Installation Instructions

334 & 334S Series A

GAS-FIRED DUCT FURNACE

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Before proceeding to install Models 334 and 3348 Duct Furnace, refer to Bryant form No. 39003D1, "Procedure for Gas Appliances," (packaged with the equipment) for information concerning combustion, venting, piping, and other standard installation practices. The current edition of the American National Standard "Installation of Gas Appliances and Gas Piping," Z21.30, takes precedence over all other reference publications pertinent to this installation instruction. Both models are shipped factory-assembled. Installation comprises the following:

- * I. Inspection
- * II. Location and Suspension
- * III. Gas Piping
 - IV. Duct Connections
 - V. Wiring
- * VI. Venting
 - VII. Start-up and Adjustment
 - VIII. Service and Maintenance

*To perform these sections (or installation steps), refer to the appropriate sections of Bryant form No. 39003D1 (packaged with this equipment).

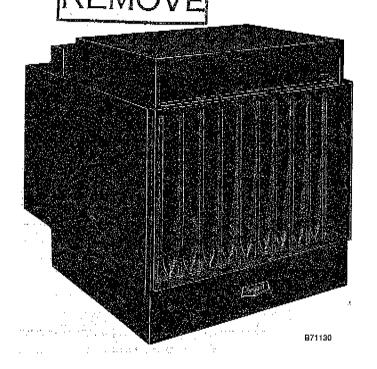


Figure 1

TABLE I - Control Options

COMPONENT	PROPANE GAS D2	NATURAL D4	NATURAL D5
Bryant Pilot		×	×
*Bryant Gas Valve		X	×
*Gas Pressure Regulator		X	×
Transformer	· ×	×	×
Modulator	×		×
100% Shutoff	. ×		×
Thermocouple	× ×		×
Pilot Relay			×
Pilotstat	×		

^{*}A-643 Bryant gas valve with integral gas pressure regulator is used on D4 and D5 for sizes 30 thru 150; A-641 less regulator is used on D2 for all sizes. A-641 with separate gas pressure regulator is used on D4 and D5 for sizes 175 thru 400.

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DIMENSIONS

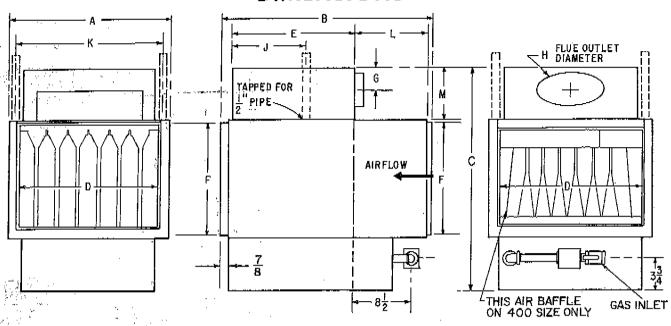


Figure 2 - Dimensional Drawing

TABLE II - Dimensions in Inches

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Size	A	В	Ċ	D.	Е	F	G	H	J	К	L
50	15-1/2	30-3/4 2		13-13/16	18-7/8	18-9/16	2-1/8	4	12-1/8	14-1/8	4-5/16
75	18-1/2	30-3/4	30	16-13/16	18-7/8	18-9/16	2-1/8	5	12-1/8	17-1/8	4-5/16
100	. 21-1/2	30-3/4	31-1/2	19-13/16	18-7/8	18-9/16	2-11/16	5	12-1/8	20-1/8	5-13/16
125	24-1/2	30-3/4	31-1/2	22-13/16	18-7/8	18-9/16	2-7/8	6	12-1/8	23-1/8	5-13/16
150	.21-1/2	40-3/4	34-1/2	19-13/16	23-7/8	21-9/16	2-7/8	7	14-1/4	20-1/8	5-13/16
175.	24-1/2	40-3/4	34-1/2	22-13/16	23-7/8	21-9/16	2-7/8	7	14-1/4	23-1/8	5-13/16
200	27-1/2	40-3/4	34-1/2	25-13/16	23-7/8	21-9/16	2-7/8	8	14-1/4	26-1/8	5-13/16
250	33-1/2	40-3/4	34-1/2	31-13/16	./23-7/8	21-9/16	2-7/8	8 -	14-1/4	32-1/8	5-13/16
300	39-1/2	40-3/4	36-1/2	37-13/16	23-7/8	21-9/16	3-7/8	9	14-1/4	38-1/8	7-13/16
400	51-1/2	40-3/4	38	49-13/16	23-7/8	21-9/16	4-5/8	10	14-1/4	50-1/8	9-5/16
-											

