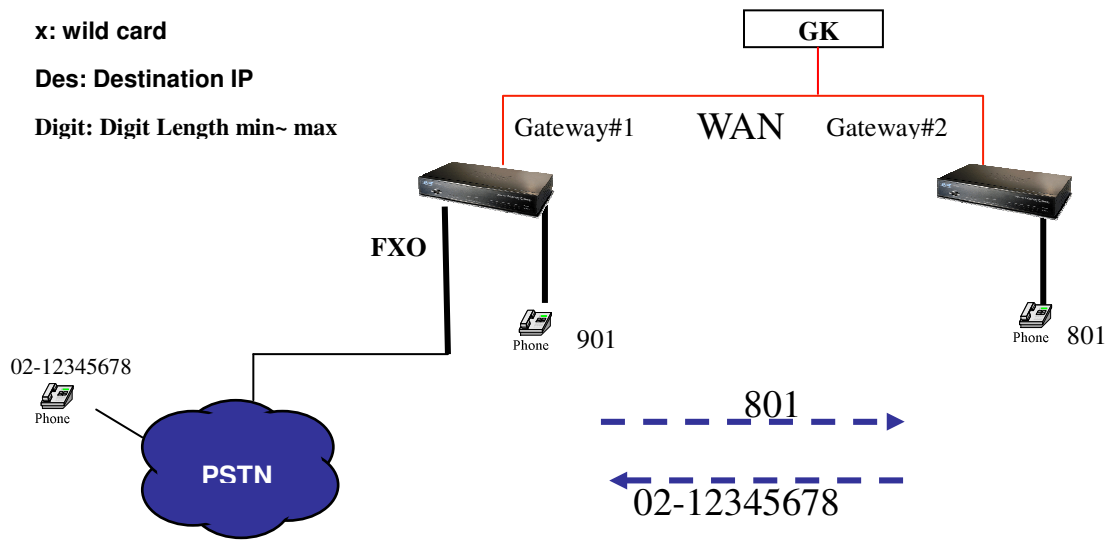
**Scenario 11: H.323 VoIP Call: Register to Gatekeeper**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

H.323 Call (GK Mode) : Remote Call PSTN number  
 Method: One-Shot-Dialing

Incoming Dial Plan No: 02x   Digit: 3~10   Strip:2   fxo port	Register Number List GW1: 801
------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------



