

# ProMix® 2KS

312779E

**Plural Component Proportioner** 

ΕN

Automatic system for proportional mixing of plural component coatings, with Wall Mount Fluid Station or RoboMix Fluid Station. For professional use only.

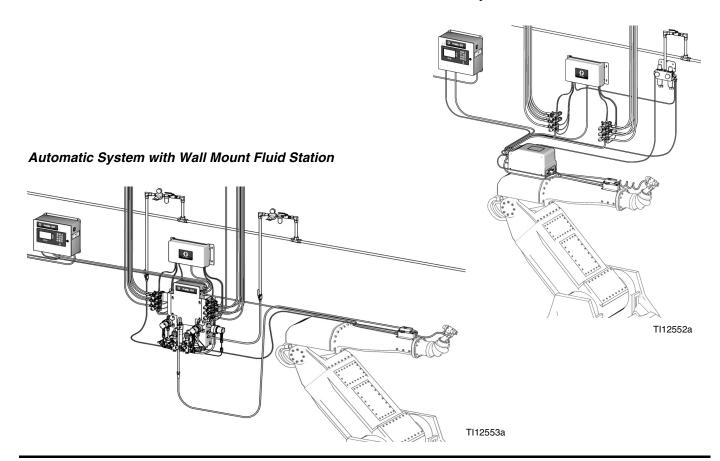
Approved for use in explosive atmospheres (except the EasyKey).



Important Safety Instructions
Read all warnings and instructions in this
manual. Save these instructions.

See pages 4-7 for model information, including maximum working pressure. Equipment approval labels are on page 3. Some components shown are not included with all systems.

#### Automatic System with RoboMix Fluid Station









# **Contents**

Related Manuals3	Integrated Flow Control	. 6
Equipment Approvals3	Flow Control Description	. 6
System Configuration and Part Numbers4	Flow Control Components	. 6
Wall Mount Fluid Station Configurator Key 4	Fluid and Air Pressure Requirements	. 68
Standard Features5	Flow Control Operation	. 68
RoboMix Fluid Station Configurator Key 6	Flow Control Operating Process Example	. 70
Standard Features	Flow Control Setup	. 72
Accessories8	Flow Control Startup	. 72
Warnings	Flow Control Calibration	. 74
Important Two-Component Material Information11	Pressure Flow Control Mode	. 7
Isocyanate Conditions11	Flow Control Troubleshooting	. 78
Material Self-ignition	System Operation	. 80
•	Operation Modes	
Keep Components A and B Separate	Sequential Dosing	
Changing Materials	Dynamic Dosing	
	Recipe (Color) Change	
Glossary of Terms	Solvent Push	
Overview	Typical PLC Interaction with ProMix 2KS	. 8
Usage	General Operating Cycle, Sequential Dosing	
Component Identification and Definition	General Operating Cycle, Dynamic Dosing	
Wall Mount System Components	Mix Manifold Valve Settings	
RoboMix System Components	Start Up	
EasyKey Display and Keyboard20	Shutdown	
Display20	Pressure Relief Procedure	. 9
Keypad20	Purging	. 9!
AC Power Switch21	Solvent Push Feature	
I/S Power21	Meter Calibration	100
Potlife Exceeded Audible Alarm	Color Change	
Graco Web Interface Port	Color Change Procedures	
Ethernet Connection	Color Change Sequences	
Run Mode Screens	Alarms and Warnings	
Splash Screen22	System Alarms	
Status Screen	System Warnings	
Manual Override Screen	Alarm Troubleshooting	
Totals Screen	Schematic Diagrams	
Reset Total Screen	System Pneumatic Schematic	
Reset Solvent Screen	System Electrical Schematic	
Alarms Screen27	EasyKey Electrical Schematic	
Level Control Screen27		
Setup Mode	Meter Performance Data (G3000 on A and B)	
Password Screen29	Meter Performance Data (G3000 on A, Coriolis on B)	
Set Up Home Screen29	Technical Data	
System Configuration Screens	Graco Standard Warranty	
Option Screens	Graco Information	134
Advanced Setup Screens		
Recipe Setup Screens43		
Recipe 0 Screens47		
Calibration Screen49		
ProMix 2KS Integration Specifics51		
Discrete I/O vs Network Communications51		
Discrete I/O		
Automation Flow Charts55		

# **Related Manuals**

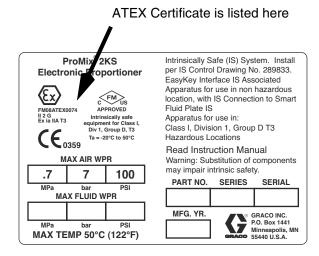
#### **Component Manuals in English**

Manual	Description
312778	ProMix 2KS Automatic System
	Installation
312780	ProMix 2KS Automatic System
	Repair-Parts
312781	Fluid Mix Manifold
312782	Dispense Valve
312783	Color Change Valve Stacks
312787	Color Change Module Kit
312784	Gun Flush Box Kits
310745	Gun Air Shutoff Kit
312786	Dump Valve and Third Purge Valve Kits
312785	Network Communication Kits
308778	G3000/G3000HR/G250/G250HR Flow
	Meter
313599	Coriolis Flow Meter
313212	Gun Flush Box Integration Kit
313290	Floor Stand Kit
313542	Beacon Kit
313386	Basic Web Interface/Advanced Web
	Interface
406800	15V825 Discrete I/O Board Kit

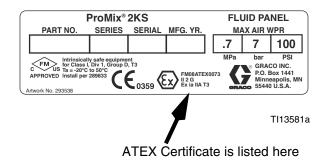
# **Equipment Approvals**

Equipment approvals appear on the following labels which are attached to the Fluid Station and EasyKey<sup>™</sup>. See Fig. 1 on page 4 and Fig. 2 on page 6 for label locations.

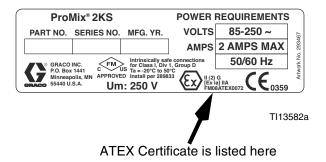
#### **EasyKey and Fluid Station Label**



#### Fluid Station Label



#### EasyKey Label



# **System Configuration and Part Numbers**

# **Wall Mount Fluid Station Configurator Key**

The configured part number for your equipment is printed on the equipment identification labels. See Fig. 1 for location of the identification labels. The part number includes one digit from each of the following six categories, depending on the configuration of your system.

Automatic System	Control and Display	A and B Meter	Color Valves	Catalyst Valves	Flow Control
A	D = EasyKey with LCD Display	0 = No Meters	0 = No Valves	0 = No Valves	N = No
		1 = G3000 (A and B)	(single color)	(single catalyst)	Y = Yes
		2 = G3000HR (A and B)	1 = Two Valves (low pressure)	1 = Two Valves (low pressure)	
		3 = 1/8 in. Coriolis (A) and G3000 (B)	2 = Four Valves (low pressure)	2 = Four Valves (low pressure)	
		4 = G3000 (A) and 1/8 in. Coriolis (B)	3 = Seven Valves (low pressure)	((***	
		5 = 1/8 in. Coriolis (A) and G3000HR (B)	4 = Twelve Valves (low pressure)		
		6 = G3000HR (A) and 1/8 in. Coriolis (B)	,		
		7 = 1/8 in. Coriolis (A and B)			

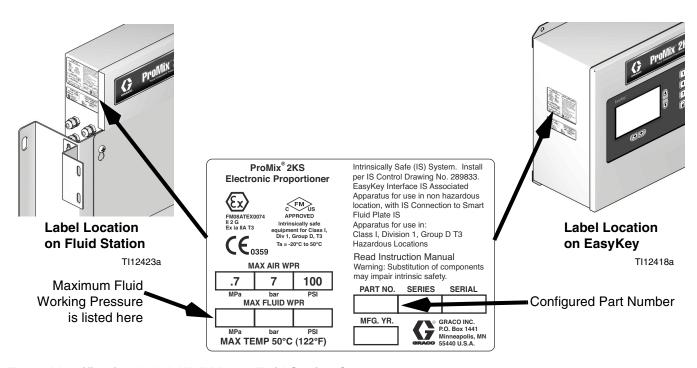


Fig. 1: Identification Label, Wall Mount Fluid Station Systems

#### **Hazardous Location Approval**

Models using a G3000, G3000HR, or intrinsically safe Coriolis meter for both A and B meters are approved for installation in a Hazardous Location - Class I, Div I, Group D, T3 or Zone I Group IIA T3.

#### **Maximum Working Pressure**

Maximum working pressure rating is dependent on the fluid component options selected. *The pressure rating is based on the rating of the lowest rated fluid component.* Refer to the component pressure ratings below. *Example:* Model AD110Y has a maximum working pressure of 190 psi (1.31 MPa, 13.1 bar).

Check the identification label on the EasyKey or fluid station for the system maximum working pressure. See Fig. 1.

### **ProMix Fluid Components Maximum Working Pressure**

Base System (no meters [option 0], no color/catalyst change [option 0],	
and no flow control [option N])	4000 psi (27.58 MPa, 275.8 bar)
Meter Option 1 and 2 (G3000 or G3000HR)	4000 psi (27.58 MPa, 275.8 bar)
Meter Option 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 (one or two Coriolis Meters)	2300 psi (15.86 MPa, 158.6 bar)
Color Change Option 1, 2, 3 and 4 and	
Catalyst Change Option 1 and 2 (low pressure valves)	300 psi (2.07 MPa, 20.6 bar)
Flow Control Option Y (Yes)	190 psi (1.31 MPa 13.1 bar)

#### Flow Meter Fluid Flow Rate Range

G3000	75-3800 cc/min. (0.02-1.0 gal./min.)
G3000HR	. 38-1900 cc/min. (0.01-0.50 gal./min.)
Coriolis Meter	20-3800 cc/min. (0.005-1.00 gal./min.)
S3000 Solvent Meter (accessory)	. 38-1900 cc/min. (0.01-0.50 gal./min.)

### **Standard Features**

#### **Feature**

EasyKey with LCD

Fiber Optic and Power Cables, 50 ft (15.25 m)

Wall Mount Fluid Station, 50 cc Integrator and Static Mixer

Discrete I/O Board

A Side Dump Valve, if color valve(s) selected

B Side Dump Valve, if catalyst valve(s) selected

Flow Control with 15 ft (4.57 m) Cable (if selected)

Basic Web Interface

312779E 5

# **RoboMix Fluid Station Configurator Key**

The configured part number for your equipment is printed on the equipment identification labels. See Fig. 2 for location of the identification labels. The part number includes one digit from each of the following six categories, depending on the configuration of your system.

RoboMix System	Control and Display	A and B Meter	Color Valves	Catalyst Valves	Flow Control
R	D = EasyKey with LCD Display	0 = No Meters 1 = G250 (A and B) 2 = G250HR (A and B)	0 = No Valves (single color)  1 = Two Valves (low pressure)  2 = Four Valves (low pressure)  3 = Seven Valves (low pressure)  4 = Twelve Valves (low pressure)	0 = No Valves (single catalyst)  1 = Two Valves (low pressure)  2 = Four Valves (low pressure)	N = No Y = Yes

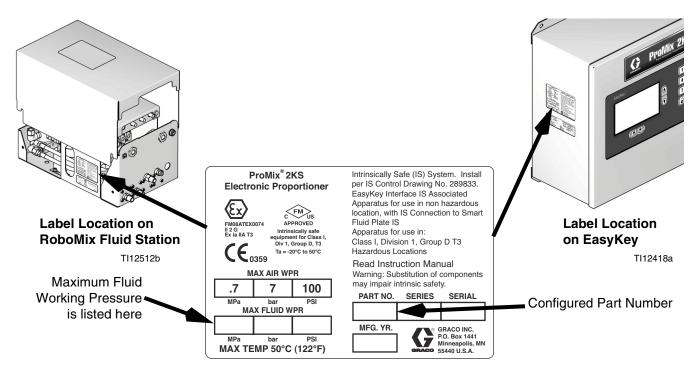


FIG. 2: Identification Label, RoboMix Fluid Station Systems

#### **Hazardous Location Approval**

Models using a G250 or G250HR for both A and B meters are approved for installation in a Hazardous Location - Class I, Div I, Group D, T3 or Zone I Group IIA T3.

#### **Maximum Working Pressure**

Maximum working pressure rating for RoboMix Systems is 190 psi (1.31 MPa, 13.1 bar).

Check the identification label on the EasyKey or RoboMix fluid station for the system maximum working pressure. See Fig. 2.

#### **ProMix RoboMix Systems Maximum Working Pressure**

#### Flow Meter Fluid Flow Rate Range

#### Standard Features

#### **Feature**

EasyKey with LCD

RS 485 Network Cable, 50 ft (15.25 m)

Fiber Optic and Power Cables, 50 ft (15.25 m)

Remote Fluid Station, 25 cc Integrator

Discrete I/O Board

A Side Dump Valve, if color valve(s) selected

B Side Dump Valve, if catalyst valve(s) selected

Flow Control with 15 ft (4.57 m) Cable (if selected)

Basic Web Interface

# **Accessories**

Accessory
15V354 Third Purge Valve Kit
15V202 Third Purge Valve Kit
15V536 Solvent Flow Switch Kit
15V213 Power Cable, 100 ft (30.5 m)
15G710 Fiber Optic Cable, 100 ft (30.5 m)
15G614 Flow Control Extension Cable, 40 ft (12.2 m)
15U955 Injection Kit for Dynamic Dosing
15V034 10 cc Integrator Kit
15V033 25 cc Integrator Kit
15V021 50 cc Integrator Kit
24B618 100 cc Integrator Kit
15W034 Strobe Light Alarm Indicator Kit
15V331 Gateway Ethernet Communication Kit
15V963 Gateway DeviceNet Communication Kit
15V964 Gateway Profibus Communication Kit
15V337 Advanced Web Interface
280555 S3000 Solvent Flow Meter Kit

# Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

# **MARNING**



#### FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

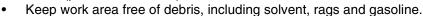
Flammable fumes, such as solvent and paint fumes, in **work area** can ignite or explode. To help prevent fire and explosion:







Eliminate all ignition sources; such as pilot lights, cigarettes, portable electric lamps, and plastic drop cloths (potential static arc).





- Do not plug or unplug power cords, or turn power or light switches on or off when flammable fumes are present.
- Ground all equipment in the work area. See Grounding instructions in your system installation manual.
- Use only grounded hoses.
- Hold gun firmly to side of grounded pail when triggering into pail.
- If there is static sparking or you feel a shock, **stop operation immediately.** Do not use equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- Keep a working fire extinguisher in the work area.



#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD**

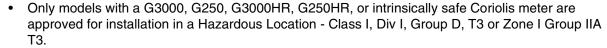
This equipment must be grounded. Improper grounding, setup, or usage of the system can cause electric shock.

- Turn off and disconnect power at main switch before disconnecting any cables and before servicing equipment.
- Connect only to grounded power source.
- All electrical wiring must be done by a qualified electrician and comply with all local codes and regulations.



#### **INTRINSIC SAFETY**

Intrinsically safe equipment that is installed improperly or connected to non-intrinsically safe equipment will create a hazardous condition and can cause fire, explosion, or electric shock. Follow local regulations and the following safety requirements.



- Do not install equipment approved only for a non-hazardous location in a hazardous area. See the ID label for the intrinsic safety rating of your model.
- · Do not substitute or modify system components as this may impair intrinsic safety.



# **WARNING**



#### **SKIN INJECTION HAZARD**

High-pressure fluid from gun, hose leaks, or ruptured components will pierce skin. This may look like just a cut, but it is a serious injury that can result in amputation. **Get immediate surgical treatment.** 



- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Do not point gun at anyone or at any part of the body.
- Do not put your hand over the spray tip.
- Do not stop or deflect leaks with your hand, body, glove, or rag.
- Follow **Pressure Relief Procedure** in this manual, when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.



#### **EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD**

Misuse can cause death or serious injury.

- Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals.
- Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See **Technical Data** in all equipment manuals. Read fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings. For complete information about your material, request MSDS forms from distributor or retailer.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.
- Do not alter or modify equipment.
- Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.
- Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.
- Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.
- Keep children and animals away from work area.
- Comply with all applicable safety regulations.



#### **TOXIC FLUID OR FUMES HAZARD**

Toxic fluids or fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on skin, inhaled, or swallowed.



- Read MSDS's to know the specific hazards of the fluids you are using.
- Store hazardous fluid in approved containers, and dispose of it according to applicable guidelines.
- Always wear chemically impermeable gloves when spraying or cleaning equipment.



#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

You must wear appropriate protective equipment when operating, servicing, or when in the operating area of the equipment to help protect you from serious injury, including eye injury, inhalation of toxic fumes, burns, and hearing loss. This equipment includes but is not limited to:

- Protective eyewear
- Clothing and respirator as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer
- Gloves
- Hearing protection

# **Important Two-Component Material Information**

# **Isocyanate Conditions**













Spraying or dispensing materials containing isocyanates creates potentially harmful mists, vapors, and atomized particulates.

Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS to know specific hazards and precautions related to isocyanates.

Prevent inhalation of isocyanate mists, vapors, and atomized particulates by providing sufficient ventilation in the work area. If sufficient ventilation is not available, a supplied-air respirator is required for everyone in the work area.

To prevent contact with isocyanates, appropriate personal protective equipment, including chemically impermeable gloves, boots, aprons, and goggles, is also required for everyone in the work area.

# **Material Self-ignition**







Some materials may become self-igniting if applied too thickly. Read material manufacturer's warnings and material MSDS.

# **Keep Components A and B Separate**









Cross-contamination can result in cured material in fluid lines which could cause serious injury or damage equipment. To prevent cross-contamination of the equipment's wetted parts, **never** interchange component A (isocyanate) and component B (resin) parts.

# Moisture Sensitivity of Isocyanates

Isocyanates (ISO) are catalysts used in two component coatings. ISO will react with moisture (such as humidity) to form small, hard, abrasive crystals, which become suspended in the fluid. Eventually a film will form on the surface and the ISO will begin to gel, increasing in viscosity. If used, this partially cured ISO will reduce performance and the life of all wetted parts.

**NOTE:** The amount of film formation and rate of crystallization varies depending on the blend of ISO, the humidity, and the temperature.

To prevent exposing ISO to moisture:

- Always use a sealed container with a desiccant dryer in the vent, or a nitrogen atmosphere. Never store ISO in an open container.
- Use moisture-proof hoses specifically designed for ISO, such as those supplied with your system.
- Never use reclaimed solvents, which may contain moisture. Always keep solvent containers closed when not in use.
- Never use solvent on one side if it has been contaminated from the other side.
- Always lubricate threaded parts with ISO pump oil or grease when reassembling.

# **Changing Materials**

- When changing materials, flush the equipment multiple times to ensure it is thoroughly clean.
- Always clean the fluid inlet strainers after flushing.
- Check with your material manufacturer for chemical compatibility.
- Most materials use ISO on the A side, but some use ISO on the B side.

# **Glossary of Terms**

**Air Chop** - the process of mixing air and solvent together during the flush cycle to help clean the lines and reduce solvent usage.

**Air Chop Time-** duration of each activation of the air purge valve during a chop sequence. User settable from 0.0-99.9 seconds.

**Analog** - relating to, or being a device in which data are represented by continuously variable, measurable, physical quantities, such as length, width, voltage, or pressure.

**Chop Time**- refers to the total length of the chop sequence during a purge. User settable from 0-999 seconds.

**Closed Loop Flow Control** - refers to the process when the flow rate is adjusted automatically to maintain a constant flow.

**Color/Catalyst Dump** - refers to the time required to flush the lines from the color or catalyst change module to the mix manifold during a color or catalyst change.

**Color/Catalyst Fill** - refers to the time required to fill the lines from the color or catalyst change module to the mix manifold.

**Coriolis Meter** - a non-intrusive flow meter often used in low flow applications or with light viscosity, shear sensitive, or acid catalyzed materials. This meter uses vibration to measure flow.

**Digital Input and Output** - a description of data which is transmitted as a sequence of discrete symbols, most commonly this means binary data represented using electronic or electromagnetic signals.

**Discrete I/O** - refers to data that constitutes a separate entity and has direct communication to another control.

**Dose Size** - the amount of resin (A) and catalyst (B) that is dispensed into an integrator.

**Dose Time Alarm** - the amount of time that is allowed for a dose to occur before an alarm occurs.

**Dynamic Dosing** - Component A dispenses constantly. Component B dispenses intermittently in the necessary volume to attain the mix ratio.

**Ethernet** - a method for directly connecting a computer to a network or equipment in the same physical location.

**Fiber Optic Communication** - the use of light to transmit communication signals.

**Final Purge Source**- source of the media used in the final purge cycle. User settable to air purge valve, solvent purge valve, or 3rd purge valve.

**Final Purge Time**- duration of the final purge cycle. User settable from 0-999 seconds.

**First Purge Source-** source of the media used in the first purge cycle. User settable to air purge valve, solvent purge valve, or 3rd purge valve

**First Purge Time**- duration of the first purge cycle. User settable from 0-999 seconds.

**Flow Control Resolution** - a settable value that allows the flow control system to maximize its performance. The value is based on maximum desired flow rates.

Flow Rate Analog Signal - the type of communication signal that can be used on the ProControl module.

Flow Rate Tolerance - the settable percent of acceptable variance that the system will allow before a flow rate warning occurs.

Flow Set Point - a predefined flow rate target.

**Flush Volume Check** - system monitors flush volume. E-11 Alarm occurs if minimum volume is not achieved. Minimum flush volume is user settable (0-999 cc).

**Grand Total** - a non-resettable value that shows the total amount of material dispensed through the system.

**Gun Trigger Input Signal** - used to manage ratio assurance dose times and flow control processes.

**Intrinsically Safe (IS)** - refers to the ability to locate certain components in a hazardous location.

**Idle** - if the gun is not triggered for 2 minutes the system enters Idle mode. Trigger the gun to resume operation.

**Job Total** - a resettable value that shows the amount of material dispensed through the system for one job. A job is complete when a color change or complete system flush occurs.

**K-factor** - a value that refers to the amount of material that passes through a meter. The assigned value refers to an amount of material per pulse.

**Ki** - refers to the degree fluid flow over shoots its set point.

**Kp** - refers to the speed in which the fluid flow reaches its set point.

**Manual Mode** - when the proportioning or flow control system is controlling the inputs without any input from an outside control.

**Minimum Material Fill Volume** - system monitors material fill volume. E-21 Alarm occurs if minimum volume is not achieved. Minimum material fill volume is user settable (0-9999 cc).

**Mix** - when cross-linking of the resin (A) and catalyst (B) occurs.

**Mix Input Signal**- refers to system mode status where system begins a dose sequence each time the mix signal is made "High".

**Mixed Material Fill Time** - the amount of time that is required to load mixed material from the dose valves to the applicator/gun.

**Modbus/TCP** - a type of communication protocol used to communicate Digital I/O signals over an ethernet.

**Network Station** - a means to identify a particular individual proportioning or flow control system.

**Overdose Alarm** - when either the resin (A) or catalyst (B) component dispenses too much material and the system cannot compensate for the additional material.

**Potlife Time** - the amount of time before a material becomes unsprayable.

**Potlife Volume** - the amount of material that is required to move through the mix manifold, hose and applicator before the potlife timer is reset.

**Purge** - when all mixed material is flushed from the system.

**Purge Time** - the amount of time required to flush all mixed material from the system.

**Purge Volume Alarm** - E-11 Alarm occurs if minimum flush volume is not achieved.

Ratio Tolerance - the settable percent of acceptable variance that the system will allow before a ratio alarm occurs.

**Sequential Color Change** - the process when a color change is initiated and the system automatically flushes the old color and loads a new color.

**Sequential Dosing** - Components A and B dispense sequentially in the necessary volumes to attain the mix ratio.

**Solvent/3rd Purge Valve Chop Time**- duration of each activation of the solvent or 3rd purge valve during a chop sequence. User settable from 0.0-99.9 seconds.

**Solvent Fill** - the time required to fill the mixed material line with solvent.

**Solvent Push** - enables the user to save some mixed material by pushing it out to the gun with solvent. Requires an accessory solvent meter.

**Standby** - refers to the status of the system.

**Third Purge Valve** - refers to the use of three purge valves used to flush some waterborne materials. The valves are used to flush with water, air and solvent.

**V/P** - refers to the voltage to air pressure device in the flow control module.

# **Overview**

# **Usage**

The Graco ProMix 2KS is an electronic two-component paint proportioner. It can blend most two-component solvent and waterborne epoxy, polyurethane, and acid-catalyzed paints. It is not for use with "quick-setting" paints (those with a potlife of less than 15 minutes).

- Can proportion at ratios from 0.1:1 to 50:1 in 0.1 increments.
- Has user selectable ratio assurance and can maintain up to +/-1% accuracy, depending on materials and operating conditions.
- Models are available to operate air spray or air-assisted systems with a capacity of up to 3800 cc/min.
- Color change options are available for low pressure (300 psi [2.1 MPa, 21 bar]) air spray and high pressure (3000 psi [21 MPa, 210 bar]) systems with up to 30 color change valves and up to 4 catalyst change valves.

**NOTE:** Optional accessories are available for in field installation to achieve 30 colors.

# **Component Identification and Definition**

SeeTable 1, and Fig. 3 for the wall mount system components and Fig. 5 for the RoboMix system components.

**Table 1: Component Descriptions** 

Component	Description	
EasyKey (EK)	Used to set up, display, operate, and monitor the system. The EasyKey accepts 85-250 VAC, 50/60 Hz line power and converts that power to acceptable low voltage and optical signals used by other system components.	
Wall Mount Fluid Station (ST, used on ADxxxx and AExxxx Models only)	Includes air control solenoids, flow switches, and mountings for the fluid flow meters, and the fluid manifold assembly. Its control board manages all proportioning functions.	
RoboMix Fluid Station (RS, used on RDxxxx and RExxxx Models only)	Includes air control solenoids, flow switches, fluid flow meters, and the fluid manifold assembly to control and monitor fluid dispensing. Its control board manages all proportioning functions.	
Fluid Manifold (FM)	<ul> <li>Pneumatically Operated Dose Valves for component A and B</li> <li>Purge Valves for solvent and air purge</li> <li>Sampling Valves for calibrating the flow meters and performing ratio checks (Wall Mount Panel only)</li> <li>Shutoff Valves for component A and B to close their fluid passages to the mix manifold, to allow for accurate calibration and ratio checks (Wall Mount Panel only)</li> <li>Mix Manifold, which includes the fluid integrator and static mixer.</li> <li>→ Fluid Integrator is the chamber where component A and B align at the selected ratio and begin to mix.</li> <li>→ Static Mixer has 24 elements to uniformly blend the materials downstream of the fluid integrator.</li> </ul>	

**Table 1: Component Descriptions** 

Component	Description
Flow Meters (MA,	The following optional flow meters are available from Graco:
MB, MS)	G3000 is a general purpose gear meter typically used in flow ranges of 75-3800 cc/min. (0.02–1.0 gal/min.), pressures up to 4000 psi (28 MPa, 276 bar), and viscosities of 20–3000 centipoise. The K-factor is approximately 0.119 cc/pulse.
	• <b>G3000HR</b> is a high resolution version of the G3000 meter. It is typically used in flow ranges of 38–1900 cc/min. (0.01–0.5 gal/min.), pressures up to 4000 psi (28 MPa, 276 bar). and viscosities of 20–3000 centipoise. The K-factor is approximately 0.061 cc/pulse.
	• <b>G250</b> is a general purpose gear meter, used in RoboMix systems. It is typically used in flow ranges of 75-3800 cc/min. (0.02–1.0 gal/min.), pressures up to 300 psi (2.1 MPa, 21 bar), and viscosities of 20–3000 centipoise. The K-factor is approximately 0.119 cc/pulse.
	• <b>G250HR</b> is a high resolution version of the G250 meter, used in RoboMix systems. It is typically used in flow ranges of 38–1900 cc/min. (0.01–0.5 gal/min.), pressures up to 300 psi (2.1 MPa, 21 bar). and viscosities of 20–3000 centipoise. The K-factor is approximately 0.061 cc/pulse.
	S3000 is a gear meter used for solvents in flow ranges of 38-1900 cc/min. (0.01–0.50 gal/min.), pressures up to 3000 psi (21 MPa, 210 bar), and viscosities of 20–50 centipoise. The K-factor is approximately 0.021 cc/pulse. Required to use the Solvent Push feature.
	<ul> <li>Coriolis is a specialty meter capable of a wide range of flow rates and viscosities. This meter is available with 1/8 in. or 3/8 in. diameter fluid passages. For detailed information on the Coriolis meter, see manual 313599.         The K-factor is user-settable; at lower flow rates use a lower K-factor.         → 1/8 in. fluid passages: set K-factor to .020 or .061.         → 3/8 in. fluid passages: set K-factor to .061 or 0.119.     </li> </ul>
Color Change Valves (ACV) and Color Change Module (CCM)	An optional component. It is available as a color change valve stack for either low or high pressure with up to 30 color change valves. Each stack includes one additional valve for solvent to clean the fluid line between color changes.
Catalyst Change Valves (BCV)	An optional component. It is available as a catalyst change valve stack for either low or high pressure with up to 4 catalyst change valves. Each stack includes one additional valve for solvent to clean the fluid line between catalyst changes.
Dual Fiber Optic Cable (FO)	Used to communicate between the EasyKey and Wall Mount Fluid Station or RoboMix.
Fluid Station Power Supply Cable (PS)	Used to provide power to the Wall Mount Fluid Station or RoboMix.
Flow Control Regulator Assembly (FC)	Includes an air operated fluid pressure regulator, fluid pressure sensor, voltage to air pressure transducer and circuit board. The function of this unit is to receive the flow analog signal and drive (manage) the desired flow rate.