Table III - Gas Connections and Weights

Size	Gás Cono	ection Size	Approximate Shinning
	Natural	Propane	Shipping Weight
50	1/2	1/2	120
75	1/2	1/2	140
100	1/2	1/2	163
125	1/2	1/2	180
150	1/2	1/2	210
17.5	1/2	1/2	230
200	1/2	1/2	275
250	3/4	3/4	330
300	3/4	3/4	410
400	3/4	3/4	560

TABLE IV ≟ Capacities and Ratings – 334 Duct Furnace

		_	_													
Size &	AGA Ratin	AGA Rating BTU/HR†	-		- 		Air]	Pempers	Air Temperature Rise		Through Furnace	lace				
Model	Input	Output		30	35	40	45	£	55	99	59	7.0	75	98	85	8
50-334	50,000	40,000	CFM P.D.*	1240 0.138	1060 0.102	925 0.078	825 0.059	740 0.049	670	620	570 0.029	530	500	465	435	415
75-334	75,000	00009	CFM P.D.*	1860 0.150	1590 0.126	1390 0.097	1235 0.073	1110 0.061	1010 0.048	925	855 0.036	795	745	695	660	620
100-334	100,000	80,000	CHM P.D.∗	2475 0.240	2110 0.176	1850 0.135	1645 0.105	1480 0.086	1345 0.070	1230 0.059	1140	1055	990	925	875 0.030	825 0.027
125-334	125,000	100,000	CEM P.D.*	3100	2640 0.205	2315 0.156	2060 0.122	1850 0.100	1685 0.081	1545 0.068	1425 0.059	1320 0.051	1285	1160	1095	1035
150-334	150,000	120,000	CEM P.D.*	3720 0,492	3180 0.360	2780 0.275	2470 0.214	2220 0.175	2020 0.143	1850 0.121	1710	1590	1480 0.078	1390	1315	1240
175-334	175,000	140,000	CEM P.D.*	4320 0.492	3700 0.360	3240 0.275	2886 0.214	2590 0.175	2360	2160	1995 0.104	1850 0.089	1725 0.078	1620 0.068	1525 0.061	1445
200-334	200,000	160,000	CFM P.D.*	4950 0.492	4240 0.360	3700 0.275	3290 0.214	2960 0.175	2695 0.143	2465 0.121	2280 0.104	2120 0.089	1975	1850	1740 0.061	1650 0.053
250-334	250,000	200,000	CEM P.D.*	6200 0.492	5280 0.360	4630 0.275	4110 0.214	3700 0.175	3370 0.143	3090 0.121	2850	2640 0.089	2460 0.078	2315	2180 0.061	2070 0.053
300-334	300,000	240,000	CFM P.D.*	7425 0.492	6360 0.360	5560 0.275	4940 0.214	4440 0.175	4040 0.143	3700 0.121	3420 0.104	3180 0.089	2960	2780	2620 0.061	2475 0.053
400-334	400,000	320,000	CFM P.D.*	9900 0.492	8480 0.360	7400 0.275	6580 0.214	5920 0.175	5390 0.143	4930 0.121	4560 0.104	4240 0.089	3960 0.078	3700	3480 0.061	3300 0.053

TRatings are approved for altitudes to 2,000 feet for all gases. Ratings for altitudes over 2,000 feet are 4% less for each 1,000 feet above sea level.

*Pressure Drop through Unit inches water column.

Minimum range settings are preset at factory. Temperature rises above 80° limited to use with blower and adapter specified, attached directly to inlet of the Duct Furnace.

Special Airplane Hangar and Garage Application Precautions

NOTE: Refer to NFPA No. 406-1966, "Standard on Aircraft Hangars, and NFPA No. 88-1962, "Standard for Garages."

