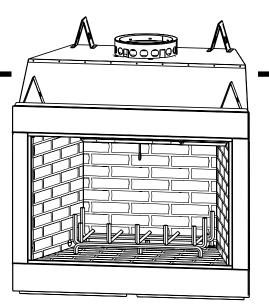
# HEAT&GLO

Where everything comes together

Models: **EXCLAIM-42H-C EXCLAIM-42T-C Woodburning Fireplace** 



# Owner's Manual

Installation and Operation



(Traditional refractory shown.)

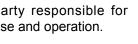
#### CAUTION

#### DO NOT DISCARD THIS MANUAL



and maintenance instructions included.

- and follow these instructions for safe installation and operation.
- Important operating Read, understand Leave this manual with party responsible for use and operation.



# WARNING

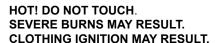


If the information in these instructions is not followed exactly, a fire may result causing property damage, personal injury, or death.

- · Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- Do not overfire. Overfiring will void your warranty.
- Comply with all minimum clearances to combustibles as specified. Failure to comply may cause house fire.



# **▲** WARNING





Glass and other surfaces are hot during operation and cool down.

- Keep children away.
- CAREFULLY SUPERVISE children in same room as fireplace.
- · Alert children and adults to hazards of high temperatures.
- Keep clothing, furniture, draperies and other combustibles away.



Installation and service of this fireplace should be performed by qualified personnel. Hearth & Home Technologies suggests NFI certified or factory-trained professionals, or technicians supervised by an NFI certified professional.



# WARNING

- For use with solid wood fuel or decorative gas appliance only.
- Do not install unvented gas logs.

# Read this manual before installing or operating this fireplace. Please retain this owner's manual for future reference.

# Congratulations!

Congratulations on selecting a Heat & Glo wood burning fireplace. The Heat & Glo fireplace you have selected is designed to provide the utmost in safety, reliability and efficiency.

As the owner of a new fireplace, you'll want to read and carefully follow all of the instructions contained in this owner's manual. Pay special attention to all cautions and warnings.

This owner's manual should be retained for future reference. We suggest you keep it with your other important documents and product manuals.

The information contained in this owner's manual unless noted otherwise, applies to all models and gas control systems.

Your new Heat & Glo wood burning fireplace will give you years of durable use and trouble-free enjoyment. Welcome to the Heat & Glo family of fireplace products!

Homeowner Reference Information	We recommend that you record the following pertinent information about your fireplace:
Model Name:	Date purchased/installed:
Serial Number:	Location on fireplace:
Dealership purchased from:	Dealer phone:
Notes:	

#### **Listing Label Information/Location**

The model information regarding your specific fireplace can be found on the rating plate located on the smoke shield of the fireplace.

Serial	Grate Fireplace Model
FIREPLACE NO. WARNING: RISK FIRE DAMAGE. GRATE WITH HEAF TECHNOLOGIES	REPLACE WIODEL 170. WIODEL 170. WIFG. DATE
	TECHNOLOGIES INC. LISTED FIREPLACE PARTS. SEE INSTALLATION AND HOME TECHNOLOGIES INC. GLASS DOOR KITS CAN BE INSTALLED ON THIS UNIT.
FIREPLACE ALSO FOR USE IN MANUFACTURED HOMES YES NO	CLEARANCE TO CHIMNEY COMBUSTIBLES: 2 IN. MIN. FIREBOX MIN.
FAN KIT MODEL NO. &	RATED AT 115 VOLTS, 50/60 Hz.,
DO NOT OVERFIRE. USE ONLY: SOLID WOOD FUEL OR LISTED DECORATIVE GAS APPLIANCE. DO NOT USE A FIREPLACE INSERT OR OTHER PRODUCTS NOT SPECIFIED FOR USE WITH THIS PRODUCT. IF DOORS	WARNING! THIS FIREPLACE HAS NOT BEEN TESTED WITH AN UNVENTED GAS LOG SET. TO REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE OR INJURY, DO NOT INSTALL AN UNVENTED GAS LOG SET INTO FIREPLACE.  WARNING! THIS APPLIANCE IS NOT FOR USE AS COOKING EQUIPMENT.
ARE USED OPERATE FIREPLACE WITH DOORS FULLY OPEN OR CLOSED ONLY. WHEN BURNING A DECORATIVE GAS APPLIANCE IN THE FIREPLACE, ADJUST DAMPER TO THE FULLY OPEN POSITION.	IF INSTALLATION OR OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS ARE MISSING CONTACT: HEARTH & HOME TECHNOLOGIES INC., 1915 W. SAUNDERS ST., MT. PLEASANT, IA 52641.