## Scenario 12: H.323 VoIP Call: Register to Gatekeeper

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

H.323 Call (GK Mode) : PSTN Call PSTN number

Method: One-Shot-Dialing

Register Number List

GW1: 801

GW2: 901.609.02x. 04 xs

Incoming Dial Plan

No: 04x | Digit: 3~10 | Strip:2 | fxo port

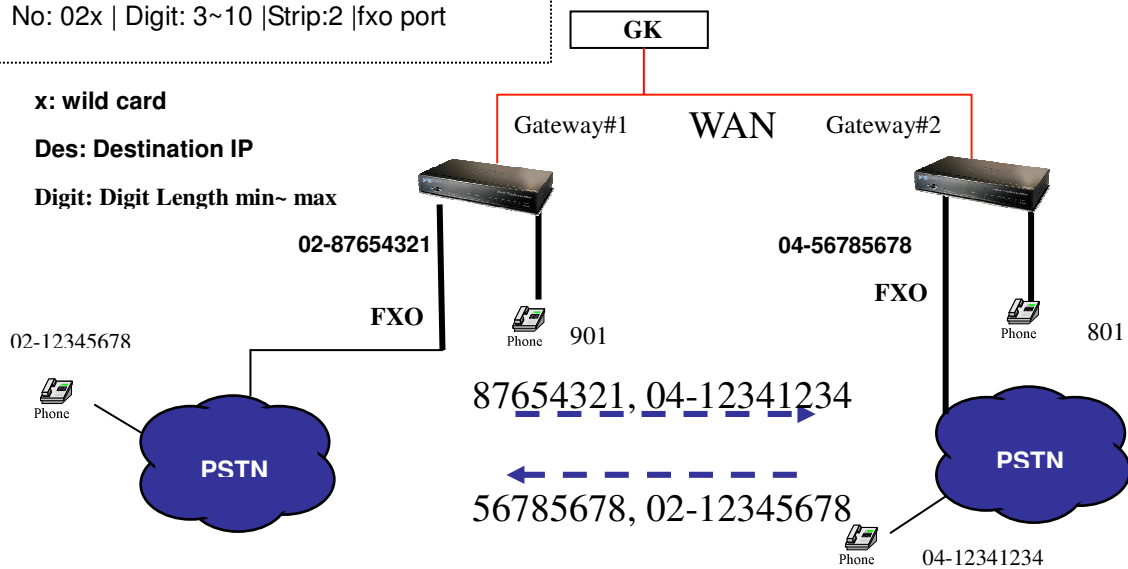
Incoming Dial Plan

No: 02x | Digit: 3~10 | Strip:2 | fxo port

x: wild card

Des: Destination IP

Digit: Digit Length min~ max



## SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode

### Scenario 13: SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode

Gateway 1 to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

SIP Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode)

Outgoing Dial plan

No: 8x | Digit: 3~3, Des | GW1 IP address

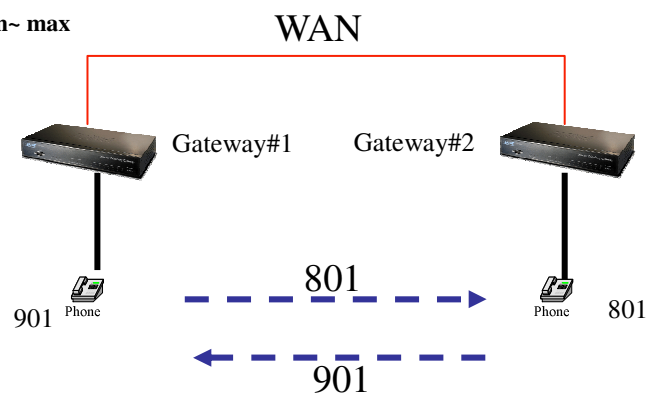
Outgoing Dial plan

No: 9x | Digit: 3~3, Des | GW1 IP address

**x: wild card**

**Des: Destination IP**

**Digit: Digit Length min~ max**



**Scenario 14: SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Call PBX extension number) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

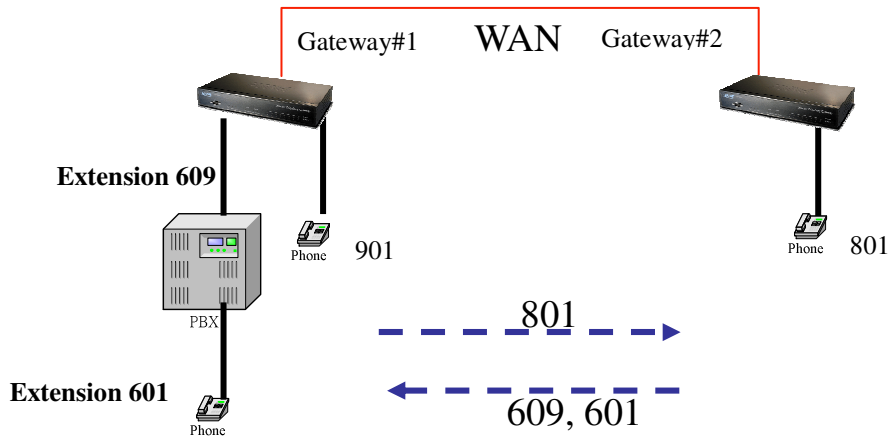
SIP Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) with PBX: Call PBX Extension  
Method 1: Two-Stage-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan  
No: 8x | Digit: 3~3 |Des GW2 IP address