- 1. A clearance of 10 feet to the bottom of the Furnace from the top of a wing or fuselage of aircraft likely to be housed in the hangar must be maintained.
- 2. A minimum clearance of 8 feet from the floor to the bottom of the Furnace in other sections of the aircraft hangar, such as offices and shops which communicate with areas used for servicing or storage, must be maintained.
- 3. The Furnace must also be so located that it is protected from damage by aircraft or other objects such as cranes or movable scaffoldings. In addition, it must be located to be accessible for servicing and adjustment.
- 4. A clearance of 6 inches from combustible material must be maintained from the top and the sides of the Heater.
- 5. A service clearance of 18 inches at the rear and 12 inches from any obstruction at the bottom of the Furnace must be maintained.

Specific Location and Suspension Precautions

For general location and suspension information, refer to Section II of Bryant form No. 39003D1. In addition, the following precautions should be observed when selecting a mounting site.

- 1. Do not locate the Furnace in areas where combustion air is limited.
- -2.-If-located-in-spaces equipped-with-exhaust fans, provide sufficient makeup air.
- 3. When hanging the unit, install the ceiling support for pipe hangers, then install the hangers. The top casing of the unit is tapped for two 1/2-inch pipe hangers. It is recommended that pipe unions be used to join the Furnace to pipe hangers. If possible, use a hoist to pull the Furnace into position. Hang the unit as nearly vertical as possible.

WARNING: Never locate the Furnace in a paint room, or near areas where there is danger of explosive gas mixtures.

CAUTION: Never locate the Furnace near an acid bath, degreaser tank, or area with corrosive atmosphere.

IV. DUCT CONNECTIONS

Circulating Air and Air Duct

1. The Model 334 Duct Furnace is equipped with flanges for ease of attachment of ductwork.

When it is required to change the cross-sectional area of the connecting ductwork, it is recommended that the slope of the transition piece be 1 inch in 7 inches. The slope should never exceed 1 inch in 4 inches.

- 2. Provide an access panel in the duct on both the upstream and downstream sides of the Furnace. These openings must be accessible when the Furnace is in service, and must be large enough that smoke or reflected light can be observed inside the casing when the heat exchanger is being tested for leakage. The covers for these openings should be attached in such a manner that they will provide adequate seals against air leakage.
- 3. The direction of flow or circulating air through the Furnace is plainly marked on Models 982 and 983 Blower casings. This flow direction must never be reversed.
- 4. The Furnace is approved for installation downstream from a refrigeration coil. When so installed, make provisions to dispose of the condensate through the 1/2-inch drain pipe connection in the bottom of the Furnace. If a bypass arrangement is used, it is not necessary to make these drain provisions.

If the Duct Furnace is located on the intake side of an air conditioning unit, precautions should be taken to see that the fan motor and refrigeration system of the air conditioning unit do not become damaged by the high temperature of the Furnace discharge air.

5. Make sure that the supply of circulating air is sufficient. See Table IV, "Capacities and Ratings." Make certain that the inlet temperature of this air is not too high. It should not exceed 90°F.

When the Furnace is "off," with cool air passing through-it,-condensation-may-form on-an-unprotected-casing. If this occurs, install additional insulation to the Furnace casing.

In a crawl space, provide a vapor barrier on the ground and vent the crawl space.

In a basement where there is an unusual amount of moisture from wall or floor seepage, install additional insulation to the Furnace casing—plus an adequate vapor barrier.

V. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The Model 334 Duct Furnace is completely wired at the factory and is ready for connection to the external power source and to the room thermostat if used. Note that the Furnace is equipped with a dual-voltage transformer for either 115 or 230 volts. Insulate the end of the unused wire on the primary side of the transformer. A wiring diagram is attached to the furnace. The same diagram is included in this instruction. Be sure to refer to the wiring diagram when making field connections. All external wiring should be made in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any local ordinances that may apply.

NOTE: Do not fasten a thermostat to the Furnace casing.

VII. START-UP AND ADJUSTMENT

1. Start the unit. Use the procedure outlined on the lighting instruction plate attached to the Furnace.

NOTE: On units equipped with an A-643 gas control valve, there are three positions for the manual valve knob (OFF-PILOT-ON). There is a positive stop at the PILOT position. To move the manual valve knob from the PILOT position to either ON or OFF position, the manual valve knob must be depressed.