# **Wall Mount System Components**

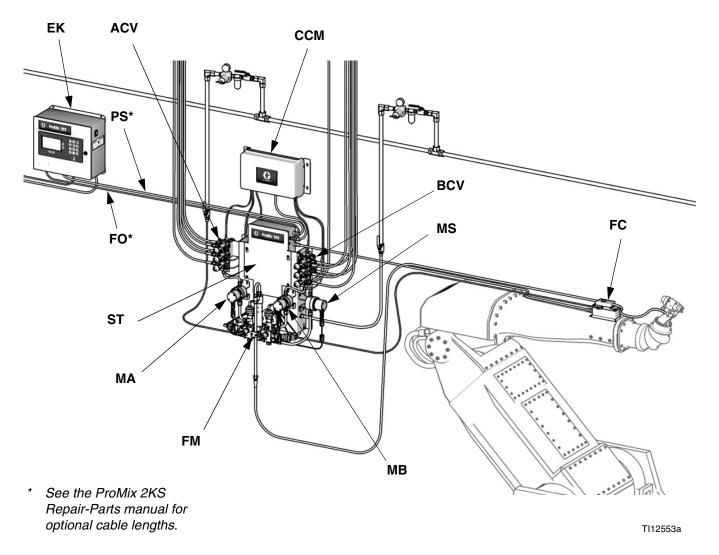
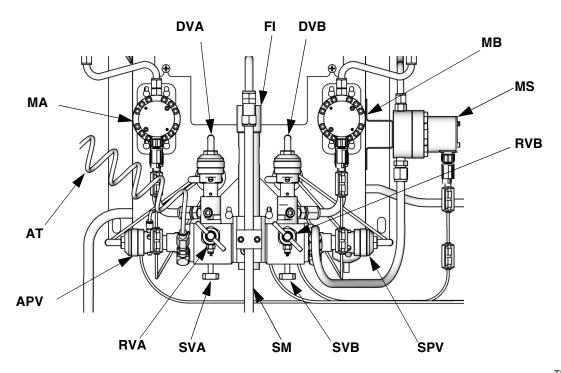


Fig. 3. Wall Mount System, shown with G3000 Meters, Color/Catalyst Change, Accessory Solvent Meter, and Flow Control



TI12556b

#### Fig. 4. Wall Mount Fluid Station

#### Key:

MA Component A Meter
DVA Component A Dose Valve
RVA Component A Sampling Valve
SVA Component A Shutoff Valve
MB Component B Meter
DVB Component B Dose Valve
RVB Component B Sampling Valve
SVB Component B Shutoff Valve
MS Solvent Meter (accessory)

SPV Solvent Purge Valve
APV Air Purge Valve
SM Static Mixer
FI Fluid Integrator

AT Air Purge Valve Air Supply Tube

# **RoboMix System Components**

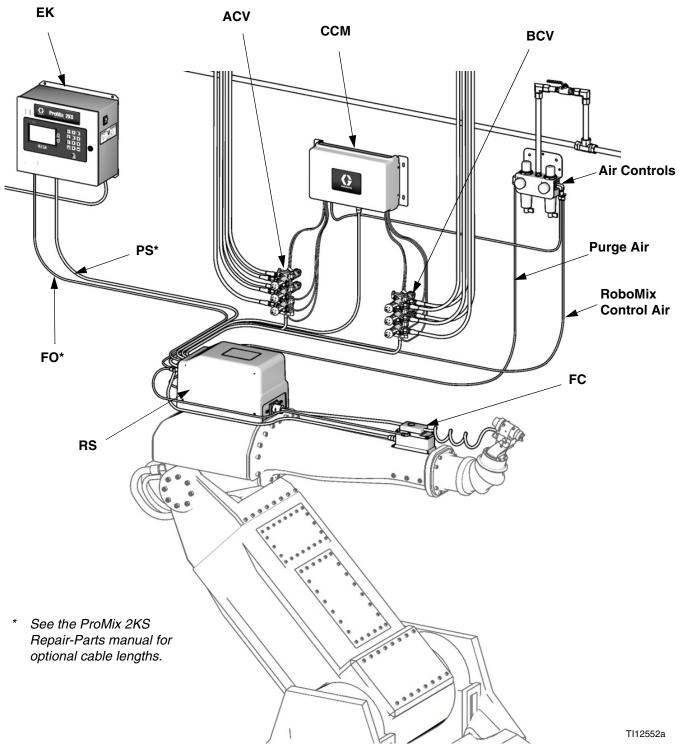
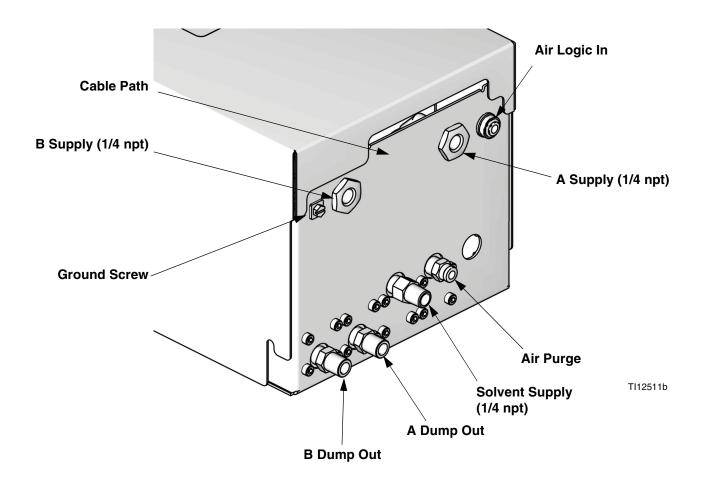


Fig. 5. RoboMix System shown with Color/Catalyst Change and Flow Control



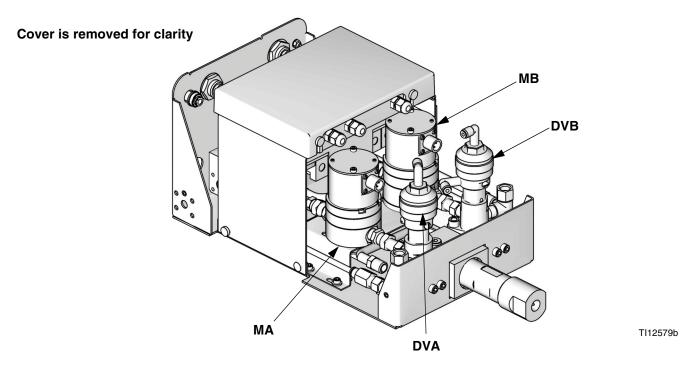


Fig. 6: Details of RoboMix Fluid Station

# EasyKey Display and Keyboard

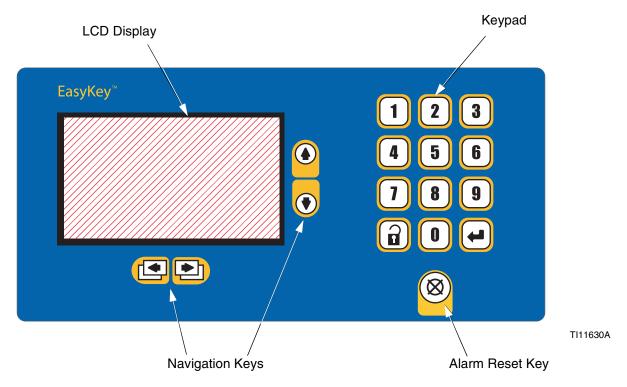


Fig. 7. EasyKey Display and Keypad

# **Display**

Shows graphical and text information related to setup and spray operations. Back light will turn off after 10 minutes without any key press. Press any key to turn back on.

# **Keypad**

Used to input numerical data, enter setup screens, scroll through screens, and select setup values.

In addition to the numbered keys on the EasyKey keypad, which are used to enter values in setup, there are keys to navigate within a screen and between screens, and to save entered values. See Table 2.

Table 2: EasyKey Keypad Functions (see Fig. 7)

Key	Function
	Setup: press to enter or exit Setup mode.
4	Enter: if cursor is in menu box, press Enter key to view menu. Press Enter to save a value either keyed in from the numerical keypad or selected from a menu.
<b>•</b>	Up Arrow: move to previous field or menu item, or to previous screen within a group.
<b>▼</b>	Down Arrow: move to next field or menu item, or to next screen within a group.
•	Left Arrow: move to previous screen group.
•	Right Arrow: move to next screen group.
$\boxtimes$	Alarm Reset: resets alarms.

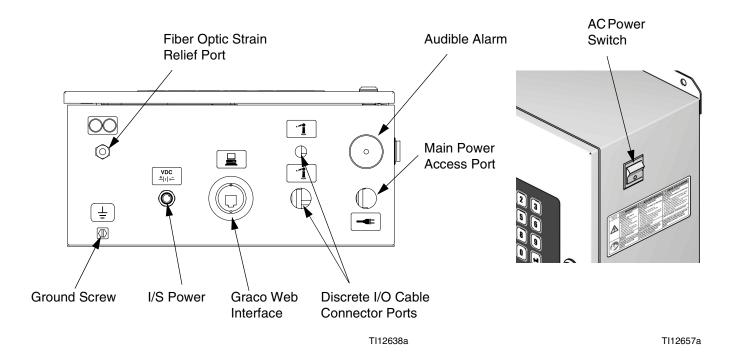


FIG. 8. EasyKey Connections and AC Power Switch

#### **AC Power Switch**

Turns system AC power on or off.

### I/S Power

Power circuit to Fluid Station.

# Potlife Exceeded Audible Alarm

Alerts the user when a Potlife Exceeded alarm occurs.

Clear by pressing the Alarm Reset key.



### **Graco Web Interface Port**

Used to communicate with the ProMix from a PC to:

- → Upgrade software
- → View software version
- → Download
  - Job and alarm logs
  - · Material usage report
  - Setup values (can also upload)
- → Clear job, alarm, and material usage reports
- → Upload a custom language to view on screen
- → Restore factory defaults
- → Restore setup password

See manual 313386 for more information.

**NOTE:** If using the Graco Gateway in your system, disconnect its cable from the EasyKey before updating the ProMix 2KS software.

### **Ethernet Connection**

You can access data on an office or industrial network through the internet with the proper configuration. See manual 313386 for more information.

# **Run Mode Screens**

**NOTE:** See Fig. 11 for a map of the Run screens. Detailed screen descriptions follow.

# **Splash Screen**

At power up, the Graco logo and software revision will display for approximately 5 seconds, followed by the **Status Screen** (see page 24).



Fig. 9. Splash Screen

The Splash screen will also momentarily display "Establishing Communication." If this display remains for more than one minute, check that the fluid station circuit board is powered up (LED is on) and that the fiber optic cable is properly connected (see Installation manual).

**NOTE:** If the software version of the fluid plate does not match the version of the EasyKey, the EasyKey will update the fluid plate, and the fluid plate programming screen will appear until the update is completed.

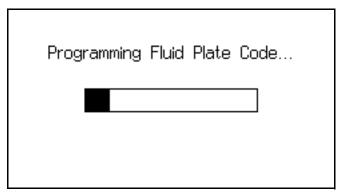


Fig. 10. Fluid Plate Programming Screen

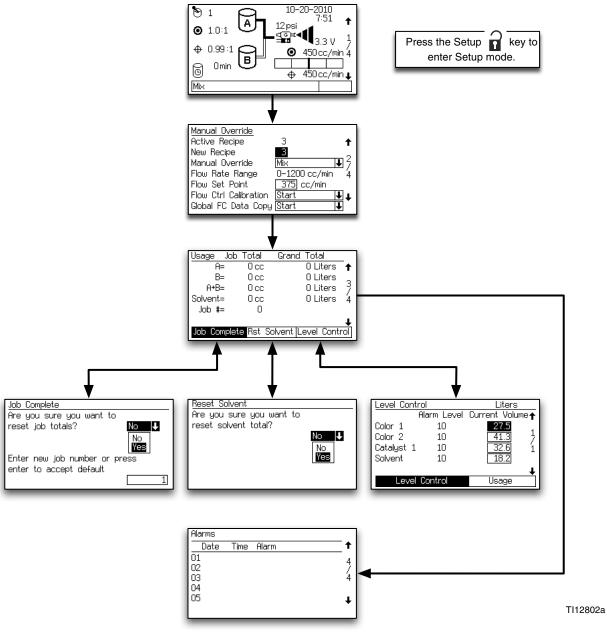


Fig. 11. Run Screens Map

312779E 23

### **Status Screen**

- Use the Up ♠ or Down ♥ keys to scroll through the Run screens.
- Press the Setup key to enter the Setup screens from the Status screen.
- The other keys have no function in this Status screen.

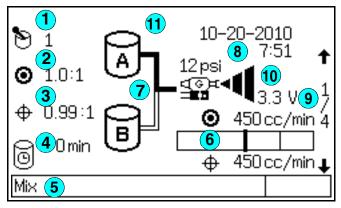


Fig. 12. Status Screen

#### Key to Fig. 12:

1 Active Recipe: shows the active recipe.

**NOTE:** At power up the system defaults to Recipe 61, which is not a valid recipe number.

- **2 Target Ratio:** for the active recipe. The ratio can be from 0.0:1–50.0:1, in 0.1 increments.
- 3 Actual Ratio: in hundredths, calculated after each dose of A and B.
- 4 Potlife Timer: shows remaining potlife time in minutes. Two times are shown if there are two guns (manual or semi-automatic mode only).
- **Status Bar:** shows current alarm or operation mode (standby, mix, purge, recipe change, or the current alarm).

**NOTE:** If the auto key board is removed from the EasyKey display board, the Status Bar will read "Auto key not found." This indicates that the automatic mode is not operable.

- 6 Target Flow Rate and Current Flow Rate: in cc/min.
- Animation: when the gun is triggered, the gun appears to spray and the component A or B hose lights up, showing which component dose valve is open.
- (8) Current Date and Time
- (9) Screen Number and Scroll Arrows: displays the current screen number and the total number of screens in a group. The Up and Down arrows on the right edge of the screen indicate the scroll feature. The total number of screens in some groups may vary depending on system configuration selections.
- **10** Current Flow Control Data: fluid output pressure and voltage of analog signal used for driving the fluid regulator V/P.
- **1 Lock Symbol:** indicates that Setup screens are password protected. See page 29.

### **Manual Override Screen**

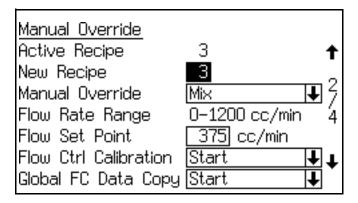


Fig. 13. Manual Override Screen

This screen will appear if Manual Override is set to "On" in **Advanced Setup Screen 1** (page 39). It shows the active recipe, new/go to recipe, and manual override mode.

If Flow Control is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 5** on page 34, this screen will also display Flow Rate Range, Flow Set Point, Flow Control Calibration (Start/Abort), and Global Flow Control Data Copy (Start/Abort).

#### Manual Override Menu

This field allows you to set the operating mode from the EasyKey. Press the Enter key to view the menu, then select the desired operating mode (Standby, Mix, Purge, or Recipe Change). See Fig. 14.

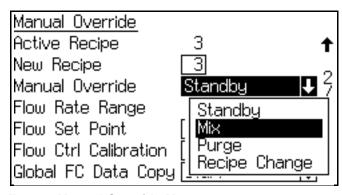


Fig. 14. Manual Override Menu

#### Flow Rate Range

This screen displays the flow rate range selected on **Advanced Setup Screen 5** (see page 41).

#### Flow Set Point

The Flow Set Point is user settable. If Flow Control Override is set to "Off" or "Pressure" in **Advanced Setup Screen 1** on page 39, the Flow Set Point will display as cc/min. Enter the desired flow set point within the range.

If Flow Control Override is set to "% Open," the Flow Set Point will display as % Open. This percentage relates to the flow control V/P ratio which translates to a fluid flow rate. Set the initial percentage at 35% and increase as necessary to reach the desired flow rate.

#### Flow Control Calibration

This field allows you to calibrate flow control for each recipe. The system must be in Mix mode and receiving a Gun Trigger signal. Press the Enter key to view the menu, then select Start or Abort. See Fig. 15.

The flow rate will drop to 0, then incrementally increase until it reaches the maximum flow rate. To view the progress, go to the **Status Screen**, page 24. The system will populate the data for the current recipe. To copy this data to all recipes, see **Global Flow Control Data Copy**, page 26.

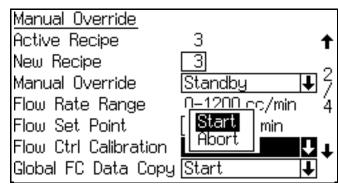


Fig. 15. Flow Control Calibration

#### **Global Flow Control Data Copy**

This field allows you to copy flow control data from the active recipe to all recipes. Press the Enter key to view the menu, then select Start or Abort. See Fig. 16.

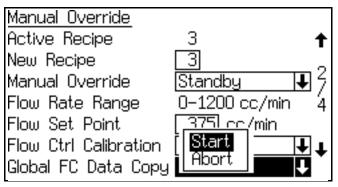


Fig. 16. Global FC Data Copy

### **Totals Screen**

Usage Job	Total	Grand Total	
Ĥ=	0 cc	0 Liters 🕇	•
B=	Осс	O Liters	
A+B=	Осс	O Liters 🦪	į
Solvent=	Осс	O Liters 4	ŀ
Job #=	0		
		1	,
Job Complete	e Rst S	olvent Level Control	]

Fig. 17. Totals Screen

This screen shows the job totals, grand totals, and job number. Use the tabs to reset job totals (Job Complete), reset solvent totals (Rst Solvent), or go to **Level Control Screen**, page 27.

Solvent Totals and the Rst Solvent tab only appear if "Meter" is selected under Solvent Monitor in **Configure Screen 5** on page 34.

**NOTE:** Grand totals are not resettable.

### **Reset Total Screen**

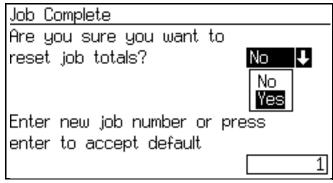


Fig. 18. Reset Total Screen

If job is reset, job number will increment by one for default.

### **Reset Solvent Screen**

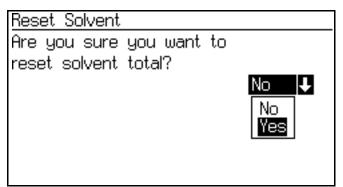


Fig. 19. Reset Solvent Total Screen

The screen will ask if you want to reset solvent total. Select Yes or No.

### **Alarms Screen**

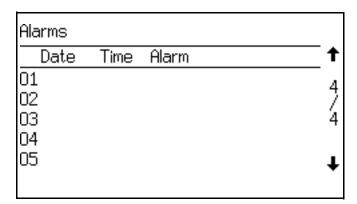


Fig. 20. Alarms Screen

Two screens show the last 10 alarms. Use the Up ♠ or Down ♥ keys to scroll between the two screens.

See Table 16 on page 115 for a list of alarm codes.

### **Level Control Screen**

Level Cont	rol	Liters
	Alarm Level	Current Volume↑
Color 1	10	27.5
Color 2	10	41.3
Catalyst 1	10	32.6 1
Solvent	10	18.2
		+
Level	Control	Usage

Fig. 21. Level Control Screen

This screen shows the current volume for each fluid. Adjust the current volumes on this screen, or use the tab to go to Usage (**Totals Screen**, page 26). The Alarm Level values may be adjusted using the advanced web interface.

See Fig. 22. If the tank volume reaches the low-level threshold, the EasyKey screen will display the Tank Level Low alarm and prompt the user to do one of the following:

- 1. Refill tank volume to clear the alarm.
- 2. Resume mixing by selecting "Spray 25% of Remainder." If this selection is chosen, a second alarm will occur after 25% of the remaining volume is mixed. Refill tank volume to clear the alarm.

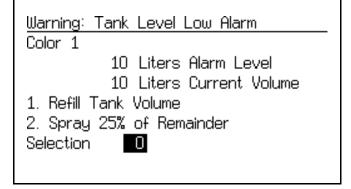


Fig. 22. Tank Level Low Screen (Tank A Shown)

312779E 27

# **Setup Mode**

**NOTE:** See Fig. 23 for a map of the Setup screens. Detailed screen descriptions follow.

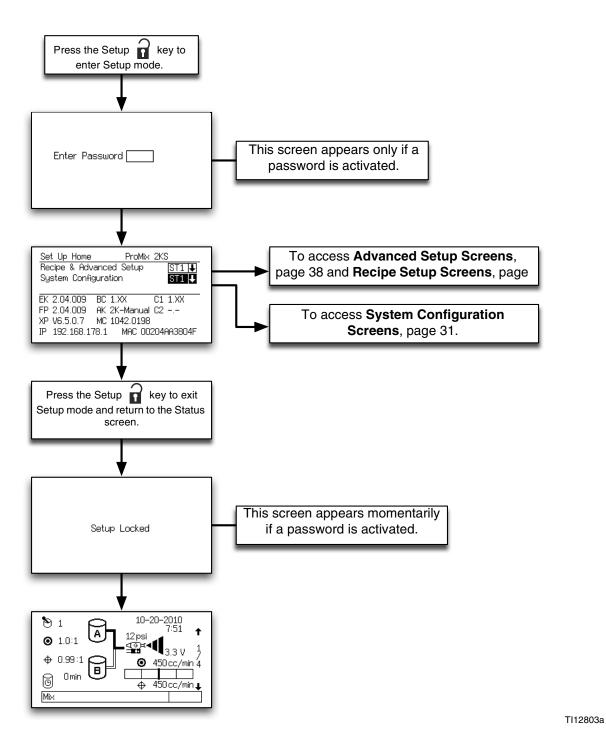


Fig. 23. Setup Screens Map

## **Password Screen**

If a password has been activated (see **Configure Screen 1**, page 32), the Password screen will appear. You must enter the password to access the **Set Up Home Screen**. Entering the wrong password returns the display to the **Status Screen**.

**NOTE:** If you forget the password, you can reset the password (to 0), using the ProMix Web Interface (see manual 313386).

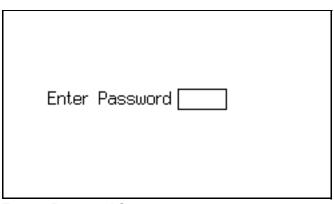
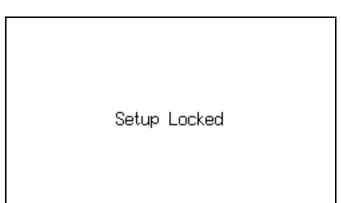


Fig. 24. Password Screen

Fig. 25. Setup Locked Screen

**NOTE:** If a password is activated, **Setup Locked** displays momentarily after exiting Setup mode and returning to the **Status Screen**. A lock symbol appears on the **Status Screen**.



## **Set Up Home Screen**

Set	Uр	Home	9		Pro	Mix	2K9	S	
Reci	Recipe & Advanced Setup ST1 ▮								1
System Configuration ST1 U									
EK 2	2.04.	009	BC	1.X	Х		C1	1.XX	
FP 2	2.04.	009	ΑK	2K-	-Man	ual	C2		
XP V	/6.5.	0.7	MC	104	<b>1</b> 2.01	198			
IP 1	192.:	168.1	.78.1		MAC	002	204f	AA381	04F

Fig. 26. Set Up Home Screen

This screen displays when you enter Setup mode. From it you can go to Recipe and Advanced Setup Screens (pages 38-46) or System Configuration Screens (pages 31-37). Press the Enter key to go to the

(pages 31-37). Press the Enter key to go to the selected screen set.

The screen also displays software versions and internet addresses of various components. The values shown in Fig. 26 are only examples and may vary on your screen. See Table 3 for further information.

**Table 3: Component Software Versions** 

Component	Display (may vary from examples shown)	Description				
EK (EasyKey)	2.00.012	EasyKey software version.				
FP (Fluid Plate)	2.00.012	Fluid Plate software version.				
BC (Booth Control)		Booth Control not installed, not detected, or not operational.				
	1.XX	Booth Control software version 1.00 or 1.01.				
	2.XX	Booth Control software version 2.XX.				
C1/C2 (Color Change Modules 1 and 2)		Color Change Module 1/2 not installed, not detected, or not operational.				
	1.XX	Color Change Module software version 1.00 or 1.01.				
	2.XX	Color Change Module software version 2.XX.				
AK (Autokey)	2K-Manual	No AutoKey installed or detected. System operates in 2K Manual Mode only				
	2K-Auto	2K AutoKey detected. System can operate in 2K Manual, Semi-automatic, or Automatic Mode.				
	3K-Auto	3K AutoKey detected. System can operate in 3K Manual, Semi-automatic, or Automatic Mode.				
XP (XPORT)	V6.6.0.2	Example of XPORT network module software version. Other versions are acceptable.				
MC (Micro Controller)	1042.0198	Example of fluid plate micro controller version. Other versions are acceptable.				
IP (Internet Address) 192.168.178.5		Example of the address EasyKey is set to for basic and advanced web interface reporting.				
MAC (MAC address)	00204AAD1810	Example of internet MAC address. Each EasyKey v have a different value in this format.				

# **System Configuration Screens**

**NOTE:** See Fig. 27 for a map of the **System Configuration Screens**. Detailed screen descriptions follow.

**NOTE:** Each screen displays the current screen number and the total number of screens in the group.

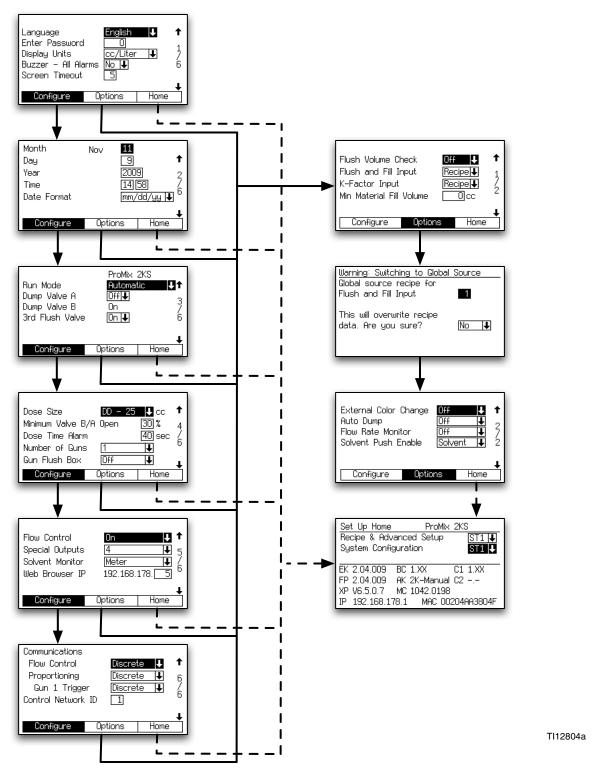


FIG. 27. System Configuration and Option Screens Map

#### **Configure Screen 1**

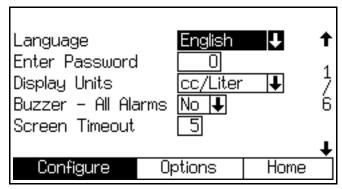


Fig. 28. Configure Screen 1

#### Language

Defines the language of the screen text. Select English (default), Spanish, French, German, Italian, Dutch, Japanese (Kanji), Korean, and Chinese (Simplified).

#### **Password**

The password is only used to enter Setup mode. The default is 0, which means no password is required to enter Setup. If a password is desired, enter a number from 1 to 9999.

**NOTE:** Be sure to write down the password and keep it in a secure location.

#### **Display Units**

Select the desired display units:

- cc/liter (default)
- cc/gallon

#### **Buzzer - All Alarms**

As shipped, the alarm buzzer will sound only for the Potlife Alarm (E-2).

Off is default. Set to "On" to have the buzzer sound for all alarms.

#### **Screen Timeout**

Select the desired screen timeout in minutes (0-99). 5 is the default.

#### **Configure Screen 2**

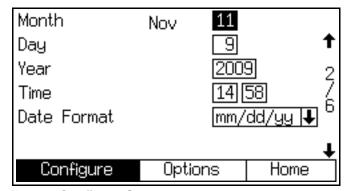


Fig. 29. Configure Screen 2

#### Month

Enter current month.

#### Day

Enter current day.

#### Year

Enter current year (four digits).

#### Time

Enter current time in hours (24 hour clock) and minutes. Seconds are not adjustable.

#### **Date Format**

Select mm/dd/yy or dd/mm/yy.

#### **Configure Screen 3**

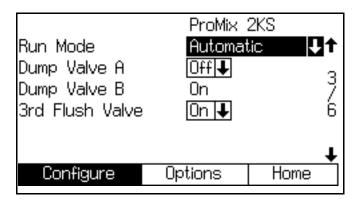


Fig. 30. Configure Screen 3

#### **Run Mode**

Select the Run mode application from the pulldown menu: Automatic (default), Semi-Automatic (uses a manual spray gun), or Manual.

**NOTE:** ProControl 1KS is also available as a selection. For further information, see ProControl 1KS operation manual 3A1080.

#### **Dump Valve A**

This field only appears if the system includes an optional dump valve A. If dump valve A is included, set to On.

#### **Dump Valve B**

This field only appears if the catalyst change option is detected from the cc board, meaning that dump valve B is present. On is the only setting.

#### 3rd Flush Valve

Off is default. If optional 3rd flush valve is used, set to On.

#### **Configure Screen 4**

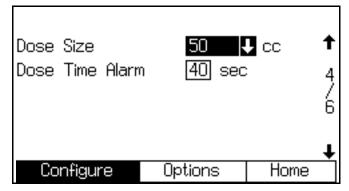


Fig. 31. Configure Screen 4

#### **Dose Size**

Select the total dose size (cc) from the pulldown menu: 100, 50, 25, 10, or select DD to turn on dynamic dosing. See page 85.

#### Example:

For a total dose size of 50 cc and a ratio of 4.0:1, the component A dose size is 40 cc and component B dose size is 10 cc.

**NOTE:** Increase the dose size in applications with higher flow rates or wider ratios. Decrease the dose size for a better mix under low flow conditions.

#### **DD Setup Mode**

See Fig. 32 and Fig. 33. Selecting "DD" makes the Dynamic Dosing Setup mode field appear. Select On to enable DD setup mode, or Off to disable. See page 86 for further information.