Outgoing Dial plan  
No: 9x | Digit: 3~3 |Des: GW1 IP address

**x: wild card**

**Des: Destination IP**



**Scenario 15: SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode**

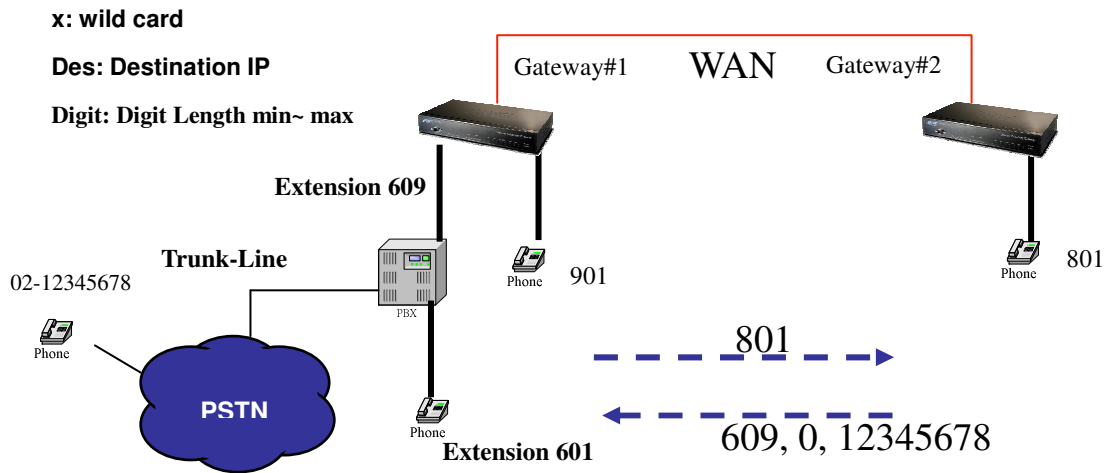
Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

SIP Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) with PBX: Remote Call PSTN number  
Method 1: Two-Stages-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan  
No: 8x | Digit: 3~3, Des | GW2 IP address

Outgoing Dial plan  
No: 9x | Digit: 3~3, Des | GW1 IP address



**Scenario 16: SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection

Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

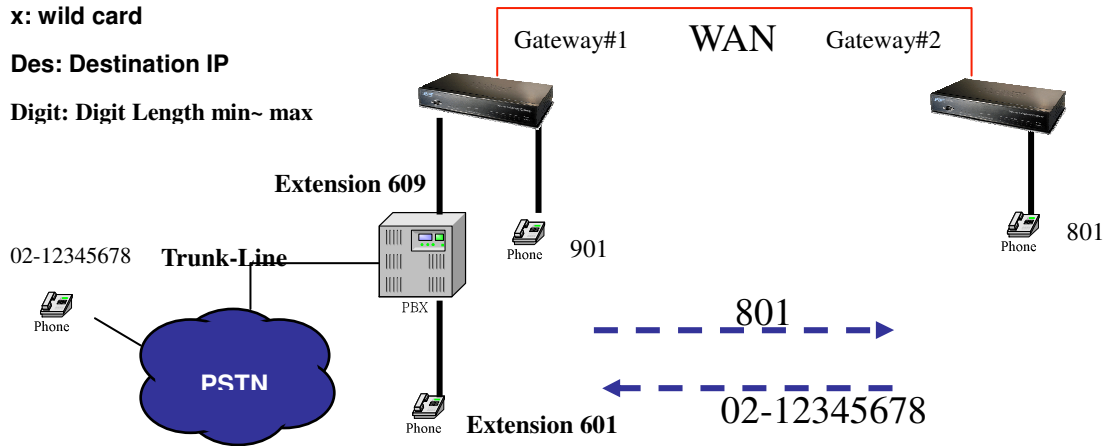
SIP Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) with PBX: Remote Call PSTN number  
 Method 2: One-Shot-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan No: 8x   Digit: 3~3, Des   GW2 IP address Incoming Dial Plan	Outgoing Dial plan No: 9x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address No: 6x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**x: wild card**