2. Adjust the pilot flame. The adjusting screw under the screw cap on the pilot valve is used for this purpose.

To adjust the pilot flame on units equipped with a Model A-643 valve, the adjustment screw is located in the pilot outlet portion of the valve body. Remove the capscrew, make the necessary adjustment, and replace the capscrew.

For D4 controls, the flame should be long enough for good impingement on the metal element of the Bryant pilot. For D5 and D2 controls, the flame should surround the thermocouple element of the pilot and extend downward to include 3/8 to 1/2 inch of the thermocouple. The flame should never come in contact with any other part of the thermocouple or its lead wire.

- 3. Check the input. The input should be checked at the meter to make sure that it corresponds with the input shown on the rating plate attached to the unit. See Bryant form No. 39003D1 for the method.
- 4. Final Checkout. Move the thermostat setting above and below room temperature several times, pausing between each "on" and "off" cycle to make sure that the main burners ignite properly.

Attach a low-voltage test light to the electrical leads of the gas valve. With the thermostat set above room temperature, close the manual pilot valve. If the test light goes out when the pilot cools, the pilot is functioning properly. The test light should go out within 45 seconds after the pilot gas supply is turned off.

NOTE: This check does not apply to units equipped with Model A-643 gas valves.

Check the operation of the temperature limit control. This can be done by allowing the burners to operate while the remote air mover is not running to see that the limit switch opens.

Check all connections in the gas piping for leaks. Use a soap-and-water solution.

WARNING: Never use a flame to check for leaks.

VIII. SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

- 1. Pilot Orifice is located in the bottom fitting of the pilot and is readily accessible for inspection and cleaning.
- 2. Main Burner Orifices are an integral part of the orifice spuds on the manifold. The orifice assembly is readily unscrewed from the manifold after the burner is removed.
- 3. Removing Main Burners See Figure 3. Lift the rear of the burner and push it away from manifold enough to disengage the orifice spud from the mixer shield. Then pull down and out of the Furnace. The end of the burner away from the manifold seats in a slotted burner support. It is necessary to lift the burner out of this slot before attempting to push the burner back.

NOTE: Disconnect the pilot tubing and wires to remove the burner that holds the pilot. However, it is not necessary to remove the pilot itself from the burner.

- 4. Cleaning Heat exchanger tubes should be inspected at regular intervals and cleaned when necessary.
 - a. Shut off the gas and electricity. The Furnace should be cool.
 - b. Disconnect tubes and wires from the pilot.
 - c. Remove the main burners and pilot.
 - d. Use a stiff brush to scrub the heat exchanger tubes. Remove all loose scale and any soot that may have collected.
 - e. Replace the burners and pilot. Reconnect the pilot gas and electricity.
 - f. The unit is now ready for relighting.

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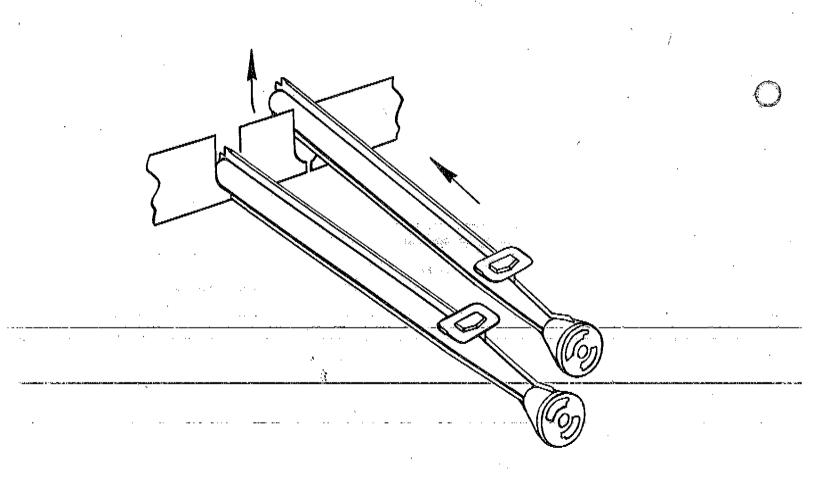


Figure 3 - Removing Burner.