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**Note:** An arrow (→) found in the text signifies change in content.

# Listing and Code Approvals

### A. Appliance Certification

This fireplace system has been tested and listed in accordance with UL 127 and ULC-S610 standards by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. for installation and operation in the United States and Canada.

This fireplace has been tested and listed for use with the optional components specified in this manual. These optional components may be purchased separately and installed at a later date. Installation of an outside air kit will require significant reconstruction and is best if installed at the time of fireplace installation.

Heat & Glo is a registered trademark of Hearth & Home Technologies Inc.



### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

- **Do not** install or operate damaged fireplace.
- Do not modify fireplace.
- Installation other than as instructed by Hearth & Home Technologies Inc. is strictly prohibited.
- Do not operate the fireplace without fully assembling all components.
- Do not overfire.
- Do not install an unvented gas log set. This fireplace has not been tested for use with unvented gas log
- Installation and/or use of any component part not approved by Hearth & Home Technologies.

Hearth & Home Technologies disclaims any responsibility for, and the warranty and agency listing will be voided by the above actions.

## WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to the owner's information manual provided with this fireplace. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer, service agency or your dealer.

#### Not intended for use as a primary heat source.

This fireplace is tested and approved as a decorative fireplace. It should not be factored as a primary heat source in residential heating calculations.

### A. Design and Installation Considerations

#### CAUTION

Check building codes prior to installation.

- Installation MUST comply with local, regional, state and national codes and regulations.
- Consult insurance carrier, local building inspector, fire officials or authorities having jurisdiction about restrictions, installation inspection and permits.

When planning a fireplace installation, it is necessary to determine the following information <u>before</u> installing:

- Where the fireplace is to be installed. See Sections 3 and 4.
- The vent system configuration to be used. See Sections 5 and 6.
- · Gas supply piping. See Section 7.
- Framing and finishing details. See Sections 3, 6 and 8.
- Whether optional accessories—devices such as a fan, wall switch or remote control—are desired. See Section 12.

Draft is the pressure difference needed to vent fireplaces successfully. Considerations for successful draft include:

- · Preventing negative pressure
- · Location of fireplace and chimney

# **▲** WARNING

#### **Asphyxiation Risk**

Negative pressure can cause spillage of combustion fumes and soot. Fire needs to draft properly for safe operation.

#### **B. Negative Pressure**

Negative pressure results from the imbalance of air available for the fireplace to operate properly. Causes for this imbalance include:

- · Exhaust fans (kitchen, bath, etc.).
- · Range hoods.
- Combustion air requirements for furnaces, water heaters and other combustion appliances.
- Clothes dryers.
- Location of return-air vents to furnace or air conditioning.
- Imbalances of the HVAC air handling system.
- Upper level air leaks: recessed lighting, attic hatch opening, duct leaks.

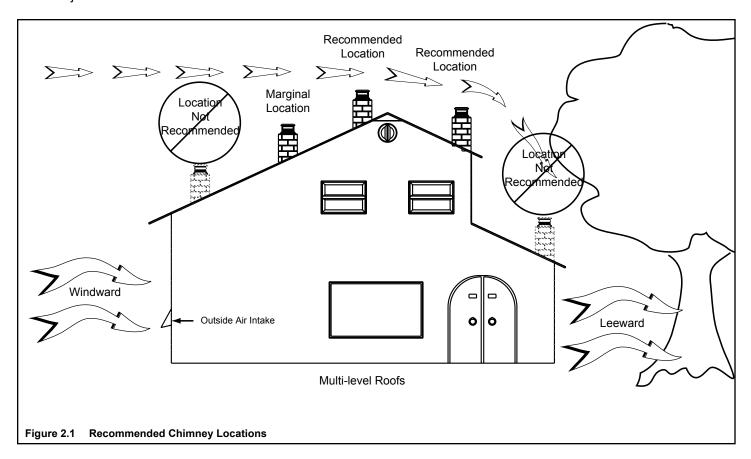
To minimize the effects of negative air pressure, the following must be considered:

- Install the outside air kit. Install the intake on the side of the house towards prevailing winds during the heating season.
- Ensure adequate outdoor air is supplied for combustion appliances and exhaust equipment.
- Ensure furnace and air conditioning return vents are not located in the immediate vicinity of the fireplace.
- Avoid installing the fireplace near doors, walkways or small isolated spaces.
- Recessed lighting should be a "sealed can" design; attic hatches weather stripped or sealed; attic mounted duct work and air handler joints and seams taped or sealed.
- Basement installations should be avoided due to stack effect. Stack effect creates negative pressure in lower levels. Hearth & Home Technologies recommends the use of direct vent fireplaces in basements.

Location of the fireplace and chimney will affect performance. As shown in Figure 2.1 the chimney should:

- Be installed through the warm airspace enclosed by the building envelope. This helps to produce more draft, especially during lighting and die-down of the fire.
- Penetrate the highest part of the roof. This minimizes the effects of wind turbulence.
- Be located away from trees, adjacent structures, uneven roof lines and other obstructions.

Offsets can restrict draft so their use should be minimized. Consider the fireplace location relative to floor and ceiling and attic joists.



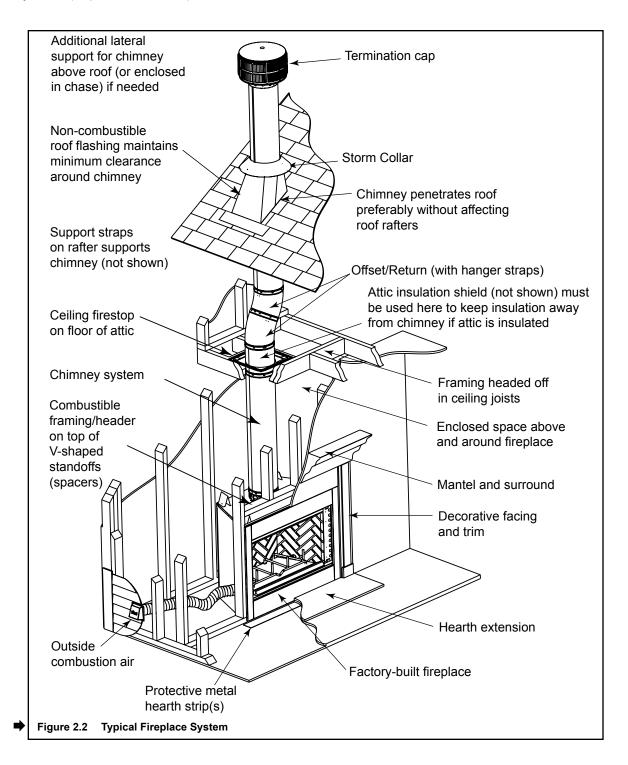
### C. Typical Fireplace System

The Heat & Glo fireplace system consists of the following:

- · Fireplace/integral grate/refractory/outside air system
- Refractory
- · Chimney termination cap
- · Chimney system
- · Hearth extension

#### Optional components include:

- Glass doors
- Chimney air kit (required in Canada)



#### D. Tools and Supplies Needed

Before beginning the installation be sure the following tools and building supplies are available:

Reciprocating saw Framing material

Pliers High temp caulking material

Hammer Gloves

Phillips screwdriver Framing square
Flat blade screwdriver Electric drill and bits

Plumb line Safety glasses Level Tape measure

1/2-3/4 in. length, #6 or #8 self-drilling screws

Misc. screws and nails

#### **CAUTION**

- · Keep fireplace dry.
- · Mold or rust may cause odors.

### E. Inspect Fireplace and Components



### WARNING

### Fire Risk Explosion Risk



Inspect fireplace and components for damage. Damaged parts may impair safe operation.