**Des: Destination IP**

**Digit: Digit Length min~ max**



**Scenario 17: SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

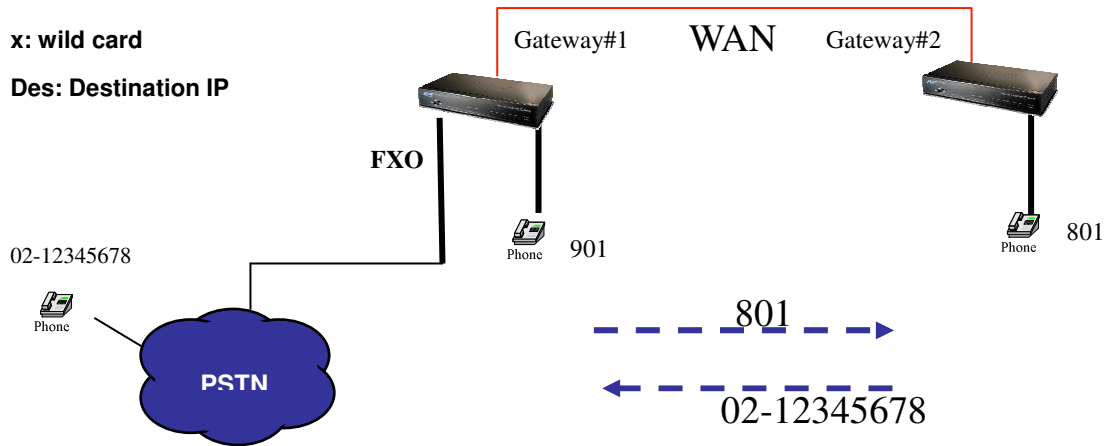
Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

SIP Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) : Remote Call PSTN number  
Method: One-Shot-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan No: 8x   Digit: 3~3, Des   GW2 IP address Incoming Dial Plan	Outgoing Dial plan No: 9x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address No: 6x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address
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x: wild card

Des: Destination IP





**Scenario 18: SIP VoIP Call: Peer-To-Peer Mode**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (PSTN Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