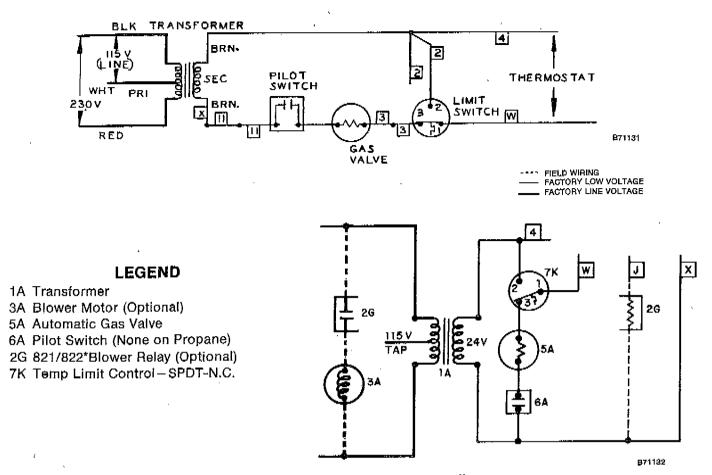


Figure 4 - Wiring, Model 334 with 732 pilot.

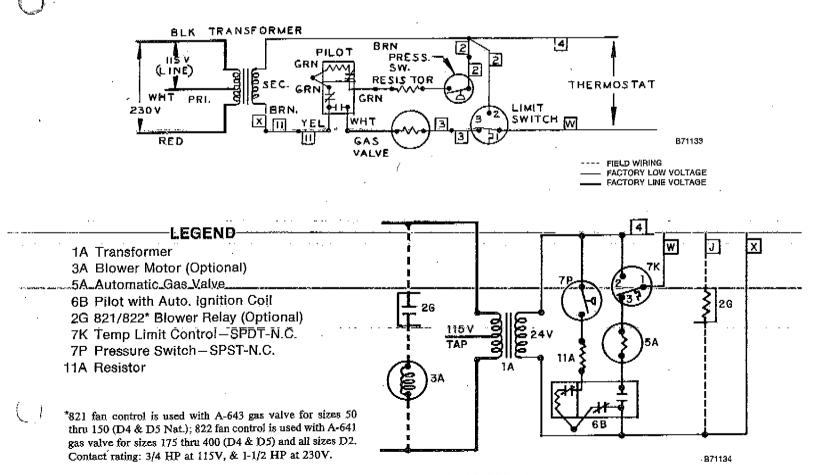
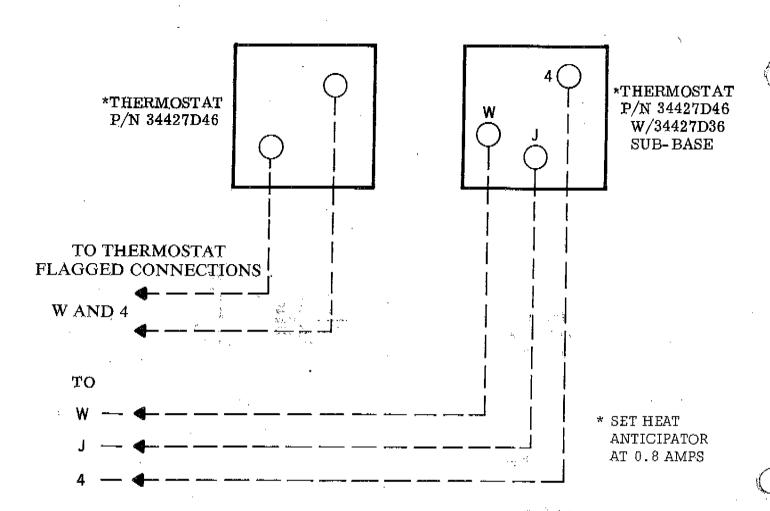


Figure 5 - Wiring, Model 334 with 733 pilot.



SEPARATE WIRES MARKED'W & J AT THERMOSTAT CONNECTIONS WHEN SUB-BASE P/N34427D36 IS USED FOR SUMMER EAN

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Figure 6 - Thermostat Field Wiring, Model 334.

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