- Do NOT install damaged components.
- Do NOT install incomplete components.
- Do NOT install substitute components

Report damaged parts to dealer.

- Carefully remove the fireplace and components from the packaging.
- The vent system components and doors are shipped in separate packages.
- Report to your dealer any parts damaged in shipment.
- Read all the instructions before starting the installation.
   Follow these instructions carefully during the installation to ensure maximum safety and benefit.

# **Framing and Clearances**



# **A** WARNING

#### Fire Risk

Provide adequate clearances. • Around air openings

- · To combustibles
- · For service access.

Locate fireplace away from traffic areas.

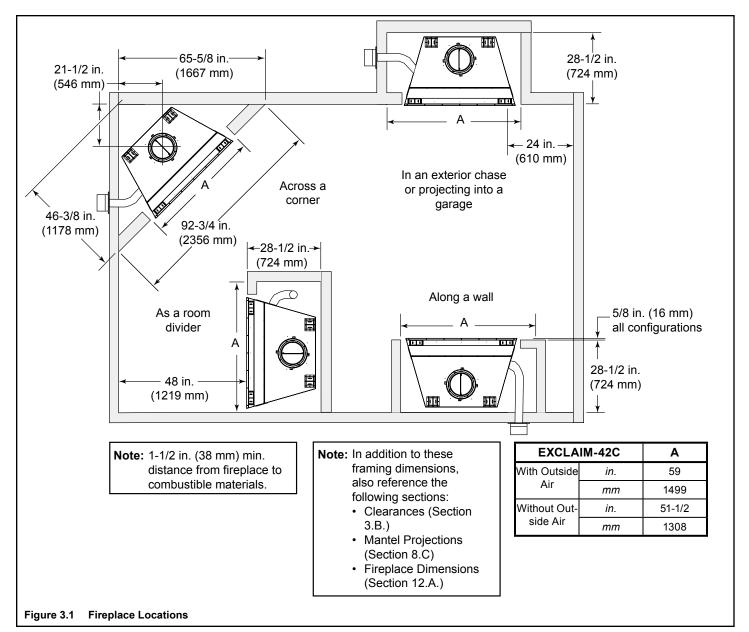
#### Note:

- Illustrations and photos reflect typical installations and are FOR DESIGN PURPOSES ONLY.
- Illustrations/diagrams are not drawn to scale.
- Actual installation/appearance may vary due to individual design preference.
- Hearth & Home Technologies reserves the right to alter its products.

## A. Selecting Fireplace Location

Several options are available to you when choosing a location for your fireplace. This fireplace may be used as a room divider, installed along a wall, across a corner or used in an exterior chase. See Figure 3.1.

Locating the fireplace in a basement, near frequently opened doors, central heat outlets or returns, or other locations of considerable air movement can affect the performance and cause intermittent smoke spillage from the front of the fireplace. Consideration should be given to these factors before deciding on a location. See Sections 2 and 10.



#### **B. Clearances**



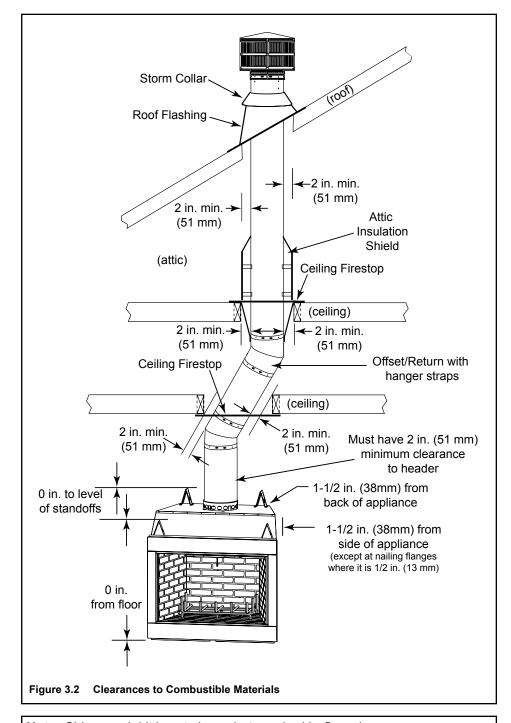
# **MARNING**



#### Fire Risk

- · Comply with all minimum clearances to combustibles as specified.
- Framing or finishing material used on the front of, or in front of, the appliance closer than the minimums listed, must be constructed entirely of noncombustible materials (i.e., steel studs, concrete board, etc.).