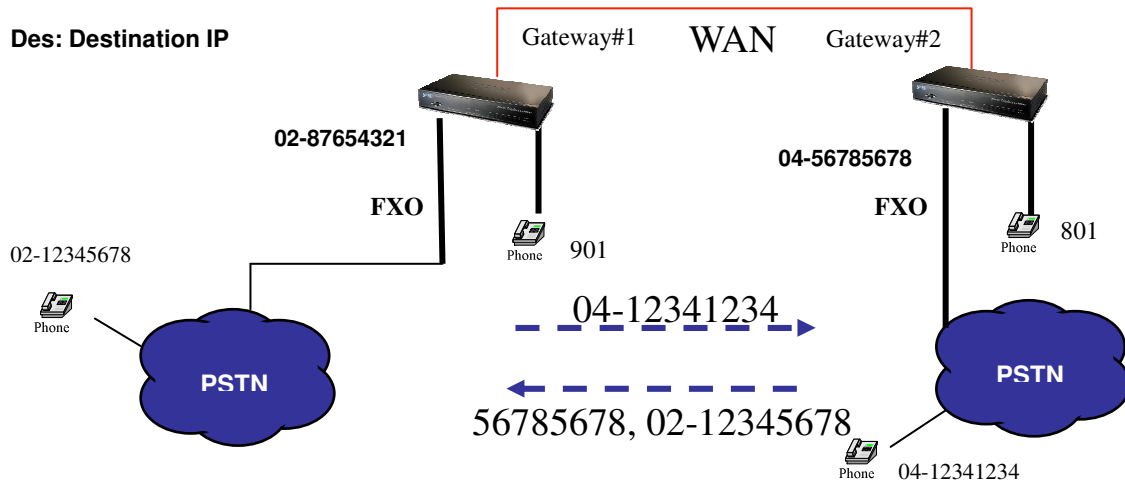
Call Method: One-Shot-Dialing

SIP Call (Peer-To-Peer Mode) : PSTN Call PSTN number  
 Method: One-Shot-Dialing

Outgoing Dial plan No: 8x   Digit: 3~3, Des   GW2 IP address No: 04x  Digit: 3~10   Des: GW2 IP address Incoming Dial Plan	Outgoing Dial plan No: 9x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address No: 6x   Digit: 3~3   Des: GW1 IP address No: 02x  Digit: 3~10   Des: GW 1 IP
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**x: wild card**

**Des: Destination IP**



### Scenario 19: SIP VoIP Call: Register to SIP Proxy Server

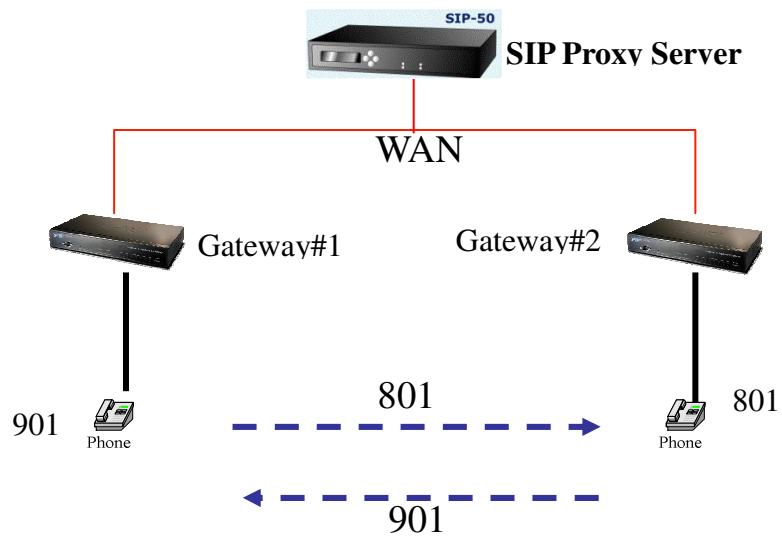
Gateway 1 to Gateway 2 PLAR connection

SIP Call (Register to SIP Proxy Server Mode)

Register Number List

GW1: 801

GW2: 901



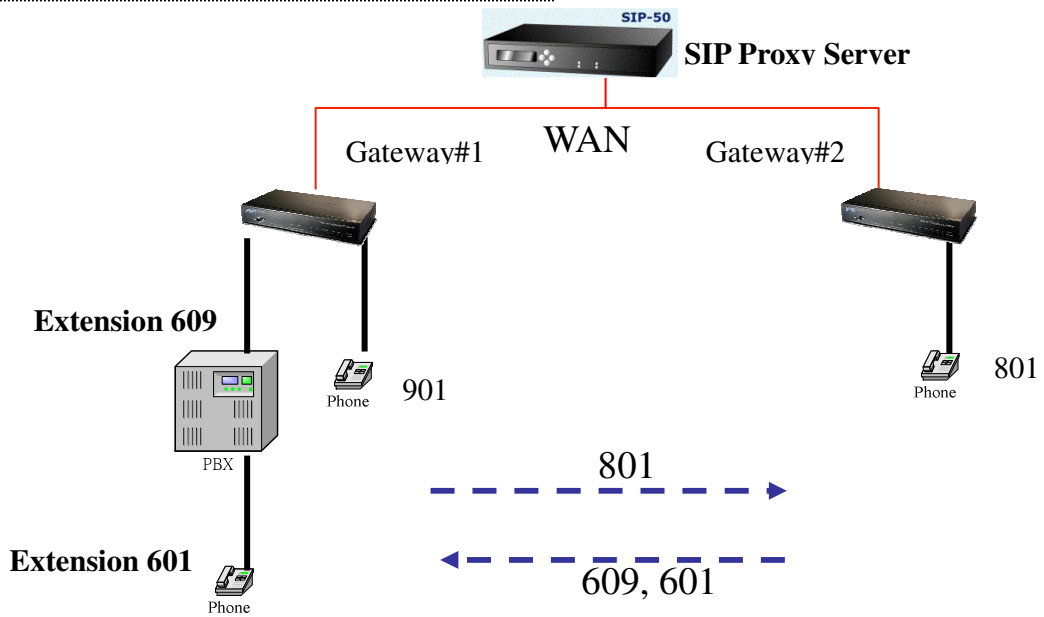
**Scenario 20: SIP VoIP Call: Register to SIP Proxy Server**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Call PBX extension number) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