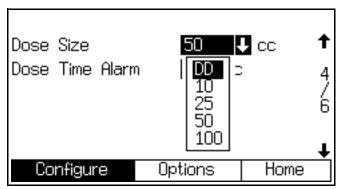


Fig. 32. Configure Screen 4, dynamic dosing selected

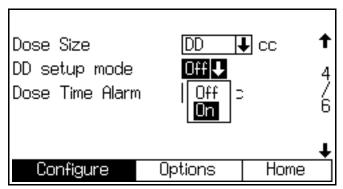


Fig. 33. Configure Screen 4, dynamic dosing setup mode enabled

#### **Dose Time Alarm**

Enter the dose time (1 to 99 seconds). This is the amount of time allowed for a dose to occur before a dose time alarm occurs.

#### **Number of Guns**

This field only appears if Run Mode is set to "Manual" or Semi-Automatic" in **Configure Screen 3**, page 33. Enter the number of spray guns (1 or 2).

NOTE: Only 1 gun is used in automatic mode.

#### Gun Flush Box (manual or semi-automatic mode)

This field only appears if Run Mode is set to "Manual" or Semi-Automatic" in **Configure Screen 3**, page 33. Enter the number of gun flush boxes (Off, 1, or 2).

#### **Configure Screen 5**

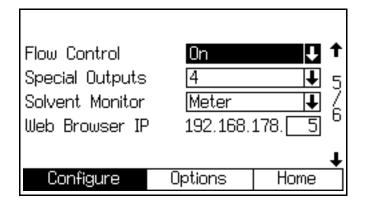


Fig. 34. Configure Screen 5

#### Flow Control

This field only appears if Run Mode is set to "Automatic" in **Configure Screen 3**, page 33. Select On or Off.

If set to "On," **Advanced Setup Screen 5**, page 41 is added.

#### **Special Outputs**

Select special outputs (0-4). Each output has two different start times and durations.

#### **Solvent Monitor**

Select solvent monitor (Off, Flow Switch, or Meter).

#### **Web Browser IP**

The default web browser IP address prefix is 192.168.178. Assign a unique number for each EasyKey in your system (1-99) and enter it here.

#### **Configure Screen 6**

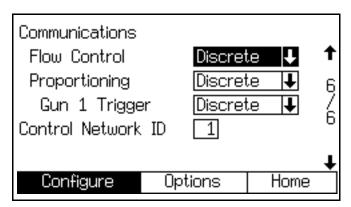


FIG. 35. Configure Screen 6 (Automatic mode shown)

#### **Flow Control**

This field only appears if Run Mode is set to "Automatic" in **Configure Screen 3**, page 33 and Flow Control is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34. Select "Discrete" or "Network."

#### **Proportioning**

Select "Discrete" or "Network."

#### **Gun 1 Trigger**

Select "Discrete" or "Network" if Run Mode is set to "Automatic" in **Configure Screen 3**, page 33. "AFS" is added as a selection if Run Mode is set to "Semi-automatic" in **Configure Screen 3**, page 33.

#### **Gun 2 Trigger**

Displays AFS if Number of Guns is set to "2" in **Configure Screen 4**, page 33.

#### **Control Network ID**

Used for the Graco Gateway network system. See Graco Gateway manual 312785 for further information

312779E 35

# **Option Screens**

**NOTE:** See Fig. 27 on page 31 for a map of the **Option Screens**. Detailed screen descriptions follow.

**NOTE:** Each screen displays the current screen number and the total number of screens in the group.

#### **Option Screen 1**

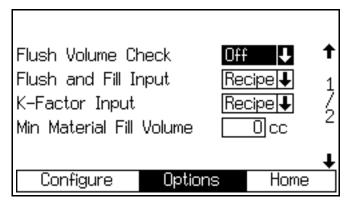


Fig. 36. Option Screen 1

#### Flush Volume Check

This field only appears if Solvent Monitor is set to "Meter" in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34.

If set to "On", Minimum Flush Volume will appear in **Recipe Setup Screen 2**, page 44.

#### Flush and Fill Input

If set to "Global", Color/Catalyst Purge and Color/Catalyst Fill are added to **Advanced Setup Screen 1**, page 39. **Advanced Setup Screen 2 and 3** are added. See pages 40-42.

If set to "Recipe", Color/Catalyst Purge and Color/Catalyst Fill are added to **Recipe Setup Screen 2**, page 44. **Recipe Setup Screen 3**, **4**, **and 7** are added. See pages 45-46.

#### K-factor Input

If set to "Global," **Advanced Setup Screen 4**, page 41 is added.

If set to "Recipe," **Recipe Setup Screen 5**, page 46, is added.

#### **Minimum Material Fill Volume**

Enter 0-9999 cc.

#### Verification Screen

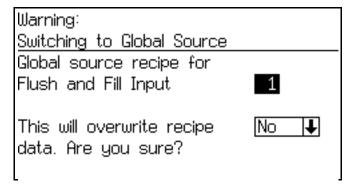


Fig. 37. Verification Screen

#### Verification

This screen appears if Flush and Fill Input or K-factor Input are changed from "Recipe" to "Global" in **Option Screen 1**.

# **Option Screen 2**

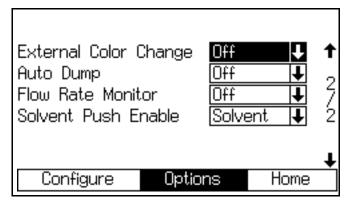


Fig. 38. Option Screen 2

#### **External Color Change**

If set to "Off", Color/Catalyst Purge Time and Color/Catalyst Fill Time appear in **Advanced Setup Screen 1**, page 39 or **Recipe Setup Screen 2**, page 44 (depending on whether Flush and Fill Inputs are set to "Global" or "Recipe").

If set to "On", these fields are removed from the screens.

#### **Auto Dump**

If the auto dump feature is being used, set to "On". Once the auto dump is enabled, the gun flush box is enabled and the potlife alarm is active for 2 minutes, the system will automatically flush out the old material.

#### Flow Rate Monitor

This field only appears if Flow Control is set to "Off" in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34.

If set to "On," **Recipe Setup Screen 6** on page 46 is added, enabling setting of high and low flow limits.

If set to "Off," flow rate monitoring is disabled and **Recipe Setup Screen 6** on page 46 will not appear.

#### **Solvent Push Enable**

To enable the Solvent Push feature, select "Solvent" or "3rd Valve" (available if 3rd Flush Valve in **Configure Screen 3**, page 33, is set to "On").

To disable the Solvent Push feature, set to "Off."

# **Advanced Setup Screens**

NOTE: See Fig. 39 for a map of the Advanced Setup Screens. Detailed screen descriptions follow.

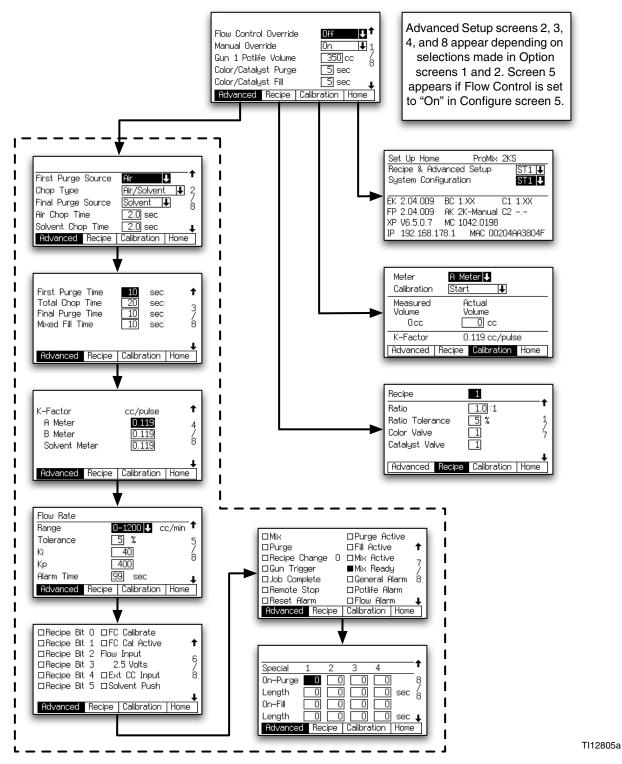


Fig. 39. Advanced Setup Screens Map

**NOTE:** Each screen displays the current screen number and the total number of screens in the group. The total number of screens in a group and the fields displayed on each screen may vary depending on selections made in the **System Configuration Screens** and **Option Screens**.

# **Advanced Setup Screen 1**

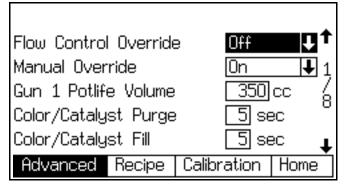


Fig. 40. Advanced Setup Screen 1

#### Flow Control Override

This field only appears if Flow Control is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 5** on page 34, and Manual Override is set to "On" (see below). The selections made will affect the display in **Manual Override Screen** on page 25. Choose the desired selection as defined below:

Selection	Description
Off	Normal operation
% Open	Flow control regulator is opened to a desired percentage.
Pressure	Flow control regulator is opened to a calibrated pressure.

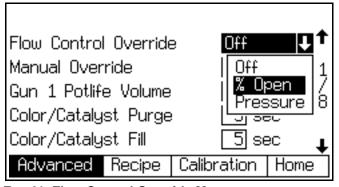


Fig. 41. Flow Control Override Menu

#### **Manual Override**

This field only appears if Run Mode is set to "Automatic" or "Semi-automatic" in **Configure Screen 3**, page 33. Set to "On" to override all outside control. If selected, the **Manual Override Screen** (page 25) will be added, and the Flow Control Override field appears (see above).

# **Gun 1/Gun2 Potlife Volume**

Enter the potlife volume (1 to 1999 cc) for each gun. This is the amount of material required to move through the mix manifold, hose and applicator/gun before the potlife timer is reset.

Use the following information to determine approximate pot life volume (PLV) in cc:

Hose ID (inches)	Volume (cc/foot)*
3/16	5.43
1/4	9.648
3/8	21.71

Integrator manifold and mixer volume = 75 cc Spray Gun Volume = 20 cc

(Hose Volume\* x Feet of Hose) + 75 + 20 = PLV

#### Color/Catalyst Purge

This field only appears if the system includes a color change module and Flush and Fill Input is set to "Global" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36. Enter the purge time (0 to 99 seconds). It refers to the amount of time required to flush the lines from the color or catalyst module to the dose valve or dump valve.

#### Color/Catalyst Fill

This field only appears if the system includes a color change module and Flush and Fill Input is set to "Global" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36. Enter the fill time (0 to 99 seconds). It refers to the time required to fill the lines from the color or catalyst module to the dose valve or dump valve.

# **Advanced Setup Screen 2**

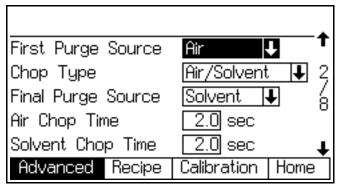


Fig. 42. Advanced Setup Screen 2

This screen appears only if Flush and Fill Input is set to "Global" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36.

### **First Purge Source**

Select "Air," "Solvent," or "3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 3** on page 33).

### **Chop Type**

Select "Air/Solvent" or "Air/3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure**Screen 3 on page 33). This refers to the process of mixing air and solvent (or air and 3rd flush fluid) together during the flush cycle, to help clean the lines and reduce solvent usage.

#### **Final Purge Source**

Select "Air," "Solvent," or "3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 3** on page 33).

#### **Air Chop Time**

Enter the air chop time (0.0 to 99.9 seconds).

#### Solvent Chop Time/3rd Flush Valve Chop Time

Enter the solvent or 3rd flush valve chop time (0.0 to 99.9 seconds).

# **Advanced Setup Screen 3**

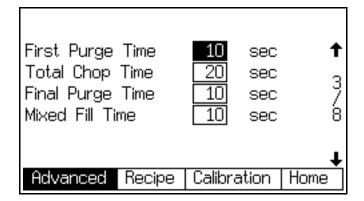


Fig. 43. Advanced Setup Screen 3

This screen appears only if Flush and Fill Input is set to "Global" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36.

If Number of Guns is set to "2" in **Configure Screen 4**, page 33, a Gun 2 column will appear in this screen.

### **First Purge Time**

Enter the first purge time (0 to 999 seconds).

#### **Total Chop Time**

Enter the total chop time (0 to 999 seconds).

### **Final Purge Time**

Enter the final purge time (0 to 999 seconds).

#### **Mixed Material Fill Time**

Enter the mixed material fill time (0 to 999 seconds). It refers to the amount of time that is required to load mixed material from the dose valves to the applicator/gun.

# **Advanced Setup Screen 4**

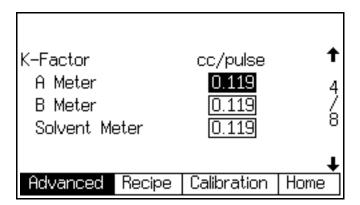


Fig. 44. Advanced Setup Screen 4

This screen appears only if K-factor Input is set to "Global" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36.

#### K-factor A Meter

Enter the k-factor (cc/pulse) for flow meter A. This is the amount of material that passes through the flow meter per pulse (electrical pulse signal).

#### K-factor B Meter

Enter the k-factor (cc/pulse) for flow meter B.

#### K-factor Solvent Meter

This field only appears if Solvent Monitor in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34, is set to "Meter." Enter the k-factor (cc/pulse) for the solvent flow meter.

# **Advanced Setup Screen 5**

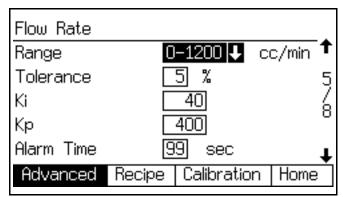


Fig. 45. Advanced Setup Screen 5 (Automatic Mode with Flow Control Only)

This screen appears only if Flow Control is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34.

#### Flow Rate Range

Enter the flow rate range (0-300, 0-600, or 0-1200). This determines the flow control PID loop resolution.

#### Flow Rate Tolerance

Enter the flow rate tolerance (1 to 99%). This is the percentage of variance that the system will allow before a flow rate warning/alarm occurs.

### Flow Rate Ki

Enter the flow rate Ki (flow control PID loop integral value). This refers to the degree that fluid flow overshoots its set point.

#### Flow Rate Kp

Enter the flow rate Kp (flow control PID loop gain value). This refers to the speed at which the fluid flow reaches its set point.

#### Flow Rate Alarm Time

Enter the flow rate alarm time (1 to 99 seconds).

# **Advanced Setup Screen 6**

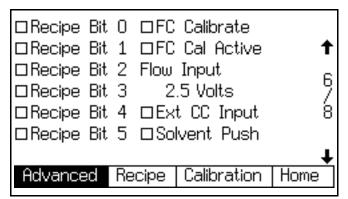


Fig. 46. Advanced Setup Screen 6

This screen shows the status of recipe analog inputs and digital outputs. If box is shaded the input recipe is active.

# **Advanced Setup Screen 7**

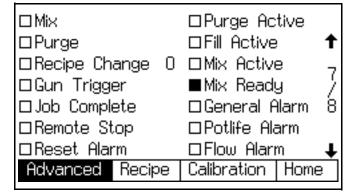


Fig. 47. Advanced Setup Screen 7

This screen shows the status of digital inputs and digital outputs. If box is shaded the input is active. If not, input is off. See pages 52-54 for details on the inputs and outputs.

# **Advanced Setup Screen 8**

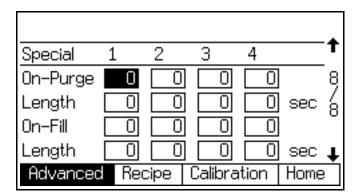


Fig. 48. Advanced Setup Screen 8

This screen appears only if Flush and Fill Input is set to "Global" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36 **and** Special Outputs is set to 1, 2, 3, or 4 in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34. The I/O board has four programmable outputs.

# **Recipe Setup Screens**

NOTE: See Fig. 49 for a map of the Recipe screens. Detailed screen descriptions follow.

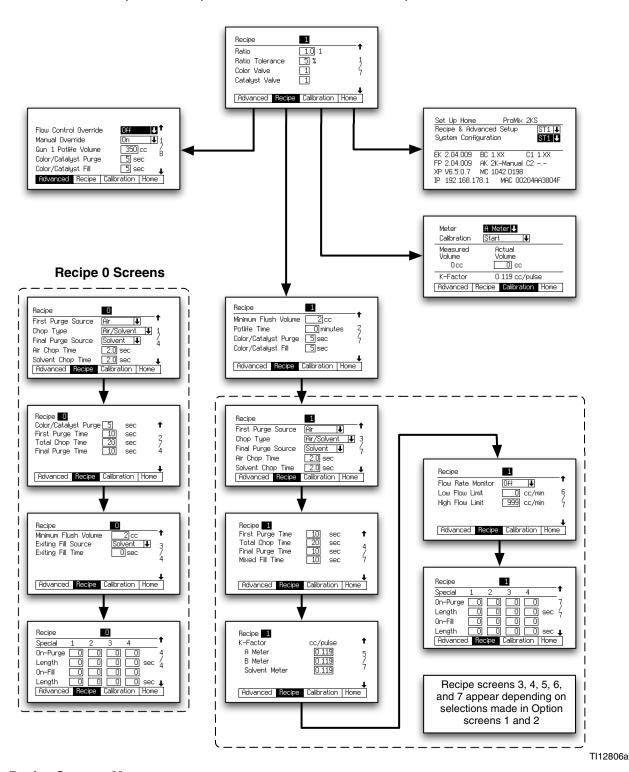


Fig. 49: Recipe Screens Map

**NOTE:** Each screen displays the current screen number and the total number of screens in the group. The total number of screens in a group and the fields displayed on each screen may vary depending on selections made in the **System Configuration Screens** and **Option Screens**.

# **Recipe Setup Screen 1**

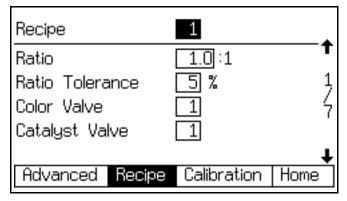


Fig. 50. Recipe Setup Screen 1

#### Ratio

Enter the mix ratio of component A over component B (0.0:1 to 50:1).

#### **Ratio Tolerance**

Enter the ratio tolerance (1 to 99%). This refers to the percent of acceptable variance that the system will allow before a ratio alarm occurs.

### Component A (Color) Valve (if present)

This field only appears if the system includes a color change module. Enter the color valve number (1 to 30).

### Component B (Catalyst) Valve (if present)

This field only appears if the system includes a color change module. Enter the catalyst valve number (1 to 4).

# Recipe Setup Screen 2

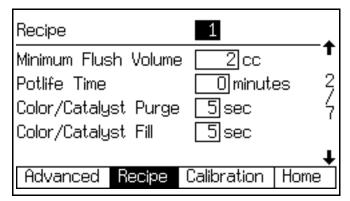


Fig. 51. Recipe Setup Screen 2

#### **Minimum Flush Volume**

This field only appears if Flush Volume Check is set to "On" in **Option Screen 1** on page 36. Enter the minimum flush volume (0 to 999 cc). Entering 0 disables this function.

#### **Potlife Time**

Enter the potlife time (0 to 999 minutes). Entering 0 disables this function.

#### **Color/Catalyst Purge**

This field only appears if the system includes a color change module and Flush and Fill Input is set to "Recipe" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36. Enter the purge time (0 to 99 seconds). It refers to the amount of time required to flush the lines from the color or catalyst module to the dose valve or dump valve.

#### Color/Catalyst Fill

This field only appears if the system includes a color change module and Flush and Fill Input is set to "Recipe" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36. Enter the fill time (0 to 99 seconds). It refers to the time required to fill the lines from the color or catalyst module to the dose valve or dump valve.

# **Recipe Setup Screen 3**

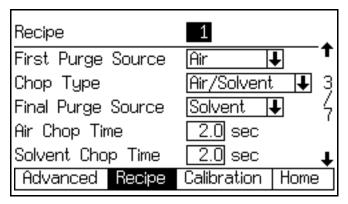


Fig. 52. Recipe Setup Screen 3

This screen appears only if Flush and Fill Input is set to "Recipe" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36.

### **First Purge Source**

Select "Air," "Solvent," or "3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 3** on page 33).

#### **Chop Type**

Select "Air/Solvent" or "Air/3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure**Screen 3 on page 33). This refers to the process of mixing air and solvent (or air and 3rd flush fluid) together during the flush cycle, to help clean the lines and reduce solvent usage.

#### **Final Purge Source**

Select "Air," "Solvent," or "3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 3** on page 33).

# **Air Chop Time**

Enter the air chop time (0.0 to 99.9 seconds).

#### Solvent Chop Time/3rd Flush Valve Chop Time

Enter the solvent or 3rd flush valve chop time (0.0 to 99.9 seconds).

# **Recipe Setup Screen 4**

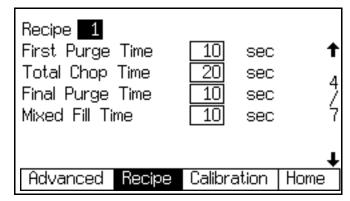


Fig. 53. Recipe Setup Screen 4

This screen appears only if Flush and Fill Input is set to "Recipe" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36.

If Number of Guns is set to "2" in **Configure Screen 4**, page 33, a Gun 2 column will appear in this screen.

### **First Purge Time**

Enter the first purge time (0 to 999 seconds).

#### **Total Chop Time**

Enter the total chop time (0 to 999 seconds).

#### **Final Purge Time**

Enter the final purge time (0 to 999 seconds).

#### **Mixed Material Fill Time**

Enter the mixed material fill time (0 to 999 seconds). It refers to the amount of time that is required to load mixed material from the dose valves to the applicator/gun.

# **Recipe Setup Screen 5**

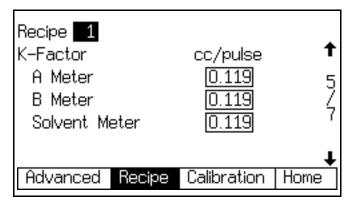


Fig. 54. Recipe Setup Screen 5

This screen appears only if K-factor Input is set to "Recipe" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36.

#### K-factor A Meter

Enter the k-factor (cc/pulse) for flow meter A. This is the amount of material that passes through the flow meter per pulse (electrical pulse signal).

#### K-factor B Meter

Enter the k-factor (cc/pulse) for flow meter B.

#### K-factor Solvent Meter

This field only appears if Solvent Monitor is set to "Meter" in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34. Enter the k-factor (cc/pulse) for the solvent flow meter.

# Recipe Setup Screen 6

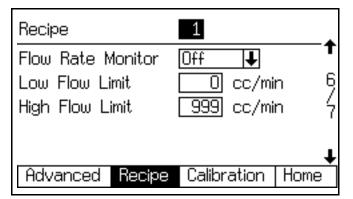


Fig. 55. Recipe Setup Screen 6

This screen appears only if Flow Rate Monitor is set to "On" in **Option Screen 2** on page 37.

#### Flow Rate Monitor

Select the desired flow rate monitoring (Off, Warning, or Alarm).

#### **Low Flow Limit**

Enter the low flow rate limit (1 to 3999 cc/min).

### **High Flow Limit**

Enter the high flow rate limit (1 to 3999 cc/min).

# **Recipe Setup Screen 7**

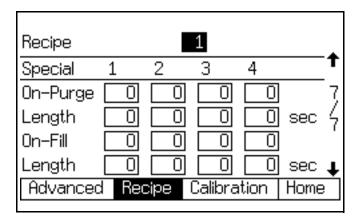


Fig. 56. Recipe Screen 7

This screen appears only if Flush and Fill Input is set to "Recipe" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36 **and** Special Outputs is set to 1, 2, 3, or 4 in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34. The I/O board has four programmable outputs.

# **Recipe 0 Screens**

**NOTE:** See Fig. 49 on page 43 for a map of the Recipe 0 screens. Detailed screen descriptions follow.

Recipe 0 is typically used:

- in multiple color systems to purge out material lines without loading a new color
- at the end of a shift to prevent hardening of catalyzed material.

**NOTE:** Each screen displays the current screen number and the total number of screens in the group. The total number of screens in a group and the fields displayed on each screen may vary depending on selections made in the **System Configuration Screens** and **Option Screens**.

# Recipe 0 Screen 1

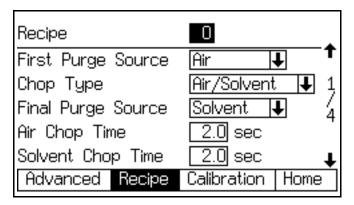


Fig. 57. Recipe 0 Screen 1

#### **First Purge Source**

Select "Air," "Solvent," or "3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 3** on page 33).

# Chop Type

Select "Air/Solvent" or "Air/3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure**Screen 3 on page 33). This refers to the process of mixing air and solvent (or air and 3rd flush fluid) together during the flush cycle, to help clean the lines and reduce solvent usage.

#### **Final Purge Source**

Select "Air," "Solvent," or "3rd Flush Valve" (available only if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 3** on page 33).

#### **Air Chop Time**

Enter the air chop time (0.0 to 99.9 seconds).

# Solvent Chop Time/3rd Flush Valve Chop Time

Enter the solvent or 3rd flush valve chop time (0.0 to 99.9 seconds).

# Recipe 0 Screen 2

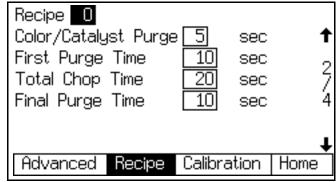


Fig. 58. Recipe 0 Screen 2

If Number of Guns is set to "2" in **Configure Screen 4**, page 33, a Gun 2 column will appear in this screen.

#### Color/Catalyst Purge Time

This field only appears if the system includes a color change module. Enter the purge time (0 to 999 seconds).

### **First Purge Time**

Enter the first purge time (0 to 999 seconds).

#### **Total Chop Time**

Enter the total chop time (0 to 999 seconds).

### **Final Purge Time**

Enter the final purge time (0 to 999 seconds).

# Recipe 0 Screen 3

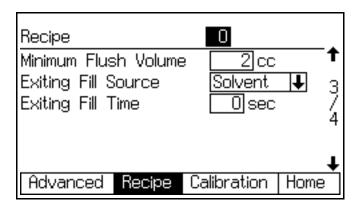


Fig. 59. Recipe 0 Screen 3

This screen only appears if Solvent Monitor is set to "Meter" in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34 **and** Flush Volume Check is set to "On" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36 **or** 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 3** on page 33.

#### **Minimum Flush Volume**

This field only appears if Flush Volume Check is set to "On" in **Option Screen 1** on page 36. Enter the minimum flush volume (0 to 999 cc).

#### **Exiting Fill Source**

This field only appears if 3rd Flush Valve is set to "On" in **Configure Screen 3** on page 33. Select "Off," "Air," "Solvent," or "3rd Valve."

#### **Exiting Fill Time**

This field only appears if Exiting Fill Source is set to "Air," "Solvent," or "3rd Valve." Enter the time in seconds.

# Recipe 0 Screen 4

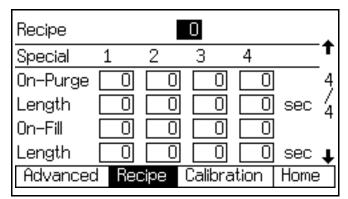


Fig. 60. Recipe 0 Screen 4

This screen appears only if Flush and Fill Input is set to "Recipe" in **Option Screen 1**, page 36 **and** Special Outputs is set to 1, 2, 3, or 4 in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34. The I/O board has four programmable outputs.

# **Calibration Screen**

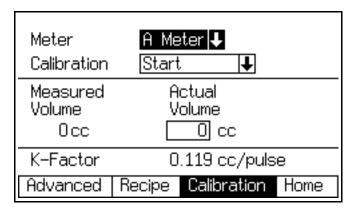


Fig. 61. Calibration Screen

Use this screen to calibrate a meter. Set to "Meter A," "Meter B," or "Solvent Meter" (available if Solvent Monitor in **Configure Screen 5**, page 34, is set to "Meter").

- Start start calibration
- Abort stop calibration
- Purge purge sampling valves after calibration

See **Meter Calibration**, page 100, for when and how to calibrate meter.

Setup Mode

# **ProMix 2KS Integration Specifics**

# Discrete I/O vs Network Communications

The ProMix 2KS Automatic system does not use a Booth Control. Instead, it uses Discrete I/O or Network Communications to drive the system. Each method can be used exclusively, or both at the same time.

In Automatic mode, the following fields can be set to "Discrete" or "Network" (see **Configure Screen 6** on page 35):

- Flow Control
- Proportioning
- Gun 1 Trigger

**NOTE:** In Semi-automatic mode, only the Proportioning field is available,

**NOTE:** The Manual Override function enables you to operate the system before the automation (PLC) is available. Manual Override still requires some communication through Discrete I/O or Network Communications. Although Manual Override is not intended to be the main mode of control, it can be used if proper Gun Trigger Input is provided.

# Discrete I/O

Discrete I/O requires a 24 Vdc power supply which must be supplied on site. The ProMix 2KS does not supply power for Discrete I/O.

See Table 4 on page 54, Fig. 70 on page 63, and Table 8 on page 64 for inputs and outputs. Understanding these inputs and outputs is necessary to properly integrate the ProMix 2KS to the automation.

Input and output connections are made at the Discrete I/O terminal strips (Fig. 63) and the discrete I/O board (Fig. 64) inside the EasyKey. Also see the **System Electrical Schematic** on page 128.

Review the Color Change Charts (Fig. 109-Fig. 126). A full understanding of the color change sequence is necessary to properly drive the inputs and monitor the outputs.

See Advanced Setup Screen 7, page 42. This screen shows the actual status of all inputs and outputs. It is important to ensure that each input from local automation (PLC) is received by the EasyKey and to verify that the ProMix 2KS is sending outputs to the automation.