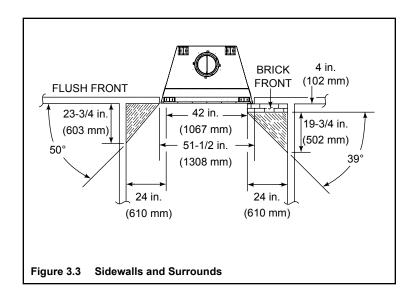
Failure to comply may cause fire.



Note: Chimney air kit is not shown but required in Canada.

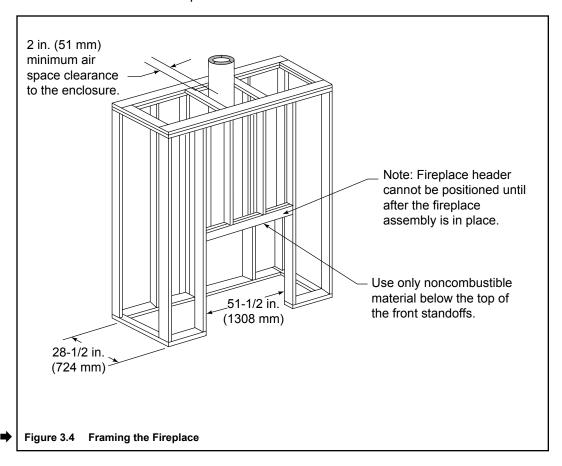
#### C. Sidewalls/Surrounds

Adjacent combustible side walls must be located a minimum of 24 in. (610 mm) from the fireplace opening. See Figure 3.3. If you are using a decorative surround constructed of combustible material, it must be located within the shaded area defined in Figure 3.3. Short stub walls are also acceptable if they are contained within the shaded area.



### D. Frame the Fireplace

Figure 3.4 shows a typical framing (using 2 x 4 lumber) of the fireplace, assuming combustible materials are used. All required clearances to combustibles around the fireplace must be adhered to. See Figure 3.2. Any framing across the top of the fireplace must be above the level of the top standoffs.



#### **⇒** E. Construct the Chase

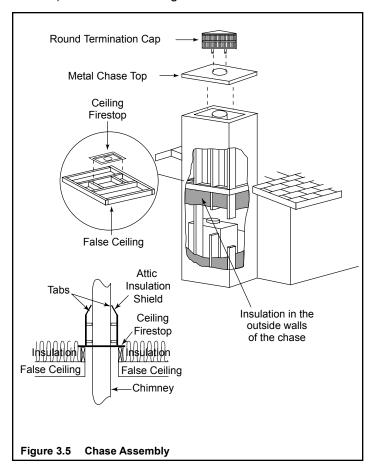
A chase is a vertical boxlike structure built to enclose the fireplace and/or its vent system. Vertical chimneys that run on the outside of a building must be installed inside a chase.

Construction of the chase may vary with the type of building. These instructions are not substitutes for the requirements of local building codes. Local building codes MUST be checked.

Chases should be constructed in the manner of all outside walls of the home to prevent cold air drafting problems. The chase should not break the outside building envelope in any manner. All outer walls need to be insulated.

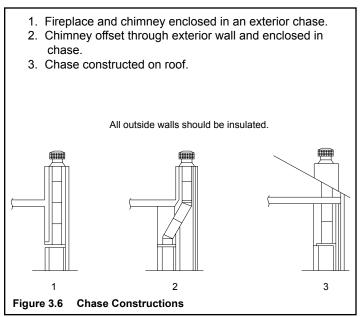
Building codes require false ceiling and ceiling firestops at each floor of the chase or every 10 ft (3.05 m) of clear space to control spread of fire.