SIP Call (SIP Proxy Server Mode) with PBX: Call PBX Extension  
Method 1: Two-Stage-Dialing

Register Number List  
GW1: 801  
GW2: 901,609



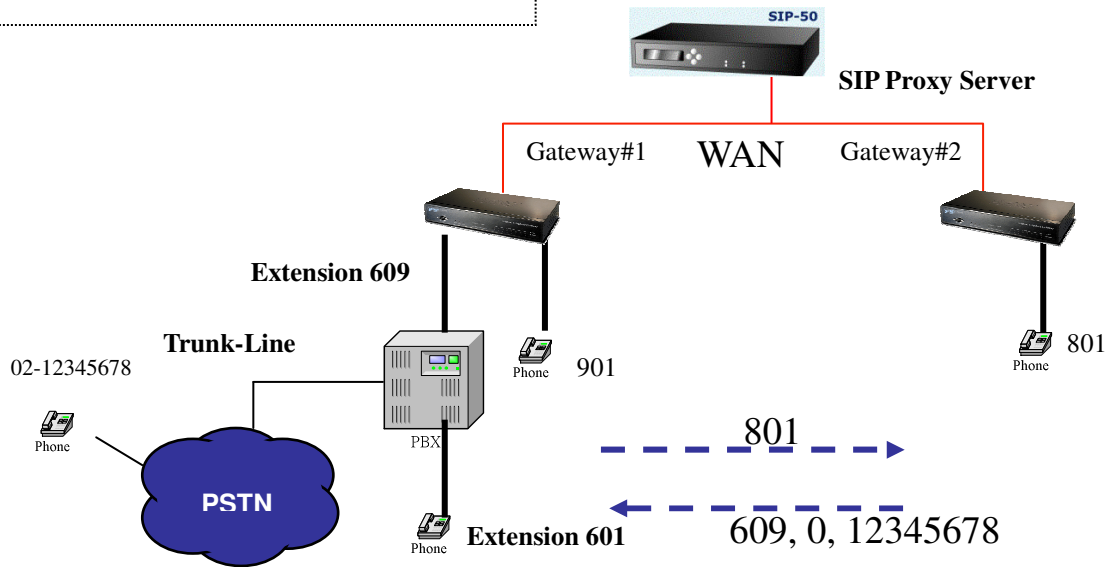
**Scenario 21: SIP VoIP Call: Register to SIP Proxy Server**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number with PBX) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

SIP Call (SIP Proxy Server Mode) with PBX: Remote Call PSTN number  
Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