The following paragraphs describe each discrete I/O function in detail.

TI12496a

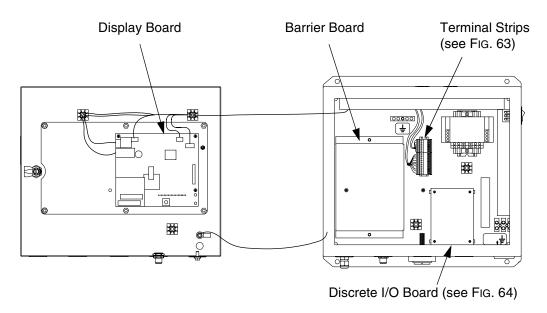


Fig. 62: EasyKey Control Boards

# **Digital Inputs**

See Automation Flow Charts, pages 55-59.

Mix Start: This is a *maintained* input. When High, the ProMix 2KS will attempt to enter Mix mode. This Mix Start input should not be attempted unless the Mix\_Ready output is recognized. This ensures that there are no alarms and that the Mix Start input is appropriate.

This input stays High at all times when mixing on demand is required. When Low, the intent is to stop mixing material and perform a purge or recipe change.

**Do not** toggle this input to set the unit to Standby mode during short work stoppages. The ProMix 2KS will automatically go into Idle mode after 2 minutes of inactivity. When a Gun Trigger input is seen, the ProMix 2KS will automatically leave Idle mode and resume mixing material where it left off.

**Purge Start:** This is a *maintained* input. When recognized by the ProMix 2KS, the Purge Sequence will start, using the Purge Time from the active recipe. This will also include the Solvent Fill Time. Proper monitoring of the Purge/Color Change Output is required to ensure this function has begun. Once this output is removed, the system will immediately go to Standby mode.

**Color Change Start:** This is a *momentary* input, 100 msec minimum. When recognized by the ProMix 2KS, the Color Change sequence will begin, starting at the Color/Catalyst Dump.

NOTE: If the new recipe has the *same color* as the active recipe, then the Color/Catalyst Dump and Color/Catalyst Fill times are skipped and the Color Change Sequence starts with the Purge. Also, the recipe bit configuration for the Color Change must be loaded at least 100 msec before the Color Change Start input is turned on. The recipe bit configuration *must* remain on while the Color Change Start input is removed. Graco recommends the recipe bits stay active and do not change until a new color is required. The PLC should monitor the Purge/Color Change Output as well as the Fill Active Output to ensure the process happens as required. A complete color change without errors (resulting in a Mix Ready Output state) is a completed color change.

**NOTE:** This also applies if using the Modbus Registers (see the Modbus Map table in manual 312785).

**Gun Trigger:** When High, this input signals the ProMix 2KS that the gun is actually triggered. It should be sent every time the gun is triggered. This input provides timing for alarm functions and also drives the flow control functions. Without it, no flow control functions will start.

**Job Complete:** This is a *momentary* input, 100 msec minimum. When recognized by the ProMix 2KS, the Job totals are cleared and a time/date stamp is added for retrieval.

**Remote Stop:** Use this input when external equipment is used to stop the system. Clear any alarms before using this input. For more information about when this input is needed, contact your Graco distributor.

**Alarm Reset:** This is a *momentary* input, 100 msec minimum. When recognized by the ProMix 2KS it clears any active alarms and allows the automation to take the next step.

**Common:** This is not an input, but the ProMix 2KS expects to have the COM side of the 24 Vdc supply connected as shown in Table 8. This ensures proper operation of each input and output.

#### I/O Terminal Strip Detail

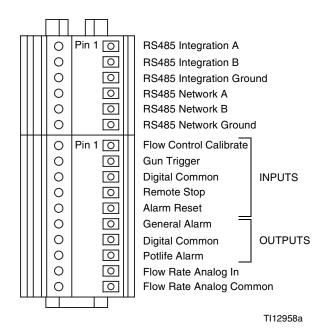


Fig. 63: EasyKey Terminal Strips

53

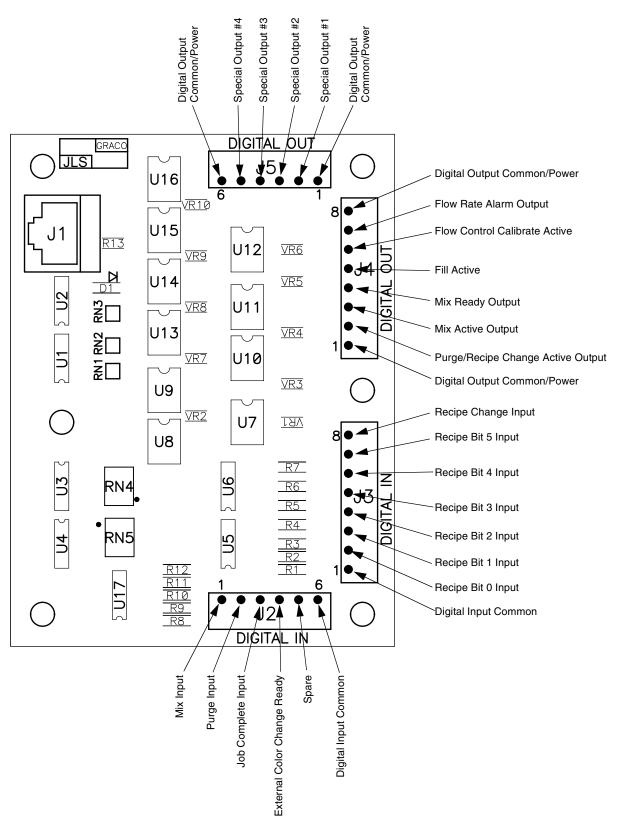


Fig. 64: 255766 Discrete I/O Board

# **Digital Outputs**

See Automation Flow Charts, pages 55-59.

Purge\_CC\_Active: This output will remain High during the manual Purge or Color Change purge sequence. See the Color Change Charts (Fig. 109-Fig. 126) for further information.

**Fill Active:** This output will remain High while the Pro-Mix 2KS is in the Mixed Material Fill at the end of a typical color change sequence.

Mix Active: This output will remain High while the Pro-Mix 2KS is in Mix mode. There may be alarm outputs while this output is High; these are typically High/Low Flow Warnings. Always monitor this output and the alarm outputs to provide feedback of the actual status of the ProMix 2KS. (See the Modbus charts in the Graco Gateway manual 312785.)

Mix\_Ready: This output will remain High while there are no alarms and the ProMix 2KS is ready to go to Mix mode.

**General Alarm:** This output will remain High when any alarm is active. See Table 16 on page 115 for a complete list of alarms.

**NOTE:** It is important to monitor this output along with Mix\_Active to understand the alarm's true meaning.

Alarm\_Potlife: This output will remain High along with the Alarm output when the potlife time has been reached for the active recipe. The Mix\_Active output will drop Low, even if the Mix Start input is High. This output will remain High until the potlife volume is dispensed or the ProMix 2KS completes a Purge or a Color Change. The Alarm Reset input will not stop this output but will silence the audible alarm on the EasyKey.

NOTE: The Alarm Reset (X) key will also reset the

audible alarm.



To dispense the potlife volume, the ProMix 2KS Mix Start input must be turned Off then back to High to spray material. At this point, Mix\_Active, Alarm, and Alarm\_Potlife outputs will be High until the potlife volume is sprayed.

Digital Out Supply: This is the supply for the digital outputs. It is the same supply for the digital inputs. (See Common under Digital Inputs, page 52.)

# Analog Inputs

Flow Command: This is the positive side of the 0-10Vdc signal. (See Common under Digital Inputs, page 52.) This input corresponds to the Flow Range setting in Advanced Setup Screen 5, page 41. For example, if the setting is 0 - 300 cc/min, the 0 Vdc analog input is 0 cc/min, therefore the 10 Vdc analog input is 300 cc/min.

Table 4: Sourcing/Sinking Inputs and Outputs

	Inputs (Automation Source	cing)									
1	Flow Control Calibration	Black	+								
2	Gun Trigger White										
3	Digital In Common Red										
4	Remote Stop Green										
5	Alarm Reset	Brown	+								
	Outputs (Automation Sourcing)										
6	Alarm Output	Blue	+								
7	Digital Out Common	Orange	-								
8	Pot Life	Yellow	+								
	Outputs (Automation Sin	king)									
6	Alarm Output	Blue	-								
7	+24 Volts	Orange	+								
8	Pot Life	Yellow	-								
	Automation										
9	Flow Rate Analog In	Purple	+								
10	Flow Rate Analog Common Gray										

# **Automation Flow Charts**

# **Start Mix Mode Process**

See Fig. 65, Table 5, and Table 6.

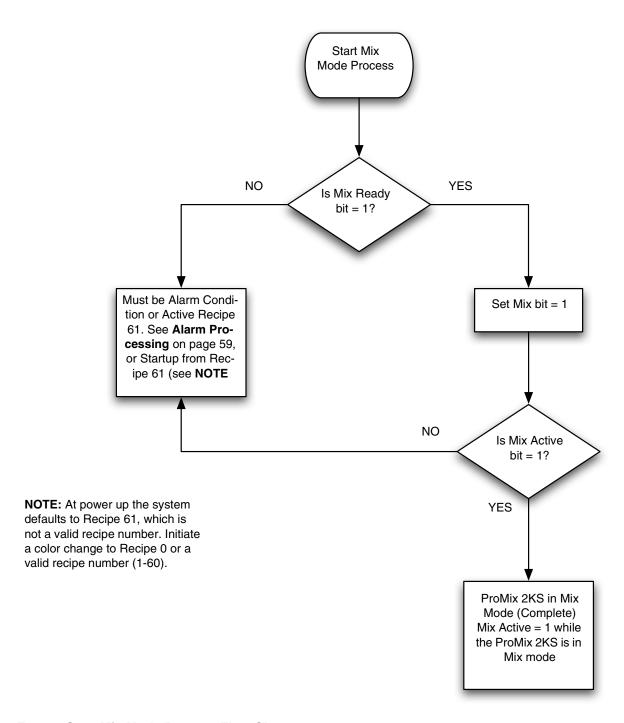


Fig. 65. Start Mix Mode Process Flow Chart

# **Mixing Mode Process**

See Fig. 66, Table 5, and Table 6.

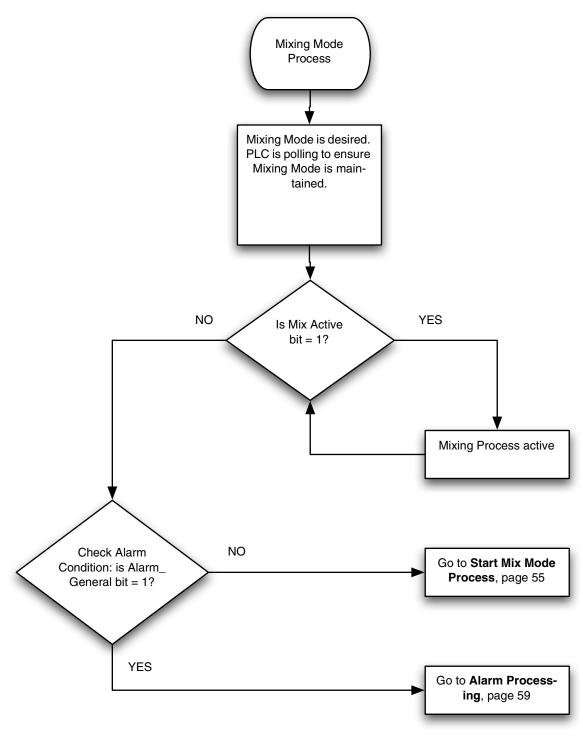


Fig. 66. Mixing Mode Process Flow Chart

# **Purge Mode Process**

See Fig. 67, Table 5, and Table 6.

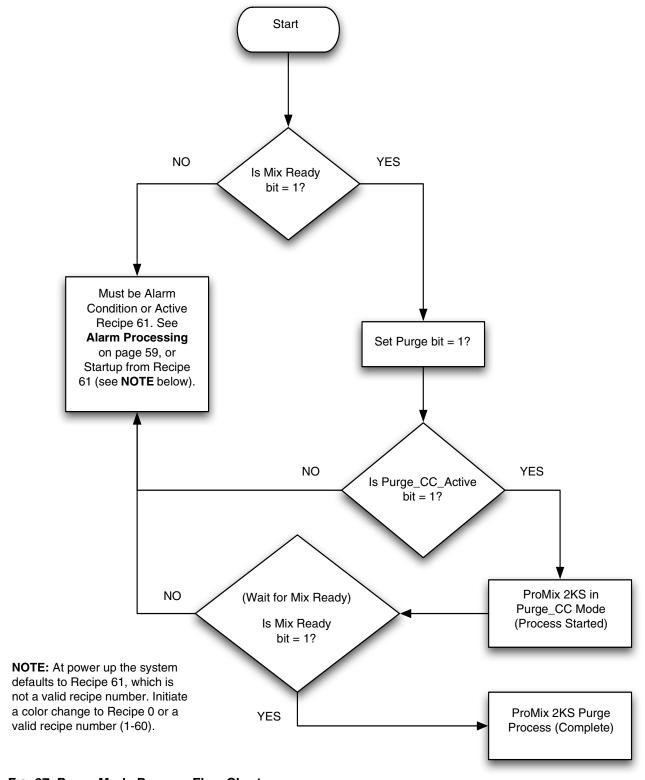


Fig. 67. Purge Mode Process Flow Chart

# **Color Change Mode Process**

See Fig. 68, Table 5, and Table 6.

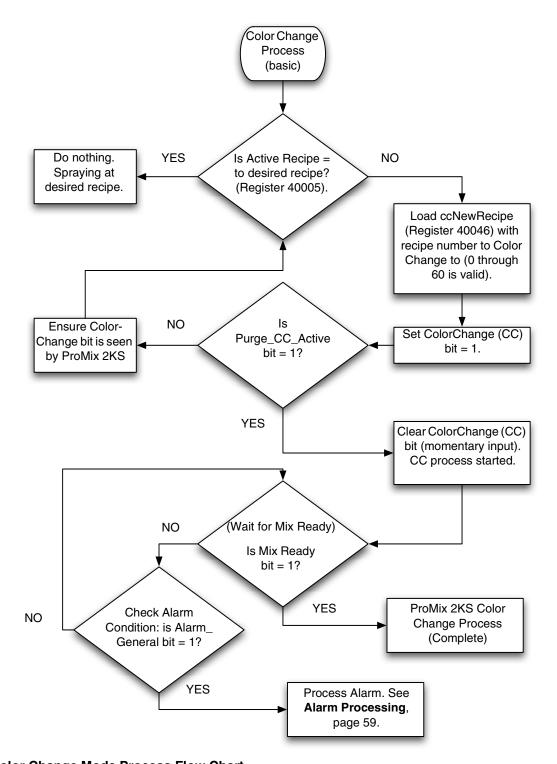


Fig. 68. Color Change Mode Process Flow Chart

# **Alarm Processing**

See Fig. 69, Table 5, Table 6, and Table 7.

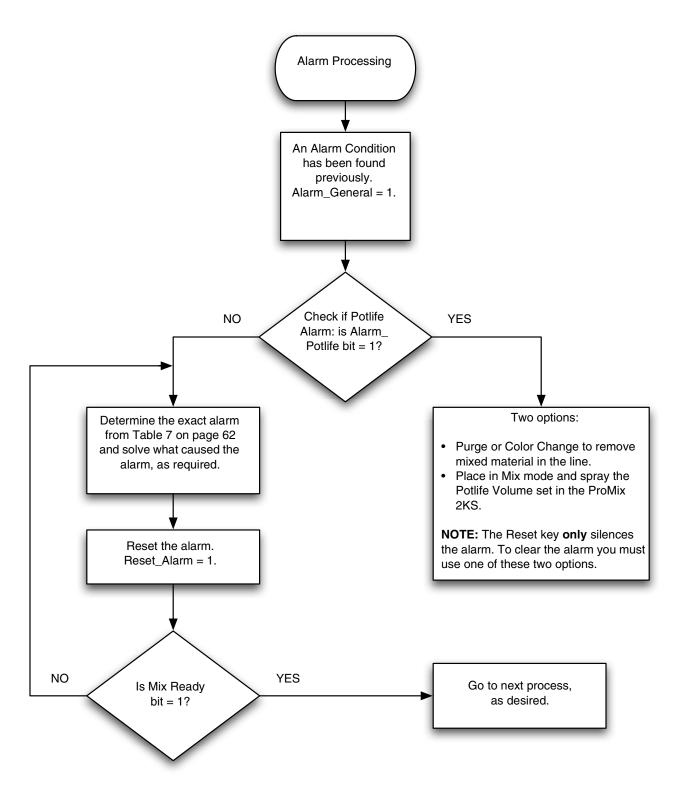


Fig. 69. Alarm Processing Flow Chart

Table 5: ProMix 2KS Digital Inputs (Modbus Register 40040)

Bit	Digital Input Binary																Name	Details
0:5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Recipe	Binary bits for viewing discrete inputs only.
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Color Change (CC)	Set bit to "1" to initiate Color Change (momentary)
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Mix	Set bit initiate Mix mode (maintain)
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Purge	Set bit to "1" to initiate Purge sequence (maintained)
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Job_Complete	Set bit to "1" to initiate Job Complete input (momentary)
10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	External CC Ready	Set bit to "1" to initiate External Color Change (momentary)
11	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Not Used	
12	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	FC _Calibrate	Set bit to "1" to initiate a Flow Control Calibrate input (momentary)
13	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Gun_Trigger	Set bit to "1" to indicate the gun is actually triggered (maintain while gun is triggered, remove when gun is closed)
14	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Reset_Alarm	Set bit to "1" to clear an active Alarm (momentary)
15	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Remote Stop	Set bit to remotely stop unit (momentary)

**NOTE:** Shaded cells relate to the flow charts on pages 55-59.

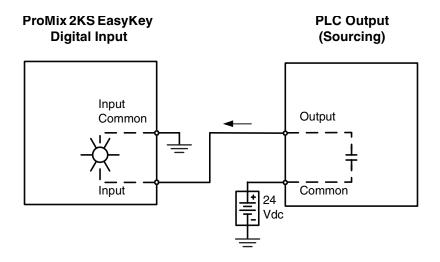
Table 6: ProMix 2KS Digital Outputs (Modbus Register 40041)

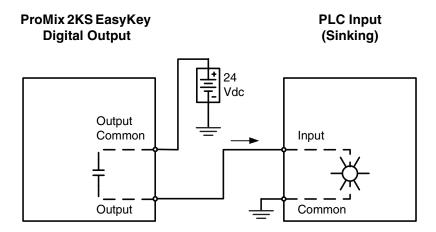
Bit	Digital Input Binary																Name	Details
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Purge_CC_Active	"1" indicates Purge or Color Change is in progress
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	Mix_Active	"1" indicates Mix is in progress
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Mix_Ready	"1" indicates No Alarms and OK to Mix
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	CC_Fill_Active	"1" indicates the Fill portion of a Color Change is in progress
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	FCalActive	"1" indicates the Flow Control Calibrate routine is in progress
5																	Flow_Rate_Alarm	"1" indicates the Flow Rate Alarm/Warning is active
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Special_1	"1" indicates the Special_1 output is on (monitor only)
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Special_2	"1" indicates the Special_2 output is on (monitor only)
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Special_3	"1" indicates the Special_3 output is on (monitor only)
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Special_4	"1" indicates the Special_4 output is on (monitor only)
10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Not Used	
11	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Not Used	
12	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Alarm_General	"1" indicates a General Alarm is in process. (If Mix_Active is still High, then a Warning only.) See the Modbus charts in the Graco Gateway manual 312785 for details on type.
13	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Alarm_Potlife	"1" indicates a Potlife Alarm is in process.

**NOTE:** Shaded cells relate to the flow charts on pages 55-59.

Table 7: ProMix 2KS Active Alarms (Modbus Register 40010)

Bit	Digital Input Binary	Name	Details
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 0000	No Bits Set	No Active Alarms
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 0001	Comm_Error	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 0010	Potlife_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 0100	Ratio_High_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 1000	Ratio_Low_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 0001 0000	Overdose_A_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 0010 0000	Overdose_B_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 0100 0000	Dose_Time_A_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0000 1000 0000	Dose_Time_B_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0001 0000 0000	Mix_In_Setup_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0010 0000 0000	Remote_Stop_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 0100 0000 0000	Purge_Volume_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0000 1000 0000 0000	CAN_Comm_Error_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0001 0000 0000 0000	High_Flow_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0010 0000 0000 0000	Low_Flow_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	0100 0000 0000 0000	System_Idle_Alarm	
Low Byte: 0	1000 0000 0000 0000	Setup_Change_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 0001	Power_On_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 0010	Defaults_Loaded_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 0100	IO_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0000 0000 1000	Purge_Initiate_Error	
High Byte: 0	0000 0000 0001 0000	Material_Fill_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0000 0010 0000	Tank_A_Low_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0000 0100 0000	Tank_B_Low_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0000 1000 0000	Tank_S_Low_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0001 0000 0000	Auto_Dump_Complete	
High Byte: 0	0000 0010 0000 0000	Color/Catalyst_Purge_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 0100 0000 0000	Color/Catalyst_Fill_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0000 1000 0000 0000	Num_Alarm_Desc	
High Byte: 0	0001 0000 0000 0000	Spare3_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0010 0000 0000 0000	Spare2_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	0100 0000 0000 0000	Spare1_Alarm	
High Byte: 0	1000 0000 0000 0000	Potlife_Buzzer	





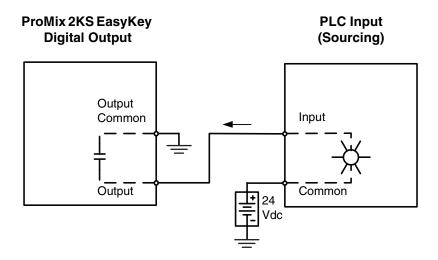


Fig. 70. Automation 24 Vdc Sourcing Input Diagram

**Table 8: Discrete I/O Terminal Connections** 

Terminal	Terminal Location	Name	Details (also see pages 60 and 61)		
	1	Digital Inputs			
1	J2, Remote I/O Board	Mix	Set Bit to Initiate Mix Mode (maintain)		
2	J2, Remote I/O Board	Purge	Set Bit to "1" to initiate Purge Sequence (maintained)		
3	J2, Remote I/O Board	Job_Complete	Set Bit to "1" to initiate Job Complete Input (momentary)		
4	J2, Remote I/O Board	External CC Ready	Set Bit to "1" to initiate External Color Change (maintained)		
5	J2, Remote I/O Board	Spare			
6*	J2, Remote I/O Board	Digital Input Common			
1*	J3, Remote I/O Board	Digital Input Common			
2	J3, Remote I/O Board	Recipe Bit 0	Set Binary Bits for Recipe to Change To (hold until changing again)		
3	J3, Remote I/O Board	Recipe Bit 1	Set Binary Bits for Recipe to Change To (hold until changing again)		
4	J3, Remote I/O Board	Recipe Bit 2	Set Binary Bits for Recipe to Change To (hold until changing again)		
5	J3, Remote I/O Board	Recipe Bit 3	Set Binary Bits for Recipe to Change To (hold until changing again)		
6	J3, Remote I/O Board	Recipe Bit 4	Set Binary Bits for Recipe to Change To (hold until changing again)		
7	J3, Remote I/O Board	Recipe Bit 5	Set Binary Bits for Recipe to Change To (hold until changing again)		
8	J3, Remote I/O Board	Color Change (CC)	Set Bit to "1" to initiate Color Change (momentary)		
			•		
1	10 Pin Terminal Block	Flow Control Calibrate	Set Bit to "1" to initiate Flow Control Calibrate (momentary)		
2	10 Pin Terminal Block	Gun Trigger	Set Bit to "1" to indicate Gun is Triggered (fluid flow expected)		
3†	10 Pin Terminal Block	Digital Input Common			
4	10 Pin Terminal Block	Remote Stop	Set Bit to "1" to initiate a Remote Stop (momentary)		
5	10 Pin Terminal Block	Reset_Alarm	Set Bit to "1" to Clear an Active Alarm (momentary)		

<sup>\*</sup> Digital inputs tied together on the I/O board (see Fig. 64).

<sup>†</sup> Digital inputs tied together on the EasyKey Display Board. Multiple connection points for convenience.

**Table 8: Discrete I/O Terminal Connections** 

Terminal	Terminal Location	Name	Details (also see pages 60 and 61)				
		Digital Outputs					
1★	J4, Remote I/O Board	Digital Output Common/Power					
2	J4, Remote I/O Board	Purge_CC Active	"1" Indicates Purge or Color Change is in progress				
3	J4, Remote I/O Board	Mix_Active	"1" Indicates Mix is in progress				
4	J4, Remote I/O Board	Mix_Ready	"1" Indicates No Alarms and OK to Mix				
5	J4, Remote I/O Board	CC_Fill_Active	"1" Indicates the Fill Portion of a Color Change is in progress				
6	J4, Remote I/O Board	FCalActive	"1" Indicates the Flow Control Calibrate routine is in progress				
7	J4, Remote I/O Board	Flow_Rate	"1" Indicates the Flow Rate Alarm/Warning is active				
8★	J4, Remote I/O Board	Digital Output Common/Power					
1★	J5, Remote I/O Board	Digital Output Common/Power					
2	J5, Remote I/O Board	Special_1	"1" Indicates the Special_1 Output is on				
3	J5, Remote I/O Board	Special_2	"1" Indicates the Special_2 Output is on				
4	J5, Remote I/O Board	Special_3	"1" Indicates the Special_3 Output is on				
5	J5, Remote I/O Board	Special_4	"1" Indicates the Special_4 Output is on				
6★	J5, Remote I/O Board	Digital Output Common/Power					
6	10 Pin Terminal Block	General Alarm Output	"1" Indicates the General Alarm Output is on				
7 <b>♦</b>	10 Pin Terminal Block	Digital Output Common/Power	i indicates the denotal Alaim Sulput is on				
8	10 Pin Terminal Block	Potlife Alarm	"1" Indicates the Potlife Alarm Output is on				
9	10 Pin Terminal Block	Flow Rate Analog In (0-10 VDC)	0 - 10VDC input for Flow Setpoint relative to flow range set in 2KS Flow Range Screen				
10	10 Pin Terminal Block	Flow Rate Common to Pin 9	Common side of Flow Setpoint from Terminal 9				
		Communications					
1	6 Pin Terminal Block	RS485 Integration A					
2	6 Pin Terminal Block	RS485 Integration B	Communication to External PLC/Controller				
3	6 Pin Terminal Block	RS485 Integration Shield/Ground	Communication to External 1 E0/Oomfolier				
4	6 Pin Terminal Block	RS485 Network A					
5	6 Pin Terminal Block	RS485 Network B	Communication to Multiple EasyKeys <b>only</b>				
6	6 Pin Terminal Block	RS485 Network Shield/Ground					

- ★ Digital outputs tied together on the I/O board (see Fig. 64).
- ◆ Digital outputs tied together on the EasyKey Display Board.

  Multiple connection points for convenience.

**Table 9: ProMix 2KS Recipe Bits** 

Re	cipe	Bit	Number			
5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	1
0	0	0	0	1	0	2
0	0	0	0	1	1	3
0	0	0	1	0	0	4
0	0	0	1	0	1	5
0	0	0	1	1	0	6
0	0	0	1	1	1	7
0	0	1	0	0	0	8
0	0	1	0	0	1	9
0	0	1	0	1	0	10
0	0	1	0	1	1	11
0	0	1	1	0	0	12
0	0	1	1	0	1	13
0	0	1	1	1	0	14
0	0	1	1	1	1	15
0	1	0	0	0	0	16
0	1	0	0	0	1	17
0	1	0	0	1	0	18
0	1	0	0	1	1	19
0	1	0	1	0	0	20
0	1	0	1	0	1	21
0	1	0	1	1	0	22
0	1	0	1	1	1	23
0	1	1	0	0	0	24
0	1	1	0	0	1	25
0	1	1	0	1	0	26
0	1	1	0	1	1	27
0	1	1	1	0	0	28
0	1	1	1	0	1	29
0	1	1	1	1	0	30
0	1	1	1	1	1	31
1	0	0	0	0	0	32

	Re	cip	e Bi	ts		Number
5	4	3	2	1	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	33
1	0	0	0	1	0	34
1	0	0	0	1	1	35
1	0	0	1	0	0	36
1	0	0	1	0	1	37
1	0	0	1	1	0	38
1	0	0	1	1	1	39
1	0	1	0	0	0	40
1	0	1	0	0	1	41
1	0	1	0	1	0	42
1	0	1	0	1	1	43
1	0	1	1	0	0	44
1	0	1	1	0	1	45
1	0	1	1	1	0	46
1	0	1	1	1	1	47
1	1	0	0	0	0	48
1	1	0	0	0	1	49
1	1	0	0	1	0	50
1	1	0	0	1	1	51
1	1	0	1	0	0	52
1	1	0	1	0	1	53
1	1	0	1	1	0	54
1	1	0	1	1	1	55
1	1	1	0	0	0	56
1	1	1	0	0	1	57
1	1	1	0	1	0	58
1	1	1	0	1	1	59
1	1	1	1	0	0	60
	-			_		

# **Integrated Flow Control**

# **Flow Control Description**

Flow control is an optional feature which incorporates an intrinsically safe regulator control module with the Pro-Mix 2KS automatic system. Flow control precisely regulates the flow of material to a manual or automatic air spray gun, to help ensure adequate coverage and avoid sags or runs in the finish coat.

**NOTE:** Flow control cannot be selected with dynamic dosing. It is not for use with air-assisted or airless spray guns.

Flow control uses the existing flow meters in a wall mounted fluid station or a RoboMix fluid station. There is no flow meter in the mixed material line.

# **Flow Control Components**

# 249849 Flow Control Module

See Fig. 71. The 249849 Flow Control Module includes an air-operated fluid pressure regulator, fluid pressure sensor, voltage to air pressure valve, and circuit board. See manual 3A2097. The function of this unit is to receive the flow analog signal and drive (manage) the desired flow rate.