Walls, ceiling, base plate and cantilever floor at the first level of the chase should be insulated. See Figure 3.5. Vapor and air infiltration barriers should be installed in the chase as per regional codes for the rest of the home. Additionally, Hearth & Home Technologies recommends that the inside surfaces be sheet rocked and taped (or the use of an equivalent method) for maximum air tightness.



Gas line holes and other openings should be caulked with high temperature caulk or stuffed with unfaced fiberglass insulation. If the fireplace is being installed on a cement slab, we recommend that in cold climates, a sheet of plywood or other raised platform be placed underneath to prevent conducting cold up into the room.

Three examples of chase applications are shown in Figure 3.6.



# F. Chimney Requirements

When planning your fireplace location, the chimney construction and necessary clearances must be considered. The fireplace system and chimney components have been tested to provide flexibility in construction. Vertical distances are measured from the base of the fireplace as shown in Figure 5.2.

	ft	m
Minimum overall straight height	18	5.5
Minimum height with offset/return	18.5	5.6
Maximum height	90	27.4
Maximum chimney length between an offset and return	20	6
Maximum distance between chimney stabilizers	35	10.7
Double offset/return minimum height	24	7.3
Maximum unsupported chimney length between the offset and return	6	1.8
Maximum straight unsupported chimney height above the fireplace	35	10.7
<ul> <li>Maximum unsupported chimney above roof</li> </ul>	6	1.8

**Note:** A maximum of two pairs of offsets and returns may be used.



# Installation of Fireplace



#### **CAUTION**

### **Sharp Edges**



Wear protective gloves and safety glasses during installation.

#### A. Install the Outside Air Kit

This fireplace will operate correctly only if adequate ventilation is provided to allow proper draft to the fireplace system. See Section 2.

The outside air kit is supplied with this fireplace and its use is highly recommended to minimize the effects of negative pressure within the structure. We recommend you utilize the shortest duct run to optimize the performance of the outside air kit. Cold air flow can be minimized by putting a small dip in the duct creating a cold air trap. This trap can also help prevent heat build-up and exhausting out the intake due to the stack effect. The outside air kit inlet should be positioned in a manner that will not allow snow, leaves, etc. to block the inlet. In some installations the air duct may need to be run vertically. In such an installation, a 3 ft (.914 m) height difference must be maintained from the top of the uppermost chimney section to the outside combustion air inlet. See Figure 4.2.

See Figure 4.3 for proper placement of outside air inlet.

The outside air kit is installed on the left hand side of the fireplace. See Figure 4.4 for handle location/operation.



# **A** WARNING

#### Fire Risk

#### **Asphyxiation Risk**

Do not draw outside combustion air from:



- · Wall, floor or ceiling cavity.
- Enclosed space such as an attic or garage.
- Close proximity to exhaust vents or chimneys.

Fumes or odor may result.