Register Number List  
GW1: 801  
GW2: 901,609



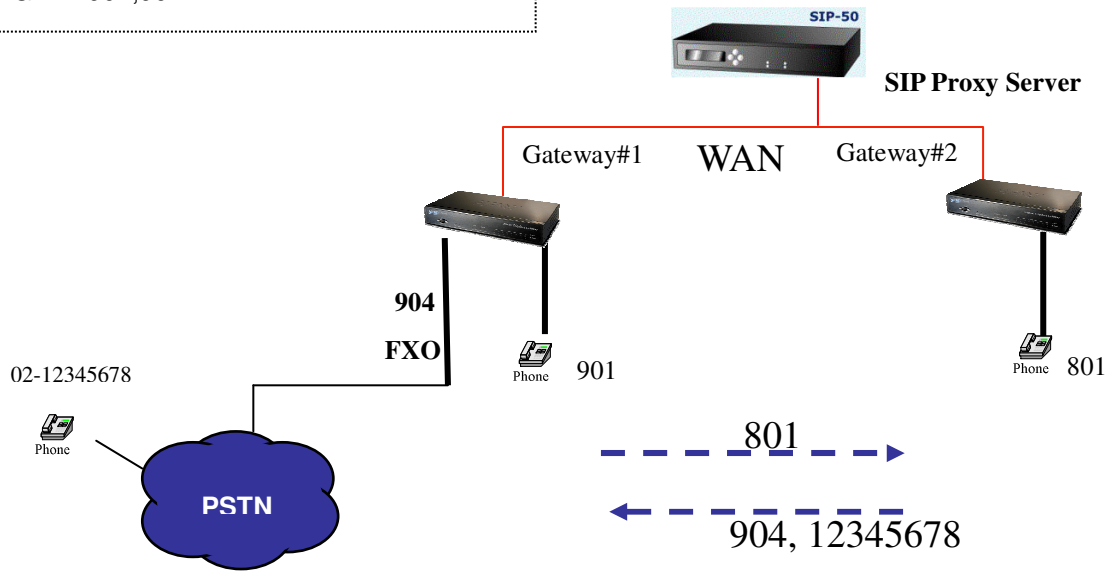
**Scenario 22: SIP VoIP Call: Register to SIP Proxy Server**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (Remote Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

SIP Call (SIP Proxy Server Mode) : Remote Call PSTN number  
Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

Register Number List  
GW1: 801  
GW2: 901,904



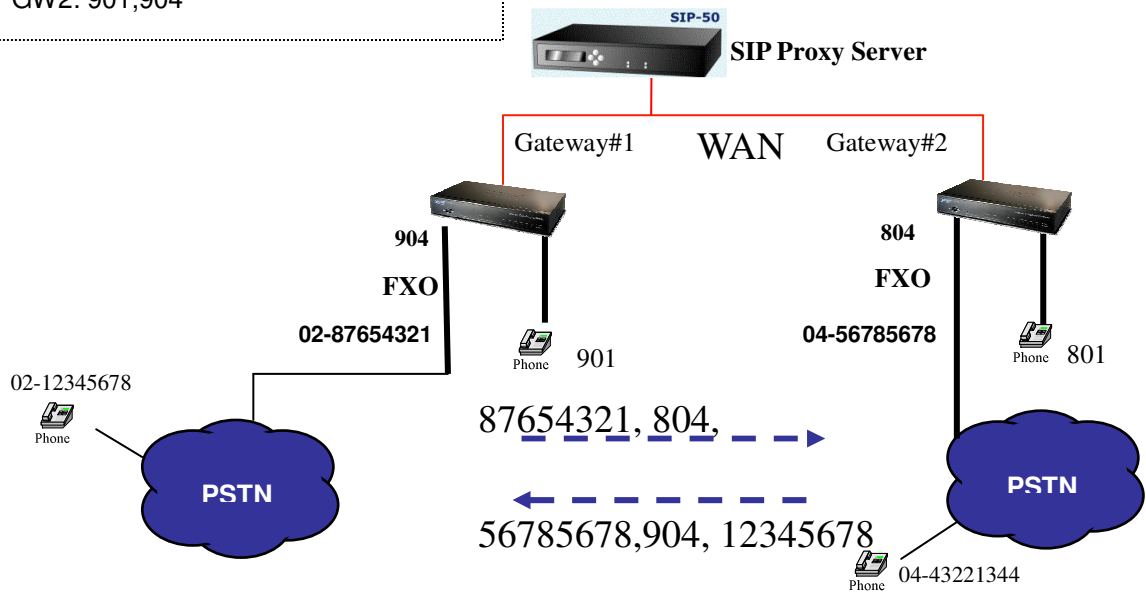
**Scenario 23: SIP VoIP Call: Register to SIP Proxy Server**