#### 24H989 Flow Control Module

See Fig. 72. The 24H989 Flow Control Module is for use with a user-supplied, remotely mounted, air-operated fluid pressure regulator. The module includes a remote fluid pressure sensor and connecting cable, voltage to air pressure valve, and circuit board. See manual 3A2097. The function of this unit is to receive the flow analog signal and drive (manage) the desired flow rate.

**NOTE:** For best results, place the supplied pressure sensor as close to the remote fluid regulator as possible.

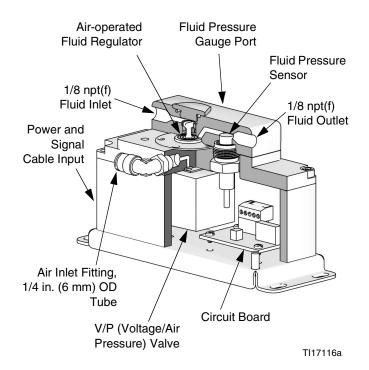


Fig. 71. Cutaway of 249849 Flow Control Module

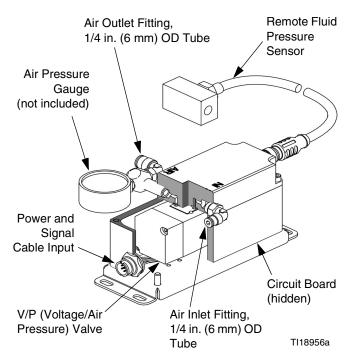


Fig. 72. Cutaway of 24H989 Flow Control Module

# Fluid and Air Pressure Requirements

The fluid input pressure to the fluid regulator must be high enough to provide a 15-20 psi (0.1-0.14 MPa, 1.0-1.4 bar) pressure differential across the regulator at the highest flow setting. *For example*, if the maximum flow rate set point is 280 cc/min and 35 psi outlet pressure is required to achieve that flow, the input pressure must be 50-55 psi.

Required air pressure to the flow control module is 70-100 psi (0.35-0.7 MPa, 3.5-7.0 bar).

#### NOTE:

- For flow control modules 249849 and 24H989 used with a 1:1 fluid regulator, the fluid outlet pressure from the regulator must be between 12-75 psi (.08-0.5 MPa, 0.84-5.2 bar) for all flow set points. Flow rate set points with pressures outside this range are not achievable. There must be at least 12 psi (.08 MPa, 0.84 bar) fluid pressure at the lowest flow rate.
- If flow control module 24H989 is used with a fluid regulator at a ratio greater than 1:1, the relationship of air pressure to fluid outlet pressure is very important. The lowest recommended air pressure from the V/P is 10-12 psi (.07-.08 MPa, 0.70-0.84 bar). Back pressure will be required to ensure minimal fluid pressure at the lowest flow rate setpoint.

The turn down ratio of the typical fluid regulator is approximately 3:1 or 4:1, depending on material type and viscosity. *For example,* if the lowest flow rate required is 100 cc/min, the top flow rate achievable may be 300-400 cc/min.

**NOTE:** The top flow rate is **not** the maximum flow rate range selected.

# **Flow Control Operation**

See Fig. 73 for module 249849 and Fig. 74 for module 24H989. The Flow Control System includes two information loops:

- The pressure loop monitors fluid pressure with the pressure sensor in the module. This allows the system to react very quickly to set point changes. The qun must be triggered during the pressure loop.
- The flow loop monitors fluid flow through flow meter pulses, ensuring accuracy. The gun must be triggered during the flow loop.

The Flow Control System creates a data table that targets a desired flow rate based on the fluid pressure. It then monitors the flow loop to maintain the flow rate.

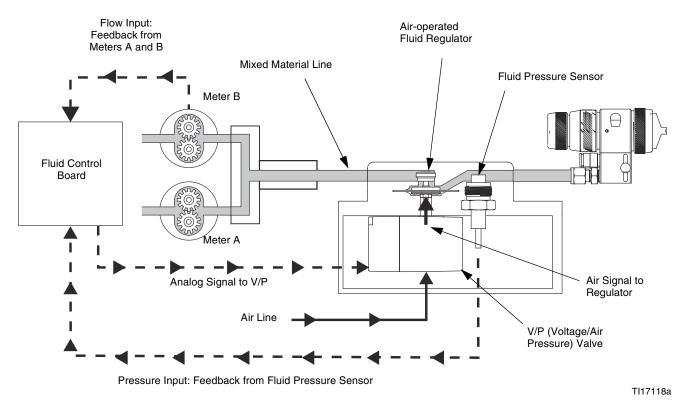


Fig. 73. ProMix 2KS Flow Control Schematic Diagram (249849 Module)

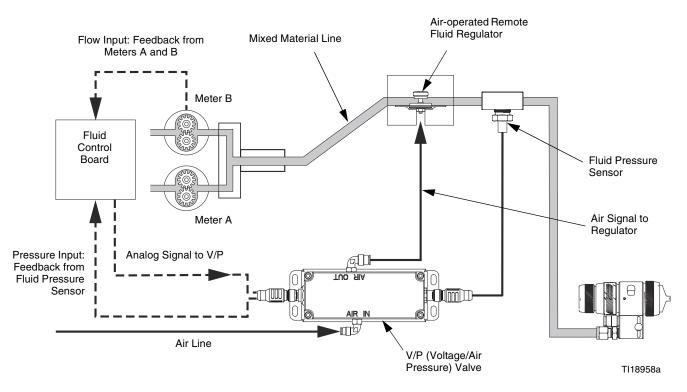


Fig. 74. ProMix 2KS Flow Control Schematic Diagram (24H989 Module)

# Flow Control Operating Process Example

# **Operating Ranges**

Flow Control operating ranges correlate the desired flow rate to the incoming flow set point signal (see below). The operating ranges are:

- 0-300 cc/min
- 0-600 cc/min
- 0-1200 cc/min
- 0-100% (% open in manual override mode)

In this example, the range is set to 0-300 cc/min and the target flow rate is 150 cc/min.

# Step 1: Flow Set Point Input Signal

#### **Discrete Input**

A discrete signal is 0-10Vdc, which corresponds linearly to the set operating range. For example, if the set range is 0-300 cc/min and the desired flow rate is 150 cc/min, the ProMix 2KS receives a flow rate setpoint (5Vdc signal) from the PLC or robot.

### **Network Communication Input**

A network communication signal is either the desired flow rate (150 cc/min in this example) or the % open.

# Step 2: Pressure Loop

**NOTE:** The gun must be triggered during the pressure loop.

See Fig. 75 for module 249849 and Fig. 76 for module 24H989. The ProMix 2KS drives the system to the necessary pressure to meet the desired flow rate (150 cc/min). The pressure sensor in the module verifies the actual pressure and returns the reading back to the ProMix 2KS.

### Step 3: Flow Loop

**NOTE:** The gun must be triggered during the flow loop.

The flow meters verify that the target flow rate is achieved and feeds this information back to the ProMix 2KS. The ProMix 2KS adjusts the voltage to the V/P to maintain the actual flow.

Step 2 and Step 3 repeat continuously to maintain pressure and flow.

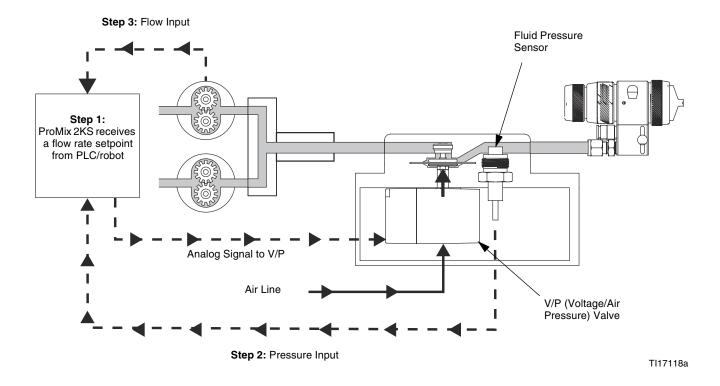


Fig. 75. ProMix 2KS Flow Control Pressure Loop and Flow Loop (249849 Module)

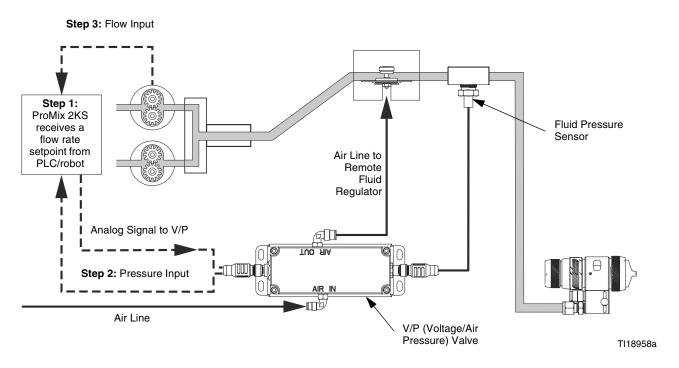


Fig. 76. ProMix 2KS Flow Control Pressure Loop and Flow Loop (24H989 Module)

# Flow Control Setup

- 1. Install the intrinsically safe flow regulator (FC) as explained in the ProMix 2KS Installation Manual.
- 2. Ensure that the analog signal is 0-10 Vdc, or is properly provided through network communication.
- 3. Calibrate the system's flow meters; see page 100. This ensures that the K-factors are tuned to the range of materials being used.
- 4. Verify that the I/O inputs are working properly. If using discrete I/O, check by viewing Advanced Setup Screen 6 and Advanced Setup Screen 7, page 42. If using network communication, ensure the commands are being sent by viewing the Status Screen, page 24, and Advanced Setup Screen 6 and Advanced Setup Screen 7, page 42, for inputs.

**NOTE:** See the Graco Gateway manual for Flow Control Modbus addresses.

5. See Flow Control Startup.

# Flow Control Startup

1. Set Flow Control to "On" in Configure Screen 5.

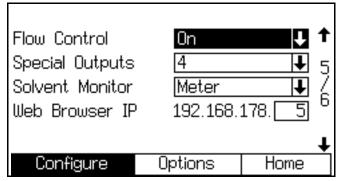


Fig. 77. Configure Screen 5

2. In **Advanced Setup Screen 1**, turn Manual Override On. The Flow Control Override field will appear.

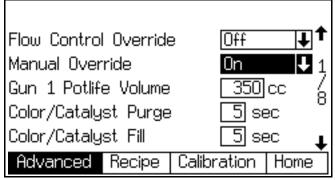


Fig. 78. Advanced Setup Screen 1

 Set Flow Control Override to % Open. See Fig. 79 and Table 10. On the Manual Override Screen, the Flow Set Point field will display as a percentage open (see Fig. 80).

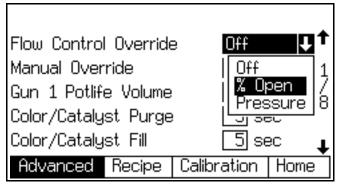


Fig. 79. Flow Control Override Menu

**Table 10: Flow Control Override Selections** 

Selection	Description
Off	Normal operation
% Open	Flow control regulator is opened to a desired percentage.
Pressure	Flow control regulator is opened to a calibrated pressure.

**NOTE:** Set the Flow Control Override to "Pressure" to use the **Pressure Flow Control Mode** (see page 77).

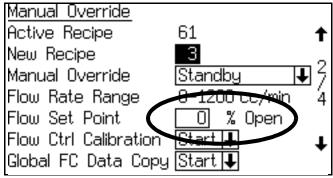


Fig. 80. Flow Set Point as a Percentage

4. On the Manual Override Screen, drive the regulator to a percentage open that starts fluid flow. Fluid pressure should be above 12 psi (.08 MPa, 0.84 bar) [see the Status Screen]. Observe the fluid flow rate at this pressure. This is the achievable low end flow rate for the system's given restriction. If a lower flow rate is required, increase the restriction between the flow control regulator and the spray gun.

**NOTE:** If the lowest flow rate achieved is well below 12 psi (.08 MPa, 0.84 bar), add restriction to achieve fluid pressure closer to 12 psi. Pressures below 12 psi can be inconsistent.

- 5. Drive the regulator to 100% open. This is the maximum achievable flow rate based on the low flow requirement and the flow control module's functional range.
- When an acceptable operating range is achieved, turn Flow Control Override Off.

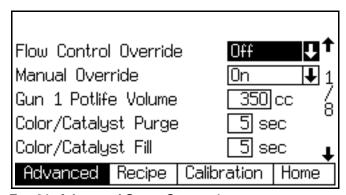


Fig. 81. Advanced Setup Screen 1

7. Run Flow Control Calibration, page 74.

# Flow Control Calibration

Flow Control Calibration is an automatic routine that establishes a pressure vs flow profile between low and high operating points. See Fig. 86. The profile may be unique to each recipe or may be globally copied to all recipes.

NOTE: Calibration cannot be done in recipe 0 or 61.

- Load a color.
- Go to Advanced Setup Screen 5 (see Fig. 82).
   Select the flow rate range that best covers the largest flow target for your application (for example, 0-1200).

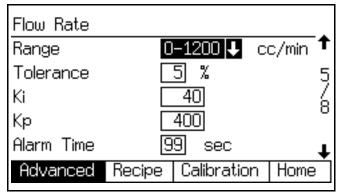


Fig. 82. Advanced Setup Screen 5 (Automatic Mode with Flow Control Only)

Go to Advanced Setup Screen 1 (see Fig. 83).
 Turn Manual Override On.

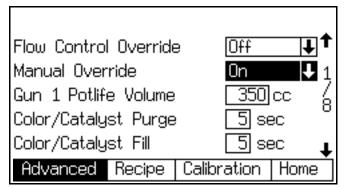


Fig. 83. Advanced Setup Screen 1

Go to the Manual Override Screen (see Fig. 84).
 Set Manual Override to Mix, and set Flow Ctrl Calibration to Start.

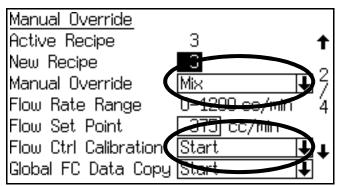


Fig. 84. Manual Override Screen

 Return to the **Status Screen** (see Fig. 85). The status bar at the bottom of the screen will indicate that Mix Calibration is in progress.

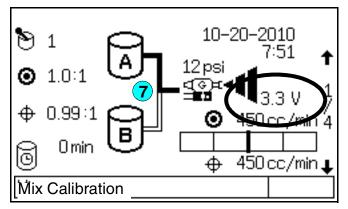


Fig. 85. Status Screen

- 6. Trigger the gun and make sure the gun trigger input is high.
- 7. On the **Status Screen** (see Fig. 85), the voltage will start at 0 and increase incrementally to 3.3 V. The flow rate will also begin to increase during calibration, but this may not show for the first few voltage increases.

8. When calibration is complete, the **Status Screen** will change from Mix Calibration to Mix. The unit should have built a complete table for the flow rate range selected in step 2.

**NOTE:** If the voltage reached 3.3 V (flow control wide open) but the unit did not reach the top of the selected flow rate range, the delivery system is not providing enough volume. Do one of the following:

- If the volume is acceptable, change the flow rate range accordingly.
- If the volume is not acceptable, increase the delivery pressure. Increasing the pressure may affect your low flow rate setting.
- 9. De-trigger the gun.
- 10. Set Manual Override to Standby.
- 11. To copy the data table to all recipes, see Global FC Data Copy, page 76. This loads a starting point for each recipe, and continuous learning will create a unique data table when the recipe is run.

**NOTE:** If you want to do a flow calibration for each recipe, do not do a **Global FC Data Copy**.

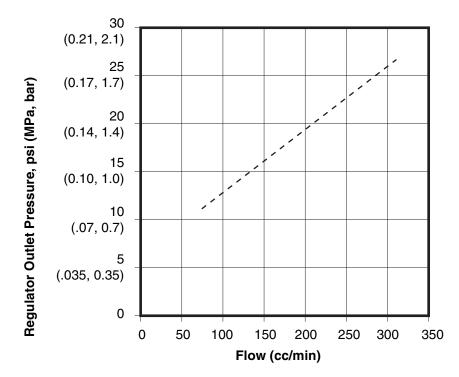


Fig. 86. Typical Flow Calibration (0-300 cc/min range)

# Global FC Data Copy

Set Global FC Data Copy to Start on the **Manual Over-ride Screen** (see Fig. 87). Global copy provides a starting point for all recipes, enabling **Continuous Learning** (see page 76) to take over.

Global copy works very well with multiple colors when the viscosities are similar. It may only require a calibration and global copy each time a regulator is serviced or if restriction downstream of the regulator is changed.

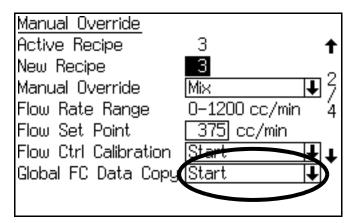


Fig. 87. Manual Override Screen

#### **Continuous Learning**

The flow profile will automatically adjust as necessary to drive to the required flow set point, reflecting changes in material viscosity or system dynamics (such as restrictions downstream from the regulator).

When changing recipes, the profile is saved to the current active recipe. A Job Complete input will also save the profile to the active recipe.

# Setting Ki and Kp

Fig. 89 shows the definition and relationship between Ki and Kp.

- The default value for Ki is 40.
- The default value for Kp is 400.

For most applications, Ki and Kp do not need to change. Do not change these vallues unless you are sure it is required.

Before adjusting these values, ensure that the input fluid pressure to the regulator is pulsation free, and the outlet pressure is higher than 12 psi (.08 MPa, 0.84 bar) for each flow rate set point.

Applications with viscosities less than 20 cps or greater than 300 cps may require that the Ki and Kp be adjusted. Do this by making small variable changes to the values in **Advanced Setup Screen 5**. See Fig. 88.

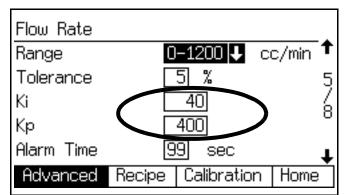


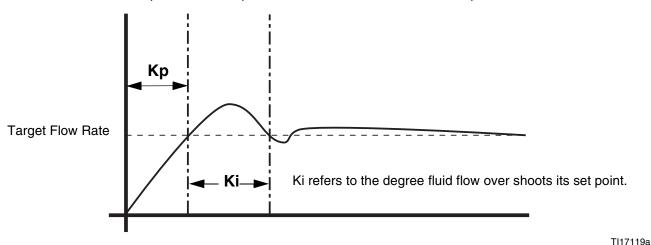
Fig. 88. Advanced Setup Screen 5 (Automatic Mode with Flow Control Only)

# **Pressure Flow Control Mode**

When the Flow Control Override is set to "Pressure", the system will only drive to the pressure associated with the flow rate request of the saved calibration table. It will not close the loop with the flow meters.

This mode may be used with a ProMix 2KS connected both to a robot with flow control and to a manual gun. Because there are two flow paths, the meters cannot be used to close the flow loop. Therefore the robot can run a calibration by itself. When calibration is complete, set to "Pressure." The robot will run in open loop mode, and the manual gun can spray at the same time.

Kp refers to the speed at which fluid flow reaches its set point.



NOTE: Ki and Kp are dependent on each other. If one changes the other must change.

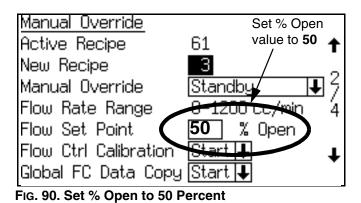
Fig. 89. Kp/Ki Graph

# Flow Control Troubleshooting

# Problem: Flow Command does not produce fluid output.

Test the system as follows, to determine if the problem is mechanical or electrical.

- 1. Install a 0-100 psi (0-0.7 MPa, 0-7.0 bar), 1/8 npt(m) air pressure gauge (not supplied) as follows.
  - a. For module 249849: Remove the plug from the 1/8 npt(f) air gauge port and install the gauge.
     See Fig. 71 on page 67.
  - b. For module 24H989: Install a 1/8 npt(m) x 1/8 npt (fbe) tee in the air outlet port. Install the gauge in one branch of the tee and the air outlet fitting in the other. See Fig. 72 on page 67.
- 2. Set the system to Manual Override, % Open mode; see steps 2-5 under **Flow Control Startup** on pages 72-73.
- 3. Set the % Open value to 50. See Fig. 90.



4. Ensure that the gun is triggered. Increase the % Open value on the EasyKey, then decrease. The gauge reading should also increase then decrease.

Result of the Test	Cause		Solution
Gauge reading increases and	The problem is mechanical:	1.	Clear any clogs.
decreases as % Open value is changed and fluid flow does not	restriction/plugged hose	2.	Remove restrictions.
change or is not present.	<ul> <li>plugged gun tip</li> </ul>	3.	Clean and/or repair fluid regulator.
	fluid regulator failure		
Gauge reading does not increase and decrease as % Open value is	The problem is electrical:	1.	Measure the voltage to the regulator at one of two places:
changed.	Fuse F2 is blown		At J5 on the fluid control
	disconnected wires or cables		board, measure across the white (pin 1) and black (pin 6)
	pressure control failure		wire connections. The voltage should be in the range of
	V/P valve failure		0-3.3 Vdc for 0%-100% Open command (approximately
	flow control board failure		1.65 Vdc for 50% Open).
			• At J2 on the flow control board of the module, measure across the red (pin 1) and black (pin 2) wire connections. The voltage should be in the range of 0-21 Vdc for 0%-100% Open command (approximately 12 Vdc for 50% Open).
		2.	If voltage is not present, check if fuse F2 on the fluid control board is blown.
		3.	If voltage is present, ensure the cable is properly connected to the module circuit board.
		4.	If cable is properly connected, replace pressure control, VP valve, and flow control board sequentially to isolate failure. See manual 3A2097.

# **System Operation**

# **Operation Modes**



System mixes and dispenses material (apply Mix input).



Stops the system (remove Mix input).



Purges the system, using air and solvent (apply Purge input).

# **Sequential Dosing**

Components A and B dispense sequentially in the necessary volumes to attain the mix ratio.

# **Dynamic Dosing**

In typical operation (ratios 1:1 and above), component A dispenses constantly. Component B dispenses intermittently in the necessary volume to attain the mix ratio.

# Recipe (Color) Change

The process when the system automatically flushes out the old color and loads a new color. See pages 102-113.

# **Solvent Push**

The Solvent Push feature enables the user to save some mixed material by pushing it out to the gun with solvent. The feature requires an accessory solvent meter. See page 99 for complete information.

# Typical PLC Interaction with ProMix 2KS

This section describes a typical interaction when a local PLC is directly connected to the Discrete I/O connections of the ProMix 2KS.

See **ProMix 2KS Integration Specifics** on page 51 for a detailed explanation of inputs and outputs.

**NOTE:** Communications fields of **Configure Screen 6** must be set to DISCRETE (see page 35).

# **Start Mixing**

To start the mix process, the PLC will monitor and ensure the Mix\_Ready output is High. This provides assurance it is ready to mix. PLC will drive High the Mix\_Start input, keep it High and monitor the Mix\_Active output to ensure the ProMix 2KS followed through on the request.

# **Stop Mixing**

To stop mixing (to perform a purge or color change), remove the Mix\_Start input (the status bar on the EasyKey will show STANDBY). Monitor the Mix\_Ready output to ensure the Mix\_Active output goes Low.

# **Color Change**

To perform a color change, ensure there are no alarms (except the Potlife Alarm). If alarms are present, the Alarm\_Reset input should be sent momentarily to clear the alarm (>100 msec).

**NOTE:** Alarm\_Reset will not reset a Potlife alarm. Only dispensing the Potlife Volume or a complete Purge/Color Change will reset a Potlife alarm.

The Alarm Reset Input will silence the audible alarm. Turn the Color\_Change\_Start input on momentarily (>100 msec) while the proper sequence of recipe bits are set.

**NOTE:** The Recipe Bits must be presented at least 100 msec before the Color Change Start input is turned on and remain until a new recipe is required.

During the short On state, the recipe will be read from this binary sequence and the status bar of the EasyKey will display COLOR CHANGE XX. The Purge\_CC\_Active output will be High for the duration of the color change purge process. During the Mixed Material Load portion at the end of the Color Change sequence, the Fill\_Active output will be on, indicating that portion of the color change. These will not be on at the same time. Once the Mix\_Ready output goes High with no alarms, then the PLC has assurance that the requested color change has taken place with the requested recipe being the current active recipe. If any error occurs during the process, the requested recipe will not be loaded, and the old recipe will remain active.

**NOTE:** It is not possible to read the active recipe through Discrete I/O alone. Only by monitoring networked registers through the Gateway is it possible to view the active recipe. Proper management of the alarm status outputs during the color change process will ensure the active recipe is what is expected.

#### Purge

To start a Purge (no color change), drive the Purge\_Start input High (maintained) while ensuring Mix\_Ready output is High (ensuring no active alarms). An exception is Potlife alarm (see **Color Change** above if alarms are present.) The Purge\_CC\_Active output is High for the entire Purge process. Ensure there are no alarms during this process. Fill\_Active is High when Mix is on. When complete, Mix\_Ready output will be High, indicating a completed purge.

**NOTE:** No change is made to the active recipe.

#### **Gun Trigger Input**

This input is sent and expected every time the gun is actually triggered, and this input is turned off when the gun is not triggered. Never tie this input with any other signal. Without this input, some critical mixing alarms are eliminated.

**IMPORTANT:** This input **must** be provided through Discrete I/O for integrated flow control applications, to ensure fast coordination with the flow control process. Applications without flow control can use Gun Trigger input through Network Communications or Discrete I/O.

**NOTE:** The Gun Trigger input has the same effect as the air flow switch used on manual ProMix 2KS systems.

# Alarm Monitoring/Reset (Discrete I/O)

Anytime an alarm occurs, the Alarm Reset input will reset the alarms and allow for processing of the next step by automation, *except for the following conditions:* 

- Potlife Alarms cannot be reset by the Alarm Reset
  - input or through the EasyKey Alarm Reset key. Only a Purge/Color Change or spraying the Potlife volume will reset a Potlife alarm. (See Alarm\_Potlife output information on page 54.)
- When Flow Control is turned on (see Configure **Screen 5** on page 34), the Flow\_Rate\_Alarm output will be High when the instantaneous flow rate is above or below the Flow Rate tolerance setting. (High Flow or Low Flow will be the condition, indicating in the status bar of the EasyKey.) This output will be High along with the Mix\_Active output. The PLC should monitor the amount of time this condition exists and take action at a predetermined time. With Flow Control there will be times (for example during flow rate changes) where the general alarm as described here will be High (typically momentarily). The PLC must read this Alarm output (i.e. general alarm), see if Mix\_Active is still High, and if so, start a timer. A typical example would be to ensure all parts are sprayed within a specific flow rate range. A maximum predetermined time would be set to allow a Low or High flow condition to exist continuously.
- Shutdown or go to Standby after the flow rate alarm time expires.

# Job\_Complete Input

Every time a momentary Job\_Complete input is seen by the ProMix 2KS, a job log will be recorded, logging the A and B meter volumes (cc) with a time and date stamp. The volumes will then be reset to 0. (Volume totals are accumulated since the last reset.)

**NOTE:** A Color Change accomplishes the same Job Complete Reset functions. The Job\_Complete input is commonly used to record material usage for a specific set of parts. These volumes are sprayed material volumes.

# For Applications with Dump Valves (for quick purges/color changes at or near the gun):

ProMix 2KS has four specials that can each be turned off and on twice throughout a color change sequence. See Advanced Setup Screen 8 on page 42 or Recipe Setup Screen 7 on page 46.

For example, a dump valve at a gun on a robot could be opened at the appropriate times to facilitate fast color changes. Another output could be used to automatically drive an air-operated fluid regulator High during the Purge or Color Change process.

**NOTE:** With integrated Flow Control, the flow control regulator automatically is driven High. See **Advanced Setup Screen 5** on page 41 for specifics on setting up these values. Each of the specials can be monitored, but can only be controlled through the times entered within the setup screens of the EasyKey or by managing the proper registers on the network.

The following ProMix 2KS inputs should *never* be on (High) at the same time:

- Mix Start
- Purge\_Start
- Color\_Change\_Start

The Recipe Bits (0-6) are always on at the same time. The only time these bits are recognized is when the Color\_Change\_Start input is High. The Recipe Bits should be loaded and **stay loaded** for the current recipe. Do not change the Recipe Bits until a color change is required again. Inconsistent results are possible if this is not followed.

# General Operating Cycle, Sequential Dosing

- 1. The system enters and loads the desired color.
- 2. The system enters Mix mode to begin operation.
- 3. The ProMix 2KS controller sends signals to activate the solenoid valves. The solenoid valves activate Dose Valves A and B. Fluid flow begins when the Gun Trigger input is seen.
- 4. Components A and B are introduced into the fluid integrator (FI) one at a time as follows.
  - a. Dose Valve A (DVA) opens, and fluid flows into the integrator.
  - b. Flow Meter A (MA) monitors the fluid volume dispensed and sends electrical pulses to the ProMix 2KS controller. The controller monitors these pulses and signals.
  - c. When the target volume dispenses, Dose Valve A closes.

**NOTE:** The dispense volume of component A and B is based on the mix ratio and dose size set by the user and calculated by the ProMix 2KS controller.

- d. Dose Valve B (DVB) opens, and fluid flows into the integrator and is aligned proportionately with component A.
- e. Flow Meter B (MB) monitors the fluid volume dispensed and sends electrical pulses to the ProMix 2KS controller.
- f. When the target volume is dispensed, Dose Valve B closes.
- 5. The components are pre-mixed in the integrator, then uniformly blended in the static mixer (SM).