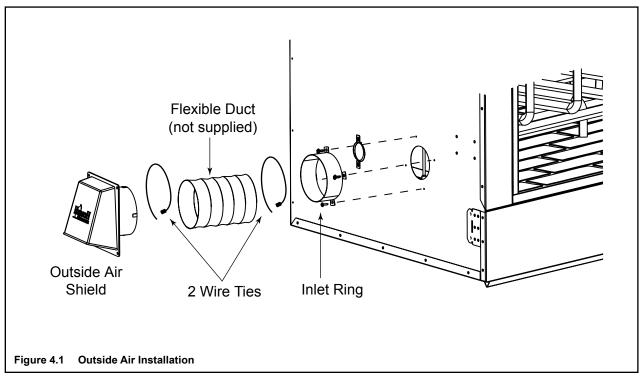
#### CAUTION

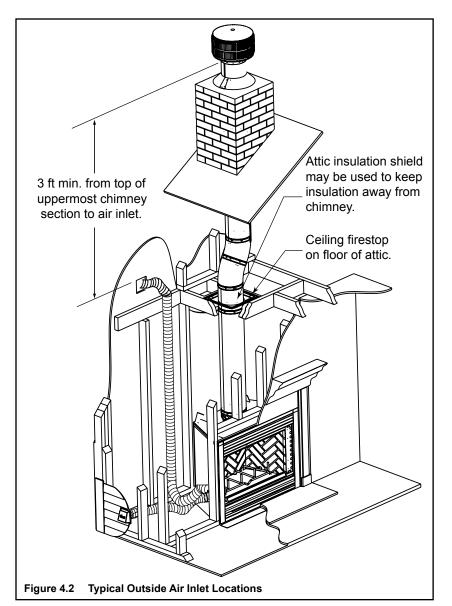
#### Risk of Smoke Spillage

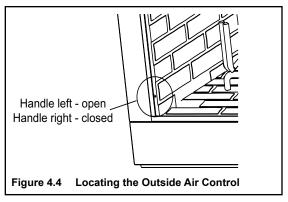
Outside air inlet must be located to prevent blockage from:

- Leaves
- · Snow/ice
- Other debris

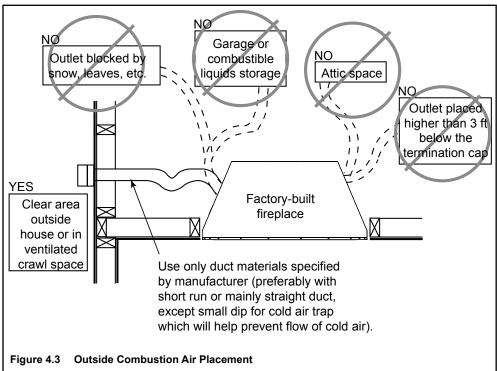
Blockage may cause combustion air starvation.







Note: Chimney air kit is required in Canada.



#### **B.** Secure the Fireplace

#### · Position the Fireplace

This fireplace may be placed on either a combustible or noncombustible continuous flat surface. Follow the instructions for framing in Section 3.D. Slide the fireplace into position. Be sure to provide the minimum air clearance at the sides and back of the fireplace assembly. See Section 3.B.



# **A** WARNING

#### Fire Risk!

- Prevent contact with sagging, loose insulation.
- Do NOT install against vapor barriers or exposed insulation.

# C. Install the Refractory

We recommend two installers for hearth stone and refractory installation!

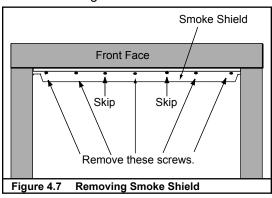
 Remove back refractory from outside of fireplace by bending tabs up and lifting refractory out of brackets.
 See Figure 4.5. Bend tabs back down out of the way.
 See Figure 4.6. Do not remove screws or brackets from fireplace. If brackets are removed, fill holes in outer shell with screws. Repeat this process to remove side refractories.

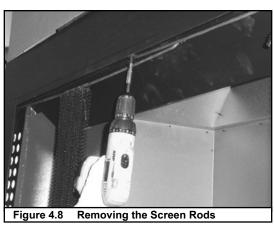


Figure 4.5 Unpacking Back Refractory



- Remove smoke shield by removing five screws. See Figure 4.7. Smoke shield is located at top of fireplace front
- Remove screens by removing screw from the end of each screen rod. See Figure 4.8.





 Remove hearth stone by removing three corrugated shipping spacers (Figure 4.9). Lift hearth stone out of fireplace. See Figure 4.10.

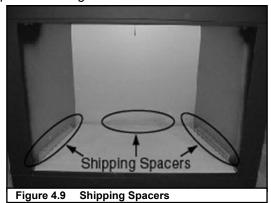
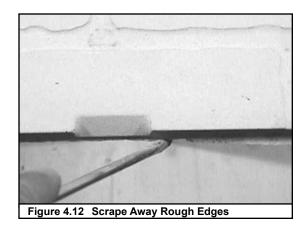


Figure 4.10 Lifting Out the Hearth Stone

 Remove fireplace from pallet. The fireplace is attached to pallet with two brackets on each side and rear of outer shell. See Figure 4.11. Remove screws from bracket, pallet and fireplace. Replace screws removed from fireplace. Slide fireplace into position (brackets can be used to anchor fireplace in position). Once fireplace has been put into position, install refractories.