Gateway 2 to Gateway 1 (PSTN Call PSTN number) PLAR connection

Call Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

SIP Call (SIP Proxy Server Mode) : PSTN Call PSTN number  
Method: Two-Stages-Dialing

Register Number List  
GW1: 801,804  
GW2: 901,904



# Appendix C

## VIP-480 series Specifications

Product	4-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway		
Model	VIP-480	VIP-480FS	VIP-480FO
Hardware			
WAN	1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port		
LAN	4 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port		
Voice	4 x RJ-11 connection ( 2 x FXS, 2 x FXO)	4 x RJ-11 connection ( 4 x FXS)	4 x RJ-11 connection ( 4 x FXO)
Protocols and Standard			
Standard	H.323 v2/v3/v4 and SIP (RFC 3261) , SDP (RFC 2327), Symmetric RTP, STUN (RFC3489), ENUM (RFC 2916), RTP Payload for DTMF Digits (RFC2833), Outbound Proxy Support.		
Voice codec	G.711(A-law /u-law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps)		
Fax support	T.30, T.38		
Voice Standard	Voice activity detection (VAD) Comfort noise generation (CNG) G.165/G.168 Echo cancellation Dynamic Jitter Buffer		
Protocols	SIP 2.0 (RFC-3261), H.323, TCP/IP, UDP/RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP, NAT, DHCP, PPPoE, DNS		
Advanced Function	Virtual Server, Smart QoS, IP TOS (IP Precedence) / DiffServ, Build-in NAT router function.		
Network and Configuration			
Access Mode	Static IP, PPPoE, DHCP		
Management	Web, Telnet		
LED Indications	System: PWR WAN: 1, LAN/ACT LAN: 4, LNK/ACT Voice 4, In-Use/Ringing		
Dimension (W x D x H)	260 x 135 x 35 mm		
Operating Environment	0~40 degree C, 0~95% humidity		
Power Requirement	12V DC		
EMC/EMI	CE, FCC Class B		

## VIP-880 series Specifications

Product	8-Port H.323/SIP VoIP Gateway		
Model	VIP-880	VIP-882	VIP-880FO
Hardware			
WAN	1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port		
LAN	1 x 10/100Mbps RJ-45 port		
Voice	8 x RJ-11 connection ( 4 x FXS, 4 x FXO)	8 x RJ-11 connection ( 6 x FXS, 2 x FXO)	8 x RJ-11 connection ( 8 x FXO)
Protocols and Standard			
Standard	H.323 v2/v3/v4 and SIP (RFC 3261) , SDP (RFC 2327), Symmetric RTP, STUN (RFC3489), ENUM (RFC 2916), RTP Payload for DTMF Digits (RFC2833), Outbound Proxy Support.		
Voice codec	G.711(A-law / $\mu$ -law), G.729 AB, G.723 (6.3 Kbps / 5.3Kbps)		
Fax support	T.30, T.38		
Voice Standard	Voice activity detection (VAD) Comfort noise generation (CNG) G.165/G.168 Echo cancellation Dynamic Jitter Buffer		
Protocols	SIP 2.0 (RFC-3261), H.323, TCP/IP, UDP/RTP/RTCP, HTTP, ICMP, ARP, NAT, DHCP, PPPoE, DNS		
Advanced Function	Virtual Server, Smart QoS, IP TOS (IP Precedence) / DiffServ, Build-in NAT router function.		
Network and Configuration			
Access Mode	Static IP, PPPoE, DHCP		
Management	Web, RS-232 Console, Telnet		
LED Indications	System: 2, PWR, CPU WAN: 1, LAN/ACT LAN: 1, LNK/ACT Voice 8, In-Use/Ringing		
Dimension (W x D x H)	300 x 160 x 40 mm		
Operating Environment	0~40 degree C, 0~95% humidity		
Power Requirement	12V DC		
EMC/EMI	CE, FCC Class B		



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