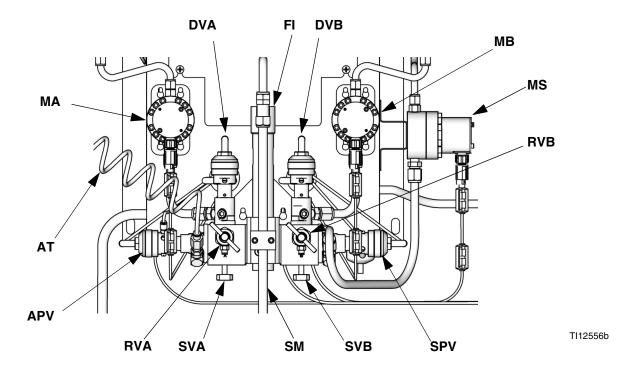
**NOTE:** To control output from the static mixer to the gun, install an optional fluid pressure regulator.

- 6. Components A and B are alternately fed into the integrator as long as the Gun Trigger input is seen.
- 7. If the Gun Trigger input is not seen for two minutes, the system switches to Idle mode, which closes off the mix manifold dose valves.
- 8. When the Gun Trigger input is seen again, the Pro-Mix 2KS continues the process where it left off.

**NOTE:** Operation can be stopped at any time by going to Standby mode (remove Mix input).

**Table 11: Sequential Dosing Operation** 

Ratio = 2.0:1	Dose 1		Dose 2		Dose 3	
A = 2						
B = 1						



K	Δ,	,	
1	C	,	

MA Component A Meter
DVA Component A Dose Valve
RVA Component A Sampling Valve
SVA Component A Shutoff Valve
MB Component B Meter
DVB Component B Dose Valve
RVB Component B Sampling Valve

SVB Component B Shutoff Valve
MS Solvent Meter (accessory)
SPV Solvent Purge Valve
APV Air Purge Valve
SM Static Mixer
FI Fluid Integrator

AT Air Purge Valve Air Supply Tube

Fig. 91. Wall Mount Fluid Station, Sequential Dosing

# **General Operating Cycle, Dynamic Dosing**

#### Overview

Dynamic Dosing provides on-demand proportioning, eliminating the need for an integrator and therefore minimizing undesired material contact. This feature is especially useful with shear-sensitive and waterborne materials.

A restrictor injects component B into a continuous stream of component A. The software controls the duration and frequency of each injection. See Fig. 92 for a schematic diagram of the process.

### **Dynamic Dosing System Parameters**

The following parameters affect dynamic dosing performance:

- Component A Flow: Ensure that the supply pump is sized to provide sufficient and uninterrupted flow.
   Note that component A provides majority of system flow at higher mix ratios.
- Component B Flow: Ensure that the supply pump is sized to provide sufficient and uninterrupted flow.
- Component A Pressure: Ensure precise pressure regulation. It is recommended that the component A pressure be 5-15% lower than the component B pressure.
- Component B Pressure: Ensure precise pressure regulation. It is recommended that the component B pressure be 5-15% higher than the component A pressure.

**NOTE:** When using dynamic dosing it is very important to maintain a constant, well-regulated fluid supply. To obtain proper pressure control and minimize pump pulsation, install a fluid regulator on the A and B supply lines upstream of the meters. In systems with color change, install the regulator downstream of the color/catalyst valve stack.

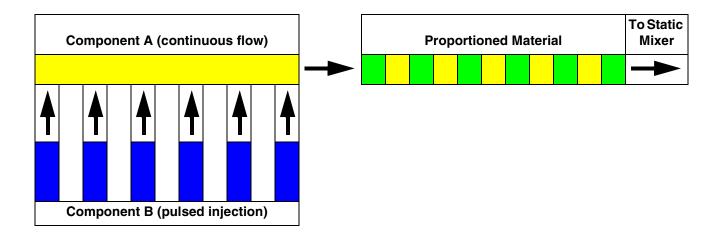


Fig. 92. Schematic Diagram of Dynamic Dosing Operation

# **Select a Component B Restrictor Size**

Install the 15U955 Injection Kit in the fluid manifold as explained in the ProMix 2KS Installation manual. Use the charts provided in that manual to select an appropriate restrictor size based on the desired flow and mix ratio.

## **Turn On Dynamic Dosing**

1. On the EasyKey press the Setup key to access the Set Up Home screen. Select "System Configuration" to access the configuration screens. Fig. 93.

Set Up Home	ProMix 2KS
Recipe & Advanci	ed Setup ST1 👃
System Configura	ation ST1 👃
EK 2.04.009 BC	1.XX C1 1.XX
FP 2.04.009 AK	2K-Manual C2
XP V6.5.0.7 MC	1042.0198
IP 192.168.178.1	MAC 00204AA3804F

Fig. 93. Set Up Home Screen

2. Navigate to System Configure Screen 4. Select "DD" option from the "Dose Size" drop down menu. Fig. 94.

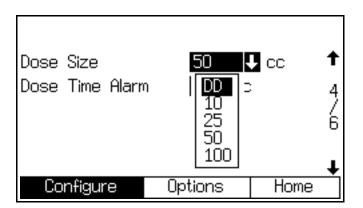


Fig. 94. Configure Screen 4, dynamic dosing selected

Selecting "DD" in System Configure Screen 4
makes the DD Setup mode available. See Fig. 95.
To enable DD setup mode, select On in the DD
Setup mode drop down menu. This disables Off
Ratio alarms E-3 and E-4, allowing uninterrupted
setup and tuning.

**NOTE:** Do not use the material mixed when in DD setup mode, as it may not be on ratio due to the disabled alarms.

**NOTE:** If DD setup mode is not turned Off at the end of setup, it will automatically turn off 3 minutes after initiation of a Mix command.

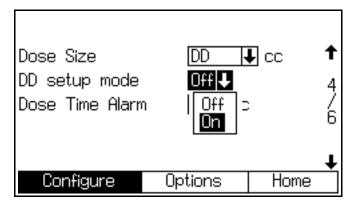


Fig. 95. Configure Screen 4, dynamic dosing setup mode enabled

# **Balancing A/B Pressure**

If component B pressure is too high, it will push the component A stream aside during B injection. The valve will not open long enough, causing a High Ratio alarm.

If component B pressure is too low, it will not be injected in sufficient volume. The valve will stay open too long, causing a Low Ratio alarm.

Selecting the correct component B restrictor size and balancing the A/B pressures will keep the system in the proper pressure range, resulting in a consistent mix ratio.

Fig. 97 shows the A to B pressure balance, read at the proportioner inlet. It is recommended that the component B pressure be 5-15% higher than the component A pressure to keep the system in the control range, hold the proper mix ratio, and obtain properly mixed material. If pressures are not balanced ("B Pressure Too High" or "B Pressure Too Low"), it may not be possible to hold the desired mix ratio. The system will generate an off ratio alarm and stop operation.

**NOTE:** In multi-flow rate systems, it is recommended that you set up the system to run properly at the highest flow rate, to ensure adequate fluid supply across the flow rate range.

In dynamic dosing, component A dose valve is constantly on. Component B dose valve will cycle on and off; one cycle every 0.5-1.0 seconds indicates proper balance.

Monitor system performance by watching the EasyKey display for warning messages which provide information on system performance, and adjust pressures accordingly. See Table 12 on page 88.

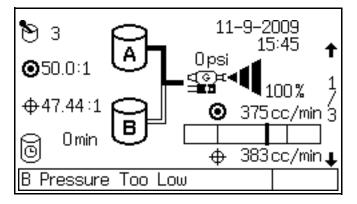


Fig. 96. B Pressure Too Low, displayed on EasyKey

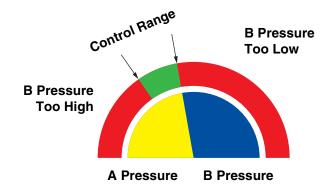
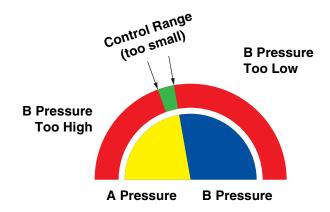


Fig. 97. A/B Control Range with Properly Sized Restrictor



**NOTE:** If the restrictor is too small, it may be necessary to supply more differential pressure than is available in your system.

Fig. 98. A/B Control Range with Too Large a Restrictor

Table 12: Dynamic Dosing Troubleshooting Guide (for complete system troubleshooting, see Table 17 beginning on page 116)

Warning/Alarm Message	Solution
B Pressure Too Low (see Fig. 96)	<ul> <li>Increase B pressure.</li> <li>Clean restrictor or use a larger size.</li> <li>Verify B valve is opening properly.</li> </ul>
B Pressure Too High	<ul><li>Increase A pressure or decrease B pressure.</li><li>Use a smaller restrictor.</li></ul>
Off Ratio Low	<ul><li>Increase A pressure or decrease B pressure.</li><li>Use a smaller restrictor.</li></ul>
Off Ratio High	<ul> <li>Increase B pressure.</li> <li>Clean restrictor or use a larger size.</li> <li>Verify B valve is opening properly.</li> </ul>

# **Mix Manifold Valve Settings**

To open dose or purge valves, turn hex nut (E) *counter-clockwise*. To close, turn *clockwise*. See Table 13 and Fig. 99.

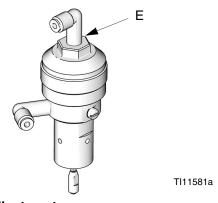


Fig. 99. Valve Adjustment

**Table 13: Mix Manifold Valve Settings** 

Valve	Setting	Function
Dose (see Fig. 99)	Hex nut (E) 1-1/4 turns out from fully closed	Limits maximum fluid flow rate into integrator and minimizes valve response time.
Purge (see Fig. 99)	Hex nut (E) 1-1/4 turns out from fully closed	Limits maximum fluid flow rate into integrator and minimizes valve response time.
Shutoff (SVA and SVB, see Fig. 91)	Fully open during Run/Mix operation	Closes component A and B ports to integrator during ratio check or meter calibration. Open ports during Run/Mix operation.
Sampling (RVA and RVB, see Fig. 91)	Fully closed during Run/Mix operation	Open to dispense component A and B while calibrating meters. Do not open sampling valves unless fluid shutoff valves are closed.

# Start Up

1. Go through the Pre-Operation Checklist in Table 14.

**Table 14: Pre-Operation Checklist** 

Verify all grounding connections were made. See the Installation manual.  All connections tight and correct  Verify all electrical, fluid, air, and system connections are tight and installed according to the Installation manual.  Check air purge valve tubing  Check the air purge valve supply tube daily for any visible solvent accumulation. Notify your supervisor if solvent is present.  Fluid supply containers filled  Check component A and B and solvent supply containers.  Mix manifold valves set
the Installation manual.  All connections tight and correct  Verify all electrical, fluid, air, and system connections are tight and installed according to the Installation manual.  Check air purge valve tubing  Check the air purge valve supply tube daily for any visible solvent accumulation. Notify your supervisor if solvent is present.  Fluid supply containers filled  Check component A and B and solvent supply containers.  Mix manifold valves set
Verify all electrical, fluid, air, and system connections are tight and installed according to the Installation manual.  Check air purge valve tubing  Check the air purge valve supply tube daily for any visible solvent accumulation. Notify your supervisor if solvent is present.  Fluid supply containers filled  Check component A and B and solvent supply containers.  Mix manifold valves set
tions are tight and installed according to the Installation manual.  Check air purge valve tubing  Check the air purge valve supply tube daily for any visible solvent accumulation. Notify your supervisor if solvent is present.  Fluid supply containers filled  Check component A and B and solvent supply containers.  Mix manifold valves set
Check the air purge valve supply tube daily for any visible solvent accumulation. Notify your supervisor if solvent is present.  Fluid supply containers filled  Check component A and B and solvent supply containers.  Mix manifold valves set
any visible solvent accumulation. Notify your supervisor if solvent is present.  Fluid supply containers filled  Check component A and B and solvent supply containers.  Mix manifold valves set
Check component A and B and solvent supply containers.  Mix manifold valves set
containers.  Mix manifold valves set
Charlethat wive manifold values are ant compatible
Check that mix manifold valves are set correctly. Start with the settings recommended in <b>Mix Manifold Valve Settings</b> , page 88, then adjust as needed.
Fluid supply valves open and pressure set
Component A and B fluid supply pressures should be equal unless one component is more viscous and requires a higher pressure setting.
Solenoid pressure set
75-100 psi inlet air supply (0.5-0.7 MPa, 5.2-7 bar)

2. Turn the AC Power Switch ON (I = ON, 0 = OFF).

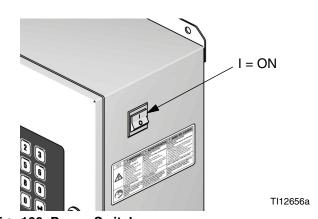


Fig. 100. Power Switch

- → Graco logo, software revision, and "Establishing Communication" will display, followed by Status screen. See page 22.
- → At power up the system defaults to Recipe 61, which is not a valid recipe number. Initiate a color change to Recipe 0 or a valid recipe number (1-60).
- → In bottom left corner, the system status displays, which can be Standby, Mix, Purge, or an alarm notification.

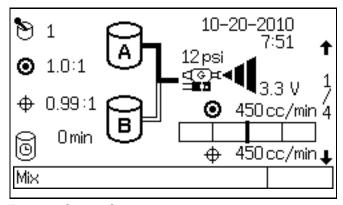


Fig. 101. Status Screen

- 3. Verify that the EasyKey is working. The active recipe number and Standby mode should be displayed.
- 4. If this is the first time starting up the system, purge it as instructed in **Purging Fluid Supply System**, page 96. The equipment was tested with lightweight oil, which should be flushed out to avoid contaminating your material.
- Make sure that the EasyKey is in Standby (remove Mix input).
- Adjust component A and B fluid supplies as needed for your application. Use lowest pressure possible.



- 7. Do not exceed the maximum rated working pressure shown on the system identification label or the lowest rated component in the system.
- 8. Open the fluid supply valves to the system.
- 9. Adjust the air pressure. Most applications require about 80 psi (552 kPa, 5.5 bar) air pressure to operate properly. Do not use less than 75 psi (517 kPa, 5.2 bar).

- 10. Purge air from the fluid lines.
  - Shut off air to the gun by closing the air regulator or shutoff valve for the gun atomizing air.
  - Trigger the gun (manual or automatic) into a grounded metal pail.

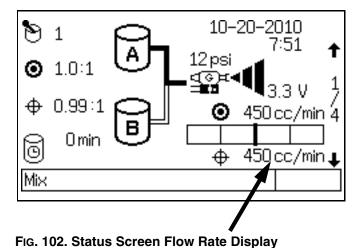


- c. Go to Mix mode.
- d. If the flow meters over-run because of air in the system, an alarm will occur and operation stops.

Press the Alarm Reset key to clear

- e. Go to Mix mode.
- 11. Adjust the flow rate.

The fluid flow rate shown on the EasyKey Status screen is for either component A or B, depending on which dose valve is open. The fluid supply lines on the screen highlight to show which dose valve is open.



Watch the fluid flow rate displayed on the Status screen while the gun is fully open. Verify that the flow rate of components A and B are within 10% of each other.

If the fluid flow rate is too low: increase air pressure to component A and B fluid supplies or increase the regulated fluid pressure.

If the fluid flow rate is too high: reduce the air pressure, close the fluid manifold dose valves further, or adjust the fluid pressure regulator.

**NOTE:** Pressure adjustments of each component will vary with fluid viscosity. Start with the same fluid pressure for component A and B, then adjust as needed.

**NOTE:** Do not use the first 4-5 oz. (120-150 cc) of material as it may not be thoroughly mixed due to alarms while priming the system.

12. Turn on atomizing air to the gun. Check the spray pattern as instructed in your spray gun manual.

**NOTE:** Do not allow a fluid supply tank to run empty. It is possible for air flow in the supply line to turn gear meters in the same manner as fluid. This can lead to the proportioning of fluid and air that meets the ratio and tolerance settings of the equipment. This can further result in spraying uncatalyzed or poorly catalyzed material.

# **Shutdown**

# **Overnight Shutdown**

- 1. Leave the power on.
- 2. Run Recipe 0 to purge solvent through meters and gun.

#### Service Shutdown

- 1. Follow **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 91.
- 2. Close main air shutoff valve on air supply line and on ProMix 2KS.
- 3. Shut off ProMix 2KS power (0 position). Fig. 103.
- 4. If servicing EasyKey, also shut off power at main circuit breaker.

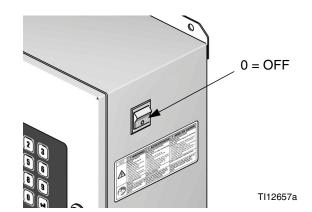


Fig. 103. Power Switch

# **Pressure Relief Procedure**

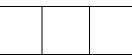
**NOTE:** The following procedures relieve all fluid and air pressure in the ProMix 2KS system. Use the procedure appropriate for your system configuration.











Relieve pressure when you stop spraying, before changing spray tips, and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.

# Single Color Systems

- While in Mix mode (gun triggered), shut off the A and B fluid supply pumps/pressure pots. Close all fluid shutoff valves at the pump outlets.
- 2. With the gun triggered, push the manual override on the A and B dose valve solenoids to relieve pressure. See Fig. 104.

**NOTE:** If a Dose Time alarm (E-7, E-8) occurs, clear the alarm.

- Do a complete system purge, following the instructions under **Purging Using Recipe 0**, page 96.
- Shut off the fluid supply to the solvent purge valve (SPV) and the air supply to the air purge valve (APV), Fig. 106.
- 5. With the gun triggered, push the manual override on the A and B purge valve solenoids to relieve air and solvent pressure. See Fig. 104. Verify that solvent pressure is reduced to 0.

**NOTE:** If a Purge Volume alarm (E-11) occurs, clear the alarm.

# Systems with Color Change and without Dump Valves

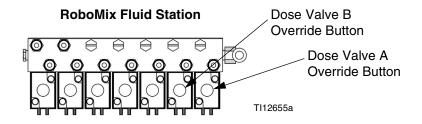
**NOTE:** This procedure relieves pressure through the sampling valve.

- 1. Complete all steps under **Single Color Systems**, page 91.
- 2. Close the A side shutoff valve (SVA), Fig. 106. Open the A side sampling valve (RVA).
- Direct the A side sampling tube into a waste container.
- 4. See Fig. 105. Open the color change module. Using the solenoid identification labels as a guide, press and hold the override button on each color solenoid until flow from the sampling valve stops.
- 5. Press and hold the solvent solenoid override until clean solvent comes from the sampling valve, then release.
- 6. Shutoff the solvent supply to the color change stack solvent valve.
- 7. Press and hold the solvent solenoid override until solvent flow from the sampling valve stops.
- 8. Open the A side shutoff valve (SVA), Fig. 106. Close the A side sampling valve (RVA).

# Systems with Color/Catalyst Change and Dump Valves

**NOTE:** This procedure relieves pressure through the dump valves.

- 1. Complete all steps under **Single Color Systems**, page 91.
- Shut off all color and catalyst supplies to the valve stacks.
- Press and hold the dump valve A solenoid override, Fig. 104.
- 4. See Fig. 105. Open the color change module. Using the solenoid identification labels as a guide, press and hold the override button on each color solenoid until flow from dump valve A stops.
- Press and hold the dump valve B solenoid override, Fig. 104.
- See Fig. 105. Using the solenoid identification labels as a guide, press and hold the override button on each catalyst solenoid until flow from dump valve B stops.
- 7. Press and hold the dump valve A solenoid override, Fig. 104.
- 8. Press and hold the A side (color) solvent solenoid override until clean solvent comes from the dump valve, then release.
- Press and hold the dump valve B solenoid override, Fig. 104.
- Press and hold the B side (catalyst) solvent solenoid override until clean solvent comes from the dump valve, then release.
- 11. Shutoff the solvent supply to the color/catalyst change stack solvent valves.
- 12. Press and hold the A and B solvent solenoid overrides and dump valve overrides until solvent flow from the dump valves stops.



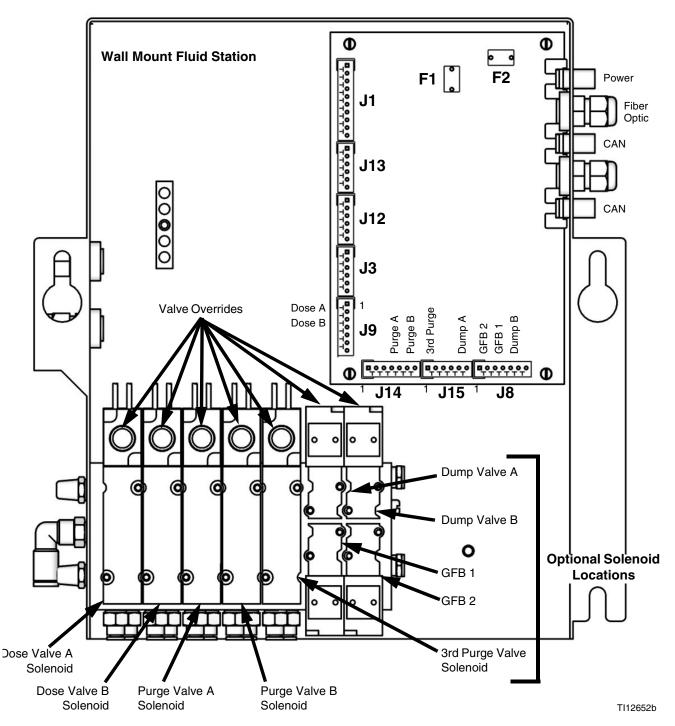


Fig. 104. Fluid Solenoids

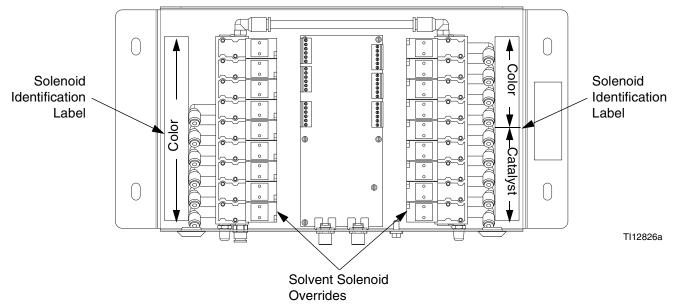
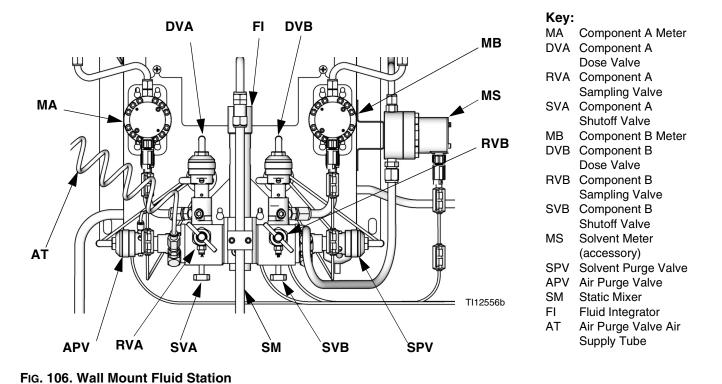


Fig. 105: Color Change Solenoids



94 312779E

# **Purging**











Read **Warnings**, page 9. Follow the **Grounding** instructions in your system Installation manual.

To avoid splashing fluid in the eyes, wear eye protection.

There are 4 purging procedures in this manual:

- Purging Mixed Material (below)
- Purging Using Recipe 0 (page 96)
- Purging Fluid Supply System (page 96)
- Purging Sampling Valves and Tubes (page 98)

Use the criteria listed in each procedure to determine which procedure to use.

### **Purging Mixed Material**

There are times when you only want to purge the fluid manifold, such as:

- · end of potlife
- breaks in spraying that exceed the potlife
- · overnight shutdown
- before servicing the fluid manifold assembly, hose or gun.

Solvent purges the component B (catalyst, right) side of the mix manifold and the inner tube of the integrator. Air purges the component A (resin, left) side and the outer tube of the integrator.

1. Go to Standby mode (remove Mix input).









Trigger the gun to relieve pressure.

If you are using a high pressure gun, engage the trigger lock. Remove spray tip and clean tip separately.

A



If using an electrostatic gun shut off the electrostatics before flushing the gun.

- Set the solvent supply pressure regulator at a pressure high enough to completely purge the system in a reasonable amount of time but low enough to avoid splashing or an injection injury. Generally, a setting of 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) is sufficient.
- If using a gun flush box, place the gun into the box and close the lid. Go to Purge mode. The purge sequence automatically starts.

If the gun flush box is not used, trigger the gun (manual or automatic) into a grounded metal pail until the purge sequence is complete.



When done purging, the EasyKey automatically switches to Standby mode.

4. If the system is not completely clean, repeat step 3.

**NOTE:** If necessary, adjust purge sequence so only one cycle is required.









Trigger the gun to relieve pressure. Engage trigger lock.

- 5. If spray tip was removed, reinstall it.
- 6. Adjust the solvent supply regulator back to its normal operating pressure.

## **Purging Using Recipe 0**

Recipe 0 is typically used:

- in multiple color systems to purge out material lines without loading a new color
- at the end of a shift to prevent hardening of catalyzed material.

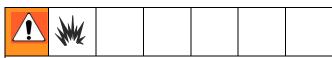
To setup Recipe 0, go to Advanced Setup. Select the Recipe tab and change the Recipe to 0. The Recipe 0 Setup Screen appears. Set the chop times from 0-999 seconds in increments of 1 second.

1. Go to Standby mode (remove Mix input).



Trigger the gun to relieve pressure.

If you are using a high pressure gun, engage the trigger lock. Remove spray tip and clean tip separately.



If using an electrostatic gun shut off the electrostatics before flushing the gun.

- If using a gun flush box, place the gun into the box and close the lid.
- 3. Select Recipe 0 and press Enter -
- 4. If a gun flush box is not used, trigger the gun (manual or automatic) into a grounded metal pail until the purge sequence is complete.

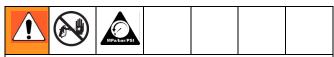


- 5. The color change LED blinks while Recipe 0 runs and turns solid after purge sequence is complete.
- 6. If the system is not completely clean, you can repeat Recipe 0 by pressing Enter ◀■.

#### **Purging Fluid Supply System**

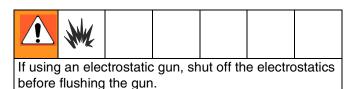
Follow this procedure before:

- the first time material is loaded into equipment\*
- servicing
- shutting down equipment for an extended period of time
- putting equipment into storage
  - \* Some steps are not necessary for initial flushing, as no material has been loaded into the system yet.
- 1. Go to Standby mode (remove Mix input).



Trigger the gun to relieve pressure.

If you are using a high pressure gun, engage the trigger lock. Remove spray tip and clean tip separately.



- 2. Attach solvent supply lines as follows:
  - Single color/single catalyst systems: disconnect the component A and B fluid supplies at the flow meter inlets, and connect regulated solvent supply lines.
  - Multiple color/single catalyst systems: disconnect only the component B fluid supply at the flow meter inlet and connect a regulated solvent supply line.
  - Multiple color/multiple catalyst systems:
     connect the solvent supply lines to the designated solvent valve on the color and catalyst valve stacks. Do not connect a solvent supply to either flow meter.

- 3. Adjust the solvent fluid supply pressure. Use the lowest possible pressure to avoid splashing.
- 4. Remove the Fluid Station cover to access the solenoid valves. See Fig. 104 on page 93.
- 5. Purge as follows:
  - Single color/single catalyst systems: Purge component A side. Press the manual override on the Dose Valve A solenoid valve and trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail.
     Purge component B side. Press the manual override on the Dose Valve B solenoid valve and trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail until clean solvent flows from the gun.

Repeat to thoroughly clean the fluid integrator.

#### Multiple color/single catalyst systems:

Select Recipe 0 and press Enter to purge the component A side. The color change LED blinks while Recipe 0 runs and turns solid after purge sequence is complete.

Purge component B side. Press the manual override on the Dose Valve B solenoid valve and trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail until clean solvent flows from the gun.

Repeat to thoroughly clean the fluid integrator.

#### Multiple color/multiple catalyst systems:

Select Recipe 0 and press Enter to purge the component A side and the component B side. The color change LED blinks while Recipe 0 runs and turns solid after purge sequence is complete.

Repeat to thoroughly clean the fluid integrator.

- 6. Reinstall the Fluid Station cover.
- 7. Shut off the solvent fluid supply.
- 8. Disconnect the solvent supply lines and reconnect the component A and B fluid supplies.
- 9. See page 89 for **Start Up** procedure.

# **Purging Sampling Valves and Tubes**

Follow this procedure after meter calibration.

- 1. Go to Standby mode (remove Mix input).
- 2. See Fig. 106, page 94. Close both fluid shutoff valves and sampling valves.
- 3. Route the sampling tubes into a grounded waste container.
- 4. **On a single color system**, attach a solvent supply line to Flow Meter A inlet.
- 5. On the EasyKey, press Setup key and access the Advanced Setup screens.

Dose A, solvent purge valve (B side), and color change solvent valves (if used) will open.

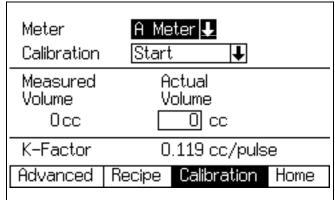


Fig. 107. Calibration Screen



7. To avoid splashing, slowly open the sampling valves and dispense solvent until the valves and tubes are clean.

**NOTE:** When performing a calibration purge, the solvent valve(s) close automatically after 2 minutes or when Abort is selected on the screen.

8. Close sampling valves.

**NOTE:** Select Abort on Calibration screen to cancel current calibration and close dose or purge valves.

- 9. Fully open both fluid shutoff valves.
- 10. **On a single color system**, reconnect component A fluid supply line to flow meter A.

**NOTE:** After calibration it is necessary to clean out contaminated mix material. Do a manual purge and resume the recipe just tested, or do Recipe 0 then go on to the next recipe.

# Solvent Push Feature

The Solvent Push feature enables the user to save some mixed material by pushing it out to the gun with solvent. The quantity saved is 50% of the potlife volume entered in **Advanced Setup Screen 1** on page 39. If there are 2 guns, the smaller potlife volume is used.

Solvent Push requires an accessory solvent meter (MS). Order Graco Part No. 280555 S3000 Solvent Meter Kit. See manual 308778.

- 1. See Fig. 108. Install the solvent meter (MS) on the side of the fluid station, as explained in the ProMix 2KS Installation Manual.
- To enable Solvent Push, select "Solvent" or "3rd Valve," as desired. See Option Screen 2, page 37.

**NOTE:** If you are using a 3rd purge valve instead of the solvent purge valve to run the Solvent Push feature, connect the solvent supply line from the solvent meter to the inlet of the 3rd purge valve.

3. Press and hold the Mix key for 5 seconds to turn on Solvent Push. The green Mix LED will light and the Recipe LED will blink. The system will close the Dose Valves (DVA, DVB) and open the Solvent Purge Valve (SPV).

4. The system will dispense solvent to push the mixed material out to the gun. The Booth Control display alternately shows dashes and the percent remaining (0-99%) of the 50% of the potlife volume.

NOTE: To manually interrupt Solvent Push, press the Standby key. The Solvent Purge Valve (SPV) or 3rd purge valve will close. To re-enter Solvent Push, press the Mix key.

- When the total solvent dispensed exceeds 50% of the potlife volume, the system will go into Standby
  - mode.
- Perform a manual purge or recipe change to purge the remaining mixed material. This will clear the system out of Solvent Push, allowing you to resume Mix mode.

**NOTE:** Once the system senses that solvent exceeds 50% of potlife volume, attempts to re-enter Solvent Push will cause an Overdose\_A/B Alarm (E-5, E-6).

# Key: DVA Component A Dose Valve DVB Component B Dose Valve MS Solvent Meter (required) SPV Solvent Purge Valve APV Air Purge Valve SMC Solvent Meter Cable SS Solvent Supply Line

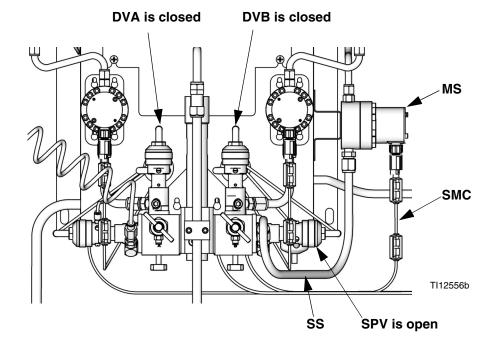


Fig. 108. Solvent Push Setup

# **Meter Calibration**







To avoid splashing fluid in the eyes, wear eye protection. The fluid shutoff valves and ratio check valves are retained by mechanical stops that prevent accidental removal of the valve stem while the manifold is pressurized. If you cannot turn the valve stems manually, relieve the system pressure, then disassemble and clean the valve to remove the resistance.

#### Calibrate the meter:

- The first time the system is operated.
- Whenever new materials are used in the system, especially if the materials have viscosities that differ significantly.
- At least once per month as part of regular maintenance.
- Whenever a flow meter is serviced or replaced.

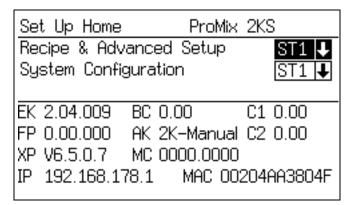
#### NOTE:

- K-factors on the Calibration Screen are updated automatically after the calibration procedure is completed.
- K-factor values on the screen are viewable only.
   If needed, you can manually edit the K-factors in Advanced Setup Screen 4 (see page 41) or Recipe Setup Screen 5 (page 46).
- All values on this screen are in cc, independent of the units set in Configure Screen 1.
- The controller will use the active recipe K-factors for meter calibration. The active recipe must be recipe 1 to recipe 60. Recipes 0 and 61 do not have K-factor values.
- 1. Before calibrating meter A or B, prime the system with material. For a color/catalyst change system, make sure the color/catalyst valve is open.
- 2. Shut off all spray or dispense devices connected to the ProMix.
- Close both fluid shutoff valves and sampling valves. (Wall Mount Fluid Station only.)

4. Place the beakers (minimum size - 250 cc) in holders. Put the sampling tubes into the beakers. (Wall Mount Fluid Station only.)

**NOTE:** If tubes need replacing, use 5/32 in. or 4 mm OD tubing.

- 5. On the EasyKey, press the Setup key to access setup screens.
- Select Recipe & Advanced Setup and press the Enter key to select.



7. Press the Right Arrow key to select the Calibration Screen. Press the Enter key to select either Dose Valve A or B. Press the Down Arrow key and select Start from the menu. Start only one at a time.

Meter Calibration	A Me Start	ter <b>↓</b>	<b>↓</b>	
Measured Volume Occ		ctual olume <u>O</u> cc		
K-Factor	0	.119 cc,	/puls	е
Advanced	Recipe	Calibra	tion	Home

8. Dispense component A or B into beaker.



- To avoid splashing, slowly open sampling valves.
- b. For more accurate calibration, adjust the valve to dispense at a flow rate similar to your production spray flow rate.
- c. Dispense a minimum of 250 cc; make sure enough material is dispensed to accurately read the volume with your beaker. The A and B volumes do not have to be equal or at any particular ratio.
- d. Close sampling valve tightly.
- 9. The volume that the ProMix measured displays on the EasyKey.
- 10. Compare the amounts on the EasyKey to the amount in the beakers.

**NOTE:** For maximum accuracy, use a gravimetric (mass) method to determine the actual volumes dispensed.

11. If the screen and actual volumes are different, enter the actual dispensed volume in cc for A, B, or Solvent Volume field, and press the Enter ♣■ kev.

If the value was substantially different, repeat the calibration process.

**NOTE:** If the screen and actual volume is the same or if for any reason you want to cancel the calibration procedure, scroll to Abort on the **Calibration Screen** menu and press the Enter 

key.

12. After the volume for A, B, or Solvent is entered, the ProMix 2KS controller calculates the new flow meter K-factor and shows it on the **Calibration Screen**.

**NOTE:** K-factor values on the screen are viewable only. If needed, you can manually edit the K-factors in **Advanced Setup Screen 4** (page 41) or **Recipe Setup Screen 5** (page 46).

- 13. Always purge sampling valves after calibrating meters. Use one of the following methods.
  - Follow the Purging Sampling Valves and Tubes procedure, page 98.
  - Place the sampling valve fluid tubes into a compatible cleaning fluid (TSL or solvent) or cap them.

**NOTE:** If fluid hardens in sampling tubes, replace them with 5/32 in. or 4 mm OD tubing.

- 14. Make sure both sampling valves are closed and both fluid shutoff valves are fully open.
- 15. Before you begin production, clear the system of solvent and prime it with material.
  - a. Go to Mix mode.
  - b. Trigger the gun into a grounded metal pail until mixed material flows from the gun nozzle.
  - c. To begin operation, see **Start Up**, page 89.

# **Color Change**

# **Color Change Procedures**

# **Multiple Color Systems**

- Shut off air to the gun.
- Place the gun in the gun flush box if used, and close the lid.
- Go to Standby mode (remove Mix input).
- 4. Select the new recipe. Begin the color change sequence.
- If a gun flush box is not used, trigger the gun (manual or automatic) into a grounded metal pail until the color change sequence is complete.



**NOTE:** The color change timer does not start until a Gun Trigger input is seen and fluid flow is detected. If no flow is detected within 2 minutes, the color change operation aborts. The system enters

Standby mode (remove Mix input) at the previous color.

6. When you are ready to spray, remove the gun from the gun flush box if used, and close its door (manual and semi-automatic systems only).

**NOTE:** The gun flush box door must be closed for the atomizing air valve to open.

7. Enter Mix mode to start spraying.

# **Single Color Systems**

- Follow procedure for Purging Fluid Supply System, page 96.
- 2. Load the new color. See Start Up, page 89.
- 3. Enter Mix mode to start spraying.

# **Color Change Sequences**

Fig. 109 through Fig. 126 illustrate various color change sequences. See Table 15 to determine which figure to reference, based on the recipe change and system configuration. The time sequences are detailed in the following paragraphs.

**NOTE:** For software version 2.04.xxx and older, the system uses the color/catalyst purge and fill times from the new recipe.

**NOTE:** See **Setup Mode** on page 28 to select purge sources and set desired purge, chop, and fill times.

#### NOTES:

- The system uses old recipe data for the purge cycle.
   However, it opens the new color/catalyst valve based on the new recipe data.
- The system uses the new recipe data for the fill cycle.
- For the one gun flush box (GFB) option, the spray gun must be inserted in the GFB during the entire color change cycle (purge and fill). The GFB trigger output will be on during the recipe change cycle.
- For the two gun flush box (GFB) option, both spray guns must be inserted in the GFBs during the entire color change cycle (purge and fill). The system will turn each GFB trigger output on and off based on the preset time for each gun.
- For Special Outputs options, the system will turn each output on and off based on the preset times.
   Each Special Output has two different start times and durations.
- For systems without dump valves, the First Purge begins after the Color/Catalyst Change steps are completed.
- Dump Valve B is required for a Catalyst Change system.
- When going from Recipe X to Recipe 0, only the purge cycle data from Recipe 0 is used.
- When going from Recipe 0 to Recipe X, only the fill cycle data from Recipe X is used.

# **Color Purge/Dump**

#### Step P0-P1

- This sequence flushes out the color with solvent, from the color valve to the Dump A valve.
- The color change solvent valve and the Dump A valve open during the Purge Time.
- The color change solvent valve closes when the Purge Time expires.

# Color Fill Step P1-P2

- This sequence fills the line with the new color all the way to the Dump A valve.
- The new color valve and the Dump A valve open during the Fill Time.
- The new color valve and the Dump A valve close when the Fill Time expires.

# Catalyst Purge/Dump Step P2-P3

- This sequence flushes out the catalyst with solvent, from the catalyst valve to the Dump B valve.
- The catalyst change solvent valve and the Dump B valve open during the Purge Time.
- The catalyst change solvent valve closes when the Purge Time expires.

# Catalyst Fill Step P3-P4

- This sequence fills the line with the new catalyst all the way to the Dump B valve.
- The new catalyst valve and the Dump B valve open during the Fill Time.
- The new catalyst valve and the Dump B valve close when the Fill Time expires.

# First Purge Step M0-M1

Select the First Purge Source (air, solvent, or 3rd valve) and First Purge Time. For most applications, air is selected.

The system purges the old material from the dose valves to the gun, using only the selected purge media (usually air). The selected purge valve opens during the First Purge Time and closes when the time expires.

# Chop Cycle Step M1-M2

Select the Chop Type (air/solvent or air/3rd valve) and Chop Times.

The air purge valve opens only during the air chop cycle, and the solvent (or 3rd valve) opens only during the solvent chop cycle. The number of chop cycles is determined by dividing the Total Chop Time by the sum of the Air and Solvent Chop Times.

# Final Purge Step M2-M3

Select the Final Purge Source (air, solvent, or 3rd valve) and Final Purge Time. For most applications, solvent is selected.

The system fills the line with solvent from the dose valves to the gun, using only the selected purge media (usually solvent). The selected purge valve opens during the Final Purge Time and closes when the time expires.

# Fill Step M3-M4

This sequence fills the line from the dose valves to the gun, and is also referred to as the mixed material fill. The system begins mixing components A and B until the Fill Time expires.

# Purge Active Step M0-M3

The system turns on the Purge/Recipe Change Purge Active output during steps M0-M3.

# Fill Active Step M3-M4

The system turns on the Recipe Change Fill Active output during step M3-M4.

**Table 15: Color Change Chart Reference** 

Starting Recipe	Ending Recipe	Color Change	Catalyst Change	Dump Valves	3rd Purge Valve	Number of Gun Flush Boxes	Refer to Fig.
Х	Х	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0	Fig. 110
Х	Х	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	0	Fig. 109
Х	Х	Yes	No	No	No	0	Fig. 112
Χ	Х	Yes	No	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 111
Χ	Х	No	Yes	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 113
Χ	X	No	No	No	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 123
Х	Х	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	1	Fig. 115
Х	Х	Yes	No	No	No	1	Fig. 117
Χ	Х	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	2	Fig. 114
Χ	X	Yes	No	No	No	2	Fig. 116
Х	0	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 118*
Χ	0	Yes	No	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 118*
Χ	0	Yes	No	No	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 120**
Χ	0	No	Yes	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 118*
Χ	0	No	No	No	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 120**
0 or 61	X	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 119*
0 or 61	Х	Yes	No	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 119*
0 or 61	Х	Yes	No	No	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 121**
0 or 61	Х	No	Yes	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 119*
0 or 61	Х	No	No	No	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 121**
0	0	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 118*
0	0	Yes	No	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 118*
0	0	Yes	No	No	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 120**
0	0	No	Yes	Yes	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 118*
0	0	No	No	No	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 120**
61	0	Yes or No	Yes or No	Yes or No	No	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 118*
0	Х	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 125
0	Х	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 125
0	Х	Yes	No	No	Yes	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 126
0	Х	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 125
0	Х	No	No	No	Yes	0, 1, or 2	Fig. 126

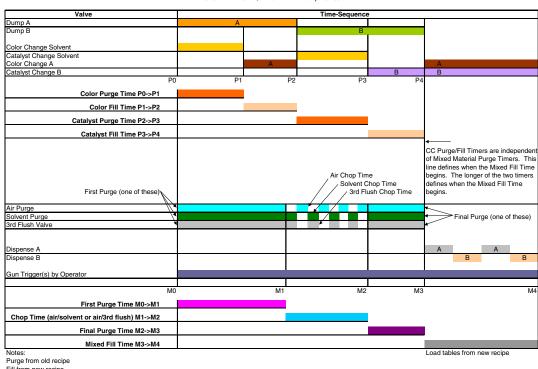
#### **NOTES:**

Fig. 122 (page 111) shows a recipe change with Special Outputs.

Fig. 124 (page 112) shows an External Color Change.

<sup>\*</sup> Fig. 118 and Fig. 119 show both color and catalyst change. If the color or catalyst is not changing, disregard that portion of the chart.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fig. 120 and Fig. 121 show color change. If the color is not changing, disregard that portion of the chart.



ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 1: A1 to A2, B1 to B2 with Dump Valves

#### Fig. 109: Color Change Chart 1

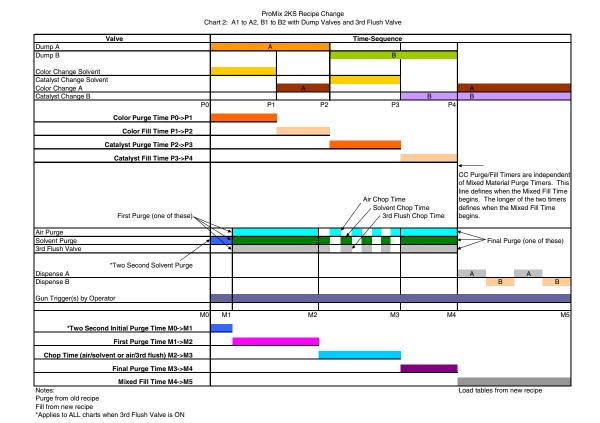
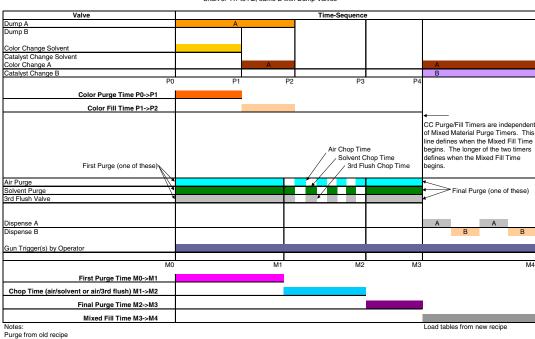


Fig. 110: Color Change Chart 2



ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 3: A1 to A2, same B with Dump Valves

#### Fig. 111: Color Change Chart 3

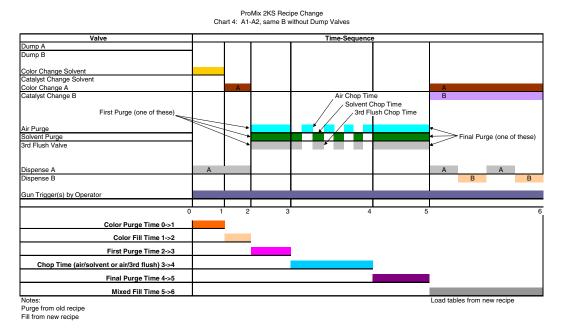


Fig. 112: Color Change Chart 4



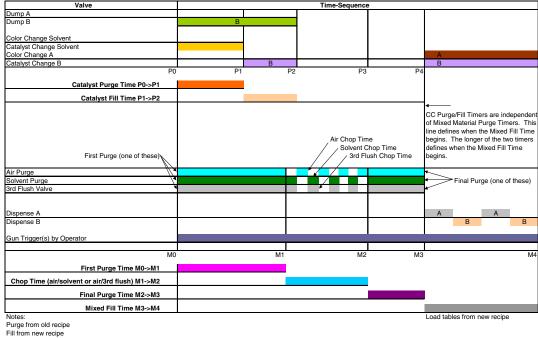
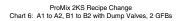


Fig. 113: Color Change Chart 5



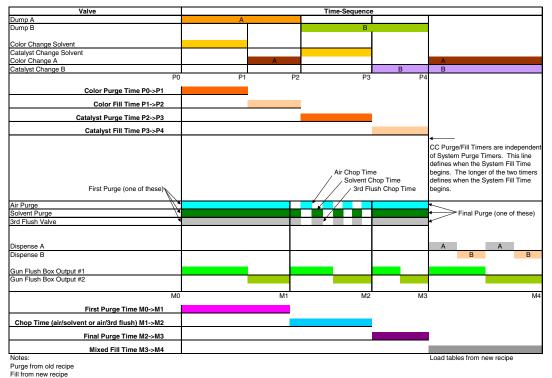
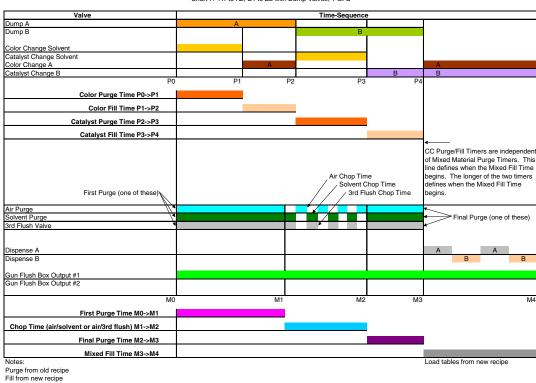


Fig. 114: Color Change Chart 6



ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 7: A1 to A2, B1 to B2 with Dump Valves, 1 GFB

Fig. 115: Color Change Chart 7

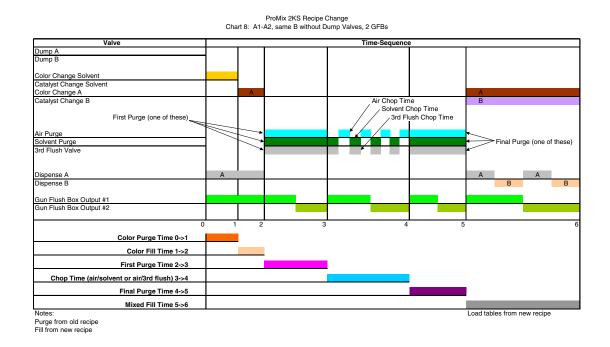
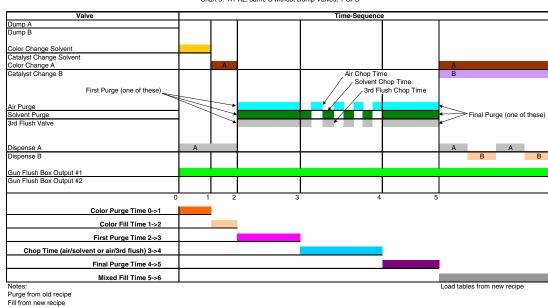


Fig. 116: Color Change Chart 8



ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 9: A1-A2, same B without Dump Valves, 1 GFB

Fig. 117: Color Change Chart 9

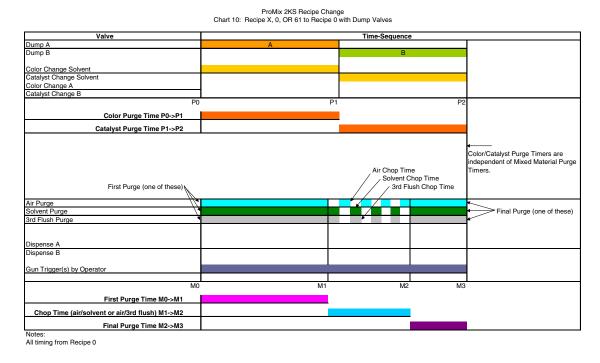
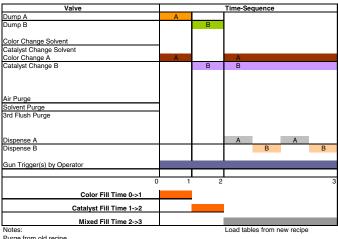


Fig. 118: Color Change Chart 10

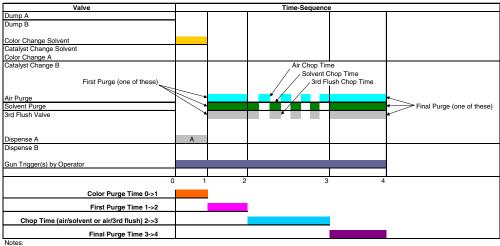
ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 11: Recipe 0 OR 61 to Recipe X with Dump Valves



Purge from old recipe Fill from new recipe

Fig. 119: Color Change Chart 11

ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 12: Recipe X, 0, OR 61 to Recipe 0 without Dump Valves



Notes: All timing from Recipe 0

Fig. 120: Color Change Chart 12

ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 13: Recipe 0 OR 61 to Recipe X without Dump Valves

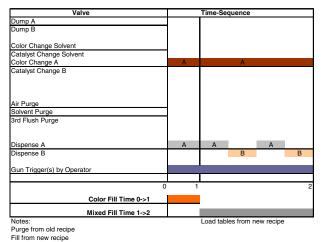


Fig. 121: Color Change Chart 13

ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 14: A1 to A2, B1 to B2 with All

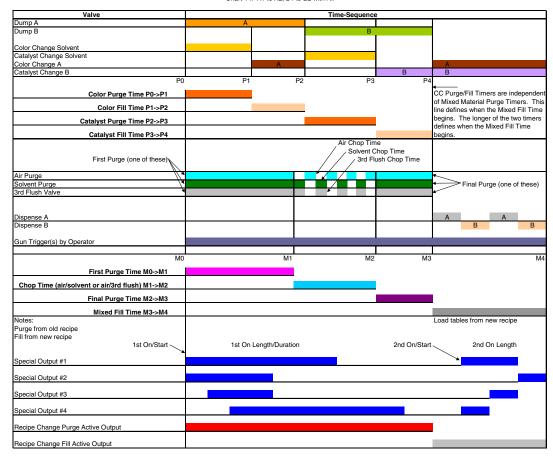


Fig. 122: Color Change Chart 14

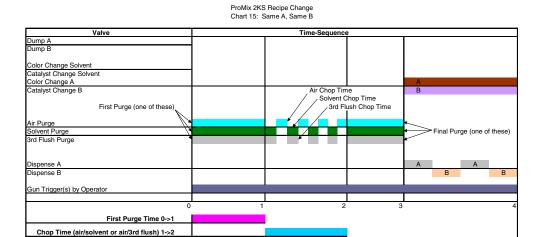


Fig. 123: Color Change Chart 15

Notes: Purge from old recipe Fill from new recipe Final Purge Time 2->3
Mixed Fill Time 3->4



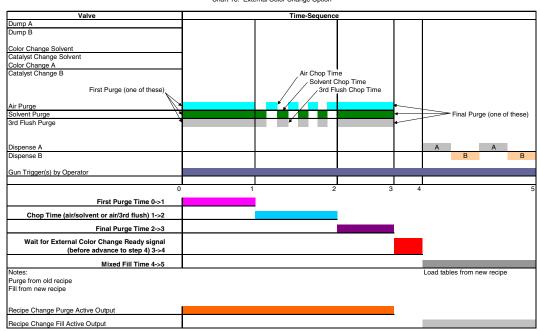
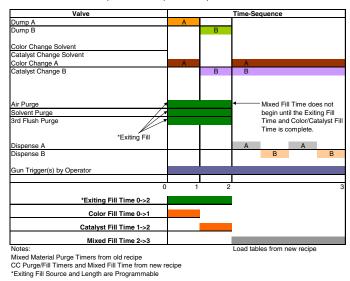
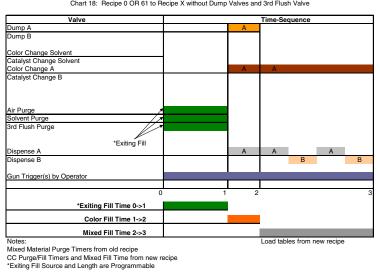


Fig. 124: Color Change Chart 16



ProMix 2KS Recipe Change
Chart 17: Recipe 0 OR 61 to Recipe X with Dump Valves and 3rd Flush Valve

Fig. 125: Color Change Chart 17



ProMix 2KS Recipe Change Chart 18: Recipe 0 OR 61 to Recipe X without Dump Valves and 3rd Flush Valve

#### Fig. 126: Color Change Chart 18

Color Change

## **Alarms and Warnings**

**NOTE:** Do not use the fluid in the line that was dispensed off ratio as it may not cure properly.

### **System Alarms**

System alarms alert you of a problem and help prevent off-ratio spraying. If an alarm occurs, operation stops and the following occurs:

- Buzzer sounds (for E-2 only; see page 32 to set for all alarms).
- Status bar on the EasyKey shows the alarm E-Code with a description (see Table 16).

### **System Warnings**

Table 16 lists the System Warning Codes. Warnings do not stop operation or sound an alarm. They are saved in the date/time stamped log, which can be viewed on a PC, using the ProMix 2KS Web Interface (see manual 313386).

#### To Reset Alarm and Restart

**NOTE:** When an alarm occurs be sure to determine the E-Code before resetting it. See Table 16. If you forget which E-Code occurred, use the **Alarms Screen** (page 27) to view the last 10 alarms, with date and time stamps.

To reset alarms, see Table 17. Many alarms can be

cleared by simply pressing the Alarm Reset key.



Table 16: System Alarm/Warning Codes

Code	Description	Details
E-1	Communication Error Alarm	Page 116
E-2	Potlife Alarm	Page 116
E-3	Ratio High Alarm	Page 117
E-4	Ratio Low Alarm	Page 118
E-5	Overdose A/B Dose Too Short Alarm	Page 119
E-6	Overdose B/A Dose Too Short Alarm	Page 119
E-7	Dose Time A Alarm	Page 120
E-8	Dose Time B Alarm	Page 120
E-9	Mix in Setup Alarm	Page 121
E-10	Remote Stop Alarm	Page 121
E-11	Purge Volume Alarm	Page 121
E-12	CAN Network Communication Error Alarm	Page 122
E-13	High Flow Alarm	Page 122
E-14	Low Flow Alarm	Page 122
E-15	System Idle Warning	Page 123
E-16	Setup Change Warning	Page 123
E-17	Power On Warning	Page 123
E-18	Defaults Loaded Warning	Page 123
E-19	I/O Alarm	Page 124
E-20	Purge Initiate Alarm	Page 125
E-21	Material Fill Alarm	Page 125
E-22	Tank A Low Alarm	Page 125
E-23	Tank B Low Alarm	Page 125
E-24	Tank S Low Alarm	Page 125
E-25	Auto Dump Complete Alarm	Page 126
E-26	Color/Catalyst Purge Alarm	Page 126
E-27	Color/Catalyst Fill Alarm	Page 126

# **Alarm Troubleshooting**

**Table 17. Alarm Troubleshooting** 

E-1: COMM ERROR	
Cause	Solution
No power to the EasyKey.	Connect power to EasyKey.
No power to Fluid Station. The intrinsically safe power cable between the EasyKey and Fluid Station is not connected.	Verify that the cable is correctly connected. See Installation manual.
No power to Fluid Station. The fluid control board fuse is blown.	Verify condition of fuse and replace if necessary. See Repair-Parts manual.
The fiber optic cable between the EasyKey and Fluid Station is not connected.	Verify that the cable is correctly connected. See Installation manual.
The fiber optic cable is cut or bent.	Verify that the cable has not been cut or bent at a radius smaller than 1.6 in. (40 mm).
Dirty fiber optic cable ends.	Disconnect fiber optic cable ends and clean with a lint-free cloth.
A communication cable or connector failed.	Replace cable.
E-2: POTLIFE ALARM	
Cause	Solution
The potlife time has been exceeded for the mixed material.	Press the Alarm Reset  key to stop the audible
NOTICE	alarm. Purge the system with solvent, fresh mixed material, or a new color:
To prevent mixed material from curing in the equipment, do not shut off power. Follow one of the solutions at right.	Solvent Purge - See Purging Mixed Material on page 95. The system purges until the preset purge time is complete.
	New Mixed Material Purge - Go to Mix mode and spray the required volume to restart the timer.
	Color Change - Perform a color change, see page 102.

### E-3: RATIO HIGH ALARM

### **Sequential Dosing System**

The mix ratio is higher than the set tolerance on the previous dose cycle.

#### **Dynamic Dosing System**

The mix ratio is higher than the set tolerance for an A to B component volume comparison.

Solution
Check that the system is fully loaded with material.
Check that the supply pump's cycle rate is set properly.
Check that the spray tip/nozzle is properly sized for the flow and application, and that it is not worn.
Check that the fluid regulator is set properly.
Restrict gun needle travel to slow down the initial fluid delivery rate until fluid hoses are loaded with material.
Adjust component A and B fluid supply regulator pressures until they are about equal. If the pressures are already about equal, verify that component A and B dose valves are operating properly.
Manually operate the Dispense A and B solenoid valves as instructed in the ProMix 2KS Repair-Parts manual to check operation.
Increase air pressure. Air pressure must be 75-120 psi (0.52-0.84 MPa, 5.2-8.4 bar); 120 psi is recommended.
There may be dirt or moisture in the air supply. Filter appropriately.
Refer to <b>Table 13: Mix Manifold Valve Settings</b> , page 89, for adjustment guidelines.
Adjust air and fluid pressure. See recommended air pressure above.

#### E-4: RATIO LOW ALARM

#### **Sequential Dosing System**

The mix ratio is lower than the set tolerance on the previous dose cycle.

#### **Dynamic Dosing System**

The mix ratio is lower than the set tolerance for an A to B component volume comparison.

Cause	Solution
There is too much restriction in the system.	Check that the system is fully loaded with material.
	Check that the supply pump's cycle rate is set properly.
	Check that the spray tip/nozzle is properly sized for the flow and application, and that it is not clogged.
	Check that the fluid regulator is set properly.
If the alarm occurs during start up, after purging, the flow rate was probably too high.	Restrict gun needle travel to slow down the initial fluid delivery rate until fluid hoses are loaded with material.
If the alarm occurred after you were spraying for some time, the pressures from the fluid supplies could be unbalanced.	Adjust component A and B fluid supply regulator pressures until they are about equal. If the pressures are already about equal, verify that component A and B dose valves are operating properly.
Slow actuation of the component A or B valves. This can be caused by:	Manually operate the Dispense A and B solenoid valves as instructed in the ProMix 2KS Repair-Parts manual to check operation.
Air pressure to the valve actuators is too low.	<ul> <li>Increase air pressure. Air pressure must be 75-120 psi (0.52-0.84 MPa, 5.2-8.4 bar); 120 psi is recommended.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Something is restricting the solenoid or tubing and interrupting valve actuation air.</li> </ul>	There may be dirt or moisture in the air supply. Filter appropriately.
A dose valve is turned in too far.	Refer to <b>Table 13: Mix Manifold Valve Settings</b> , page 89, for adjustment guidelines.
Fluid pressure is high and air pressure is low.	Adjust air and fluid pressure. See recommended air pressure above.

# E-5: OVERDOSE A/B DOSE TOO SHORT ALARM and E-6: OVERDOSE B/A DOSE TOO SHORT ALARM

E-5: the A dose overshoots and, when combined with B, is too large for the mix chamber capacity.

E-6: the B dose overshoots and forces an A side dose that, when combined with B, is too large for the mix chamber capacity.

Cause	Solution
Valve seal or needle/seat are leaking. Check Fig. 17 Totals Screen on page 26. If A and B are dosing simultaneously (sequential dosing only), there is a leak.	Repair the valve (see valve manual 312782).
Sampling valve is leaking.	Tighten or replace valve.
Flow meter fluctuations caused by pressure pulsations.	<ol> <li>Check for pressure pulsations:         <ol> <li>Close all the manifold valves.</li> <li>Turn on the circulating pumps and all the booth equipment (such as fans and conveyors).</li> </ol> </li> <li>Check if the ProMix 2KS is reading any fluid flow.</li> <li>If the ProMix 2KS shows there is fluid flow and there are no leaks from the gun or any other seals or fittings, the flow meters are probably being affected by pressure pulsations.</li> <li>Close the fluid shutoff valve between the fluid supply system and the flow meter. The flow indication should stop.</li> <li>If necessary, install pressure regulators or a surge tank on the fluid inlets to the ProMix 2KS to reduce the fluid supply pressure. Contact your Graco distrib-</li> </ol>
Slow actuation of component A or B valves.	utor for information.  See E-3: RATIO HIGH ALARM and E-4: RATIO LOW ALARM, pages 117-118.
Running a high mix ratio and a high flow rate.	It may be necessary to restrict the flow rate through the component B dose valve by adjusting its hex nut (E). See page 88.

#### E-7: DOSE TIME A ALARM and E-8: DOSE TIME B ALARM

E-7: gun trigger input is active (AFS or Integration) and no A meter pulses are detected during the dose time selected.

E-8: gun trigger input is active (AFS or Integration) and no B meter pulses are detected during the dose time selected.

Scioolou.	
Cause	Solution
System is in Mix mode and gun is only partially triggered, allowing air but no fluid to pass through gun.	Fully trigger the gun.
Fluid flow rate is too low.	Increase flow rate.
Dose time setting is too short for the current flow rate.	Increase the dose time setting.
Flow meter or cable failed or flow meter clogged.	To check meter sensor operation, remove meter cap to expose sensor. Pass a ferrous metal tool in front of the sensor.  Tili2792a  If there is a meter or cable failure, you will see a large difference between the amount of fluid dispensed and the flow meter volume displayed by the EasyKey. Clean or repair meter as necessary. Also see meter manual 308778.  Follow Meter Calibration procedure, page 100.
Slow actuation of component A or B valves.	See E-3: RATIO HIGH ALARM and E-4: RATIO LOW ALARM, pages 117-118.
The supply pump is not turned on.	Turn on the supply pump.
System is in Mix mode with 0 volume entered for Min Material Fill Volume (see <b>Option Screen 1</b> , page 36), and Fuse F1 is blown.	Verify condition of fuse and replace if necessary. See Repair-Parts manual.

**Table 17. Alarm Troubleshooting** 

E-9: MIX IN SETUP ALARM	
Cause	Solution
Attempt to operate system while in Setup mode.	System must be in Standby to change current recipe, and cannot be operated.
E-10: REMOTE STOP ALARM	
Cause	Solution
Automation has requested that the system abort all operations.	Abort operations. Troubleshoot automation system.
E-11: PURGE VOLUME ALARM	
Cause	Solution
ProMix 2KS solvent flow switch is not activated while purging.	Verify that the gun is not shut off and that the solvent flow switch is activated while purge is taking place.
Minimum flush volume is not achieved.	Increase solvent supply or decrease minimum volume setting.
No meter pulses during Color/Catalyst Dump.	Color change solvent supply not set up or functional. Check Color Change setup.

**Table 17. Alarm Troubleshooting** 

E-12: CAN COMM ERROR ALARM		
Cause	Solution	
Communication between the Color Change Module and the Fluid Station is interrupted.	Verify that all cables are connected securely and that the Color Change power LED turns on. If the power LED does not turn on, the problem is probably caused by a bad connection. The nut on the connector must make at least 5 complete turns to ensure a good connection. If the power LED still does not light, the cable or board is bad.	
	Check the color change board DIP switch settings. See the Installation manual.	
	Check the fluid plate board DIP switch setting. An incorrect setting will not cause E-12 alarms, but a correct setting will help prevent E-12 caused by electrical noise. See the Installation manual.	
	Check EasyKey software version (displayed at power up for all versions and when the lock key is pressed for version 2.02.000 and above). If older than 1.06.002, upgrade. Be sure to save settings through BWI or AWI before upgrading, as they will be erased.	
	The sticker on the color change board shows the software part number and version, for example 15T270 1.01. If the version is older than 1.01, replace the board.	
	If all software versions and DIP switch settings are correct and you still have E-12 alarms, then the system has a bad connection, bad cable, or bad circuit board. Use a multimeter on the CAN connectors to test whether there is a good connection between systems. If there is, you have a bad circuit board. If there is not, you have a bad connector, connection, or cable.	
Communication between the Color Change Module and the Fluid Station is interrupted. The fluid control board fuse is blown.	Verify condition of fuse and replace if necessary. See Repair-Parts manual.	
E-13: HIGH FLOW ALARM or E-14: LOW FLOW ALAR	M (may also be set as Warnings)	
Cause	Solution	
Fluid system is producing too much or too little flow.	Troubleshoot fluid system for restrictions, leaks, exhausted fluid supply, incorrect settings, etc. Increase or decrease flow rate, as required.	

**Table 17. Alarm Troubleshooting** 

E-15: SYSTEM IDLE WARNING	
Cause	Solution
Mix input is high, but the gun has not been triggered for 2 minutes.	If not painting, clear alarm and resume operation.
	If painting, shut down and inspect fluid meter.
E-16: SETUP CHANGE WARNING	
Cause	Solution
The system setup parameters have been changed.	No action required. See Event Log available through advanced web interface.
E-17: POWER ON WARNING	
Cause	Solution
The power to the system has been cycled.	No action required. See Event Log available through advanced web interface.
Voltage becoming too low due to weak power supply.	Replace power supply. See Repair-Parts manual.
Power wires are disconnected or making intermittent contact.	Check that all wires are securely connected. Ensure that wires are not stretched too tightly.
Reset button has been pushed (S1 on EasyKey display board, S3 on Autokey).	No action required. See Event Log available through advanced web interface.
Software update is initiated on EasyKey.	No action required. See Event Log available through advanced web interface.
E-18: DEFAULTS LOADED WARNING	
Cause	Solution
The factory defaults have been installed on the system.	No action required. See Event Log available through advanced web interface.

**Table 17. Alarm Troubleshooting** 

E-19: I/O ALARM		
Cause	Solution	
The Mix and Purge digital inputs are on at the same time.	Ensure that only one input is on at a time. At least 1 sec delay is required when switching from Mix to Purge or vice versa.	
<b>NOTE:</b> The I/O alarm incorporates several sub-alarms realarms are only seen in the Alarm log or through BWI or Alarm log or BWI o		
FP Reboot (Fluid Plate Reboot): Occurs if the system detects a fluid plate control board reboot or power cycle not triggered from the EasyKey. The system reverts to Recipe 61, and mixed material may be in the lines.	Flush the system or perform a color change. If possible, identify the origin of the reboot or power cycle.	
Autokey Lost: Occurs if the Autokey is lost or changed after having been detected. (A short term loss of the Autokey will not be registered.) Some system functions may become unavailable. For example, an automatic system will not respond to PLC or robot control.	Reinstall the Autokey, or verify that the Autokey is set properly.	
Illegal Source: Occurs if a recipe outside of the range 1-60 is detected as the source data for global recipe data copies. This is possible if an invalid configuration file is sent to the EasyKey.	Verify that the source data is from a valid recipe (1-60).	
<b>2K/3K Error:</b> Occurs if the recipe data is incompatible with the current Autokey setting (2K or 3K). This is possible if the Autokey is changed or an invalid configuration file is sent to the EasyKey.	Verify that the Autokey is set properly or that the configuration file is valid.	
Init Error: Occurs if the recipe data codes specifying the type of machine they were made on are not what is expected. For example, a 3KS machine receives a configuration file originally made on a 2KS machine.	Verify that the configuration file is valid.	
Config Error: Occurs if a configuration file sent to the EasyKey specifies a different hardware setup than what exists. For example, the configuration file specifies 2 color change boards but only 1 is present.	Verify that the configuration file specifications and the hardware conform.	
Range Error: Occurs if a valve used in a recipe is not present in the current hardware setup. For example, a recipe calls for valve 30 but the system has only 12 valves.	Verify that the recipe specifications and the hardware conform.	
LC Error (Level Control Error): Occurs if level control data is received by the EasyKey, and the current Autokey setting (2K or 3K) has changed since the level control data was originally initialized.	Verify that the Autokey is set properly.	
LC Range Error (Level Control Range Error): Occurs if level control data includes a valve range exceeding the capability of the machine.	Set level control data correctly.	
MB Overflow (Modbus Overflow): Occurs if the Modbus connection to a PLC experiences data overflow.	Verify the Modbus protocol to the EasyKey.	

**Table 17. Alarm Troubleshooting** 

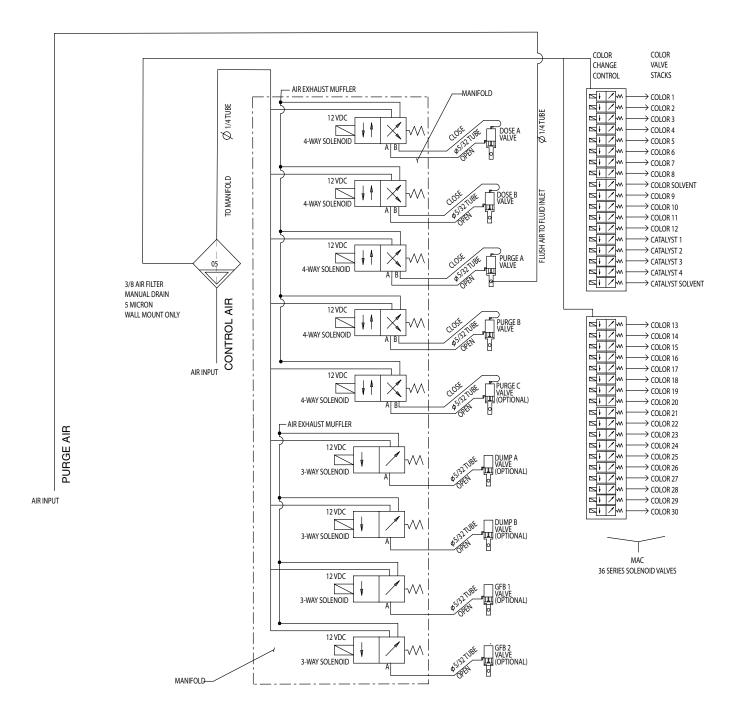
E-20: PURGE INITIATE ALARM	
Cause	Solution
System detects atomizing air to the gun when purge is selected.	Shut off gun air.
For systems with a gun flush box, gun is not in the box when purge is selected.	Place gun in gun flush box. Verify that gun flush box is operating properly.
For systems with auto dump on, gun is not in the box when auto dump is initiated.	Place gun in gun flush box. Verify that gun flush box is operating properly.
For systems with a gun flush box, Fuse F2 is blown.	Verify condition of fuse and replace if necessary. See Repair-Parts manual.
E-21: MATERIAL FILL ALARM	
Cause	Solution
For systems with minimum mixed material fill volume entered, the system detects that fill volume is not achieved during mixed material fill time.	Check for restrictions or leaks in the fluid supply system.  Check if the fill volume is properly configured:  Adjust fill volume.  Adjust fill time.
For systems without color change and with minimum mixed material fill volume entered, Fuse F1 is blown.	Verify condition of fuse and replace if necessary. See Repair-Parts manual.
E-22: TANK A LOW ALARM, E-23: TANK B LOW ALA	RM, or E-24: TANK S LOW ALARM
Cause	Solution
The tank volume reaches the low-level threshold.	<ul> <li>The EasyKey screen will display the alarm and prompt the user to do one of the following:</li> <li>Refill tank volume to clear the alarm.</li> <li>Resume mixing by selecting "Spray 25% of remaining volume." If this selection is chosen, a second alarm will occur after 25% of the remaining volume is mixed. Refill tank volume to clear the alarm.</li> </ul>

**Table 17. Alarm Troubleshooting** 

E-25: AUTO DUMP COMPLETE ALARM	
Cause	Solution
A potlife alarm is active for more than 2 minutes, the gun flush box is enabled and gun is in the gun flush box, and an auto dump flush sequence is complete.	Be sure to spray all mixed material before potlife expires.
E-26: COLOR/CATALYST PURGE ALARM	
Cause	Solution
System detects no meter pulses, or a disruption in meter pulses lasting longer than 1 second throughout the Color/Catalyst purge time duration.	Check that meter cable is connected.  Clean or repair meter.
E-27: COLOR/CATALYST FILL ALARM	
Cause	Solution
	Coldion
System detects no meter pulses, or system must detect at least 10cc of material from each side throughout the Color/Catalyst fill time duration.	Check that meter cable is connected.  Clean or repair meter.
at least 10cc of material from each side throughout the	Check that meter cable is connected.
at least 10cc of material from each side throughout the Color/Catalyst fill time duration.  Gun, dump valve, or correct color/catalyst valve not	Check that meter cable is connected.  Clean or repair meter.
at least 10cc of material from each side throughout the Color/Catalyst fill time duration.  Gun, dump valve, or correct color/catalyst valve not open.	Check that meter cable is connected.  Clean or repair meter.  Open the valve.

## **Schematic Diagrams**

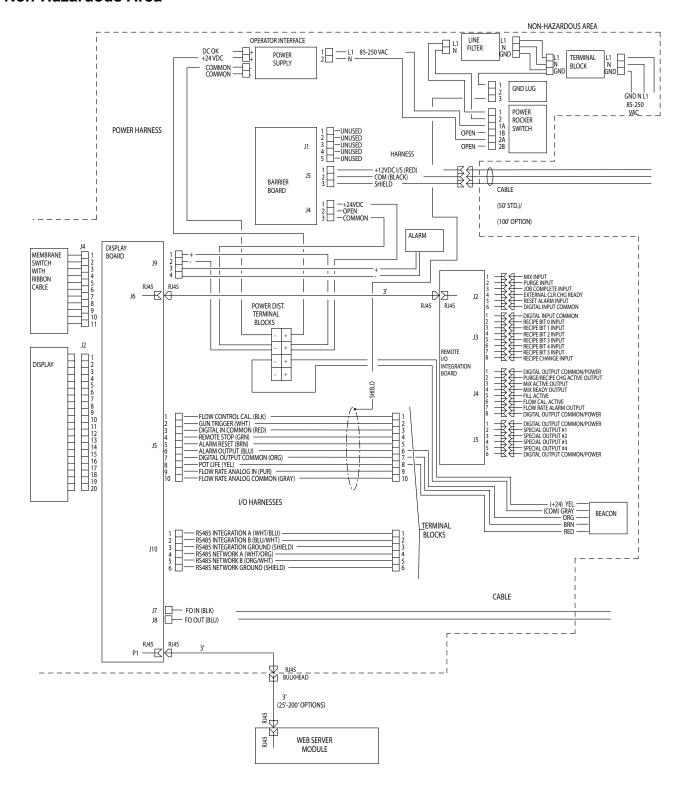
## **System Pneumatic Schematic**



## **System Electrical Schematic**

**NOTE:** The electrical schematic illustrates all possible wiring expansions in a ProMix 2KS system. Some components shown are not included with all systems.

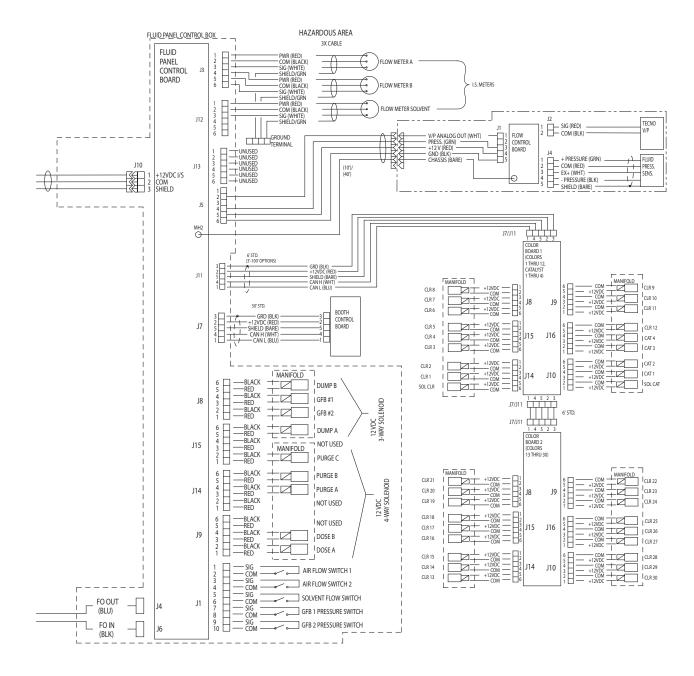
#### Non-Hazardous Area



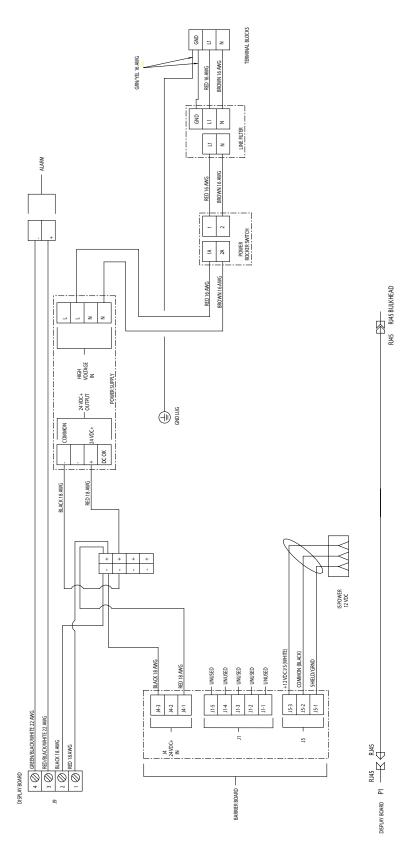
### **System Electrical Schematic**

**NOTE:** The electrical schematic illustrates all possible wiring expansions in a ProMix 2KS system. Some components shown are not included with all systems.

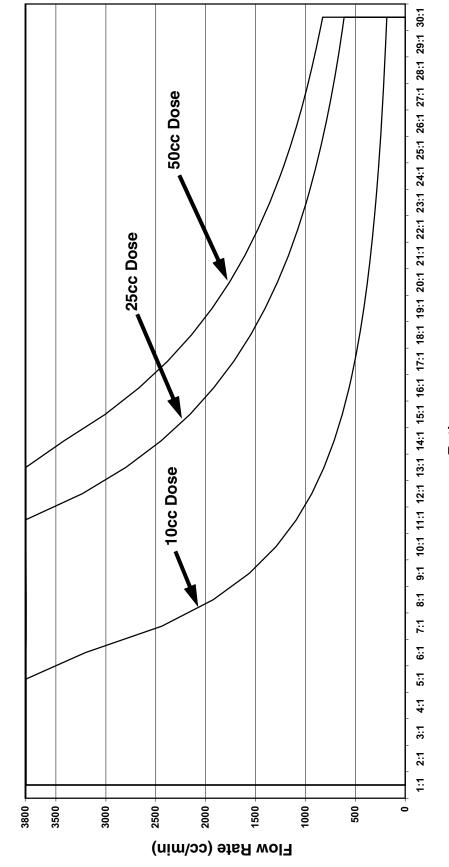
#### **Hazardous Area**



# **EasyKey Electrical Schematic**



# Meter Performance Data (G3000 on A and B)



Ratio

**Test Conditions** 

Fluid: Hydraulic Oil

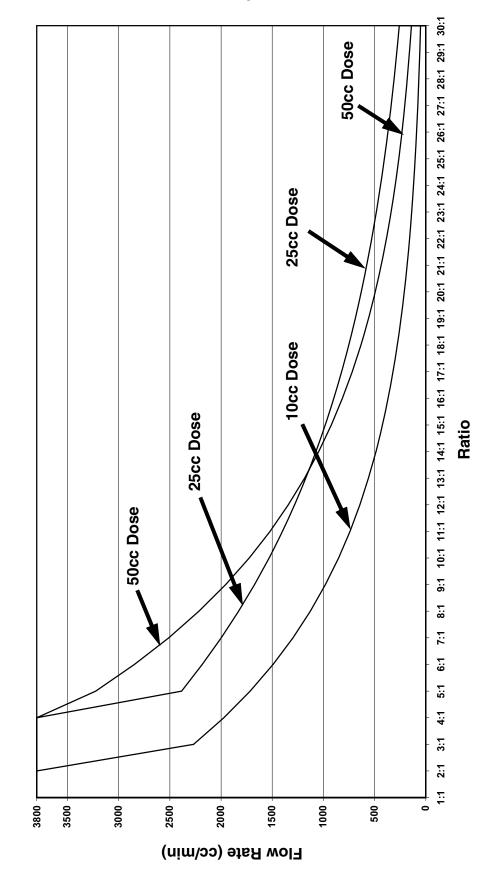
Viscosity: 65.7 centipoise Ratio Tolerance: 5%

Valve Setting: 1.25 Turns Open (standard setting) A and B Feed Pressure: 300 psig

NOTE: Maximum system flow is 3800 cc/min.

NOTE: Maximum system flow is 3800 cc/min.

# Meter Performance Data (G3000 on A, Coriolis on B)



Test Conditions

Fluid: Hydraulic Oil

Viscosity: 65.7 centipoise

Ratio Tolerance: 5%

Valve Setting: 1.25 Turns Open (standard setting) A and B Feed Pressure: 300 psig

## **Technical Data**

Maximum fluid working pressure	Low pressure color change: 300 psi (2.07 MPa, 20.6 bar) Coriolis meter: 2300 psi (15.86 MPa, 158.6 bar) RoboMix system: 190 psi (1.31 MPa, 13.1 bar) Flow control: 190 psi (1.31 MPa, 13.1 bar) 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) 75 - 100 psi (0.5 - 0.7 MPa, 5.2 - 7 bar)
	5 micron (minimum) filtration required; clean and dry air
	30 micron (minimum) filtration required; clean and dry air
Mixing ratio range	
Fluids handled	
	solvent and waterborne paints
	<ul><li>polyurethanes</li><li>epoxies</li></ul>
	acid catalyzed varnishes
	moisture sensitive isocyanates
Viscosity range of fluid	
Fluid filtration (user-supplied)	100 mesh minimum
G3000, G250 Meter	75 - 3800 cc/min. (0.02-1.00 gal./min.)
G3000HR, G250HR Meter	
Coriolis Meter	
S3000 Solvent Meter (accessory)	38 - 1900 cc/min. (0.01-0.50 gal./min.)
Fluid inlet sizes Flow Meter	1/4 npt(f)
Dose Valve/Color Valve Adapters	
Fluid outlet size (static mixer)	
External Power Supply Requirements	
	15 amp maximum circuit breaker required 8 to 14 AWG power supply wire gauge
Operating temperature range	
	indoor use, pollution degree (2), installation category II
Sound pressure level	
Sound power level	
welled paris	303, 304 SST, Tungsten carbide (with nickel binder), perfluoroelastomer; PTFE

<sup>\*</sup> Dependent on programmed K-factor and application. The maximum allowable flow meter pulse frequency is 425 Hz (pulses/sec). For more detailed information on viscosities, flow rates, or mixing ratios, consult your Graco distributor.

See individual component manuals for additional technical data.

## **Graco Standard Warranty**

Graco warrants all equipment referenced in this document which is manufactured by Graco and bearing its name to be free from defects in material and workmanship on the date of sale to the original purchaser for use. With the exception of any special, extended, or limited warranty published by Graco, Graco will, for a period of twelve months from the date of sale, repair or replace any part of the equipment determined by Graco to be defective. This warranty applies only when the equipment is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with Graco's written recommendations.

This warranty does not cover, and Graco shall not be liable for general wear and tear, or any malfunction, damage or wear caused by faulty installation, misapplication, abrasion, corrosion, inadequate or improper maintenance, negligence, accident, tampering, or substitution of non-Graco component parts. Nor shall Graco be liable for malfunction, damage or wear caused by the incompatibility of Graco equipment with structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco, or the improper design, manufacture, installation, operation or maintenance of structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco.

This warranty is conditioned upon the prepaid return of the equipment claimed to be defective to an authorized Graco distributor for verification of the claimed defect. If the claimed defect is verified, Graco will repair or replace free of charge any defective parts. The equipment will be returned to the original purchaser transportation prepaid. If inspection of the equipment does not disclose any defect in material or workmanship, repairs will be made at a reasonable charge, which charges may include the costs of parts, labor, and transportation.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE, AND IS IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Graco's sole obligation and buyer's sole remedy for any breach of warranty shall be as set forth above. The buyer agrees that no other remedy (including, but not limited to, incidental or consequential damages for lost profits, lost sales, injury to person or property, or any other incidental or consequential loss) shall be available. Any action for breach of warranty must be brought within two (2) years of the date of sale.

GRACO MAKES NO WARRANTY, AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, IN CONNECTION WITH ACCESSORIES, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS OR COMPONENTS SOLD BUT NOT MANUFACTURED BY GRACO. These items sold, but not manufactured by Graco (such as electric motors, switches, hose, etc.), are subject to the warranty, if any, of their manufacturer. Graco will provide purchaser with reasonable assistance in making any claim for breach of these warranties.

In no event will Graco be liable for indirect, incidental, special or consequential damages resulting from Graco supplying equipment hereunder, or the furnishing, performance, or use of any products or other goods sold hereto, whether due to a breach of contract, breach of warranty, the negligence of Graco, or otherwise.

#### **FOR GRACO CANADA CUSTOMERS**

The Parties acknowledge that they have required that the present document, as well as all documents, notices and legal proceedings entered into, given or instituted pursuant hereto or relating directly or indirectly hereto, be drawn up in English. Les parties reconnaissent avoir convenu que la rédaction du présente document sera en Anglais, ainsi que tous documents, avis et procédures judiciaires exécutés, donnés ou intentés, à la suite de ou en rapport, directement ou indirectement, avec les procédures concernées.

### **Graco Information**

For the latest information about Graco products, visit www.graco.com.

For patent information, see www.graco.com/patents.

TO PLACE AN ORDER, contact your Graco distributor or call to identify the nearest distributor.

Phone: 612-623-6921 or Toll Free: 1-800-328-0211 Fax: 612-378-3505

All written and visual data contained in this document reflects the latest product information available at the time of publication.

Graco reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice.

Original instructions. This manual contains English. MM 312779

Graco Headquarters: Minneapolis
International Offices: Belgium, China, Japan, Korea

GRACO INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES • P.O. BOX 1441 • MINNEAPOLIS MN 55440-1441 • USA Copyright 2009, Graco Inc. All Graco manufacturing locations are registered to ISO 9001.

www.graco.com

Free Manuals Download Website

http://myh66.com

http://usermanuals.us

http://www.somanuals.com

http://www.4manuals.cc

http://www.manual-lib.com

http://www.404manual.com

http://www.luxmanual.com

http://aubethermostatmanual.com

Golf course search by state

http://golfingnear.com

Email search by domain

http://emailbydomain.com

Auto manuals search

http://auto.somanuals.com

TV manuals search

http://tv.somanuals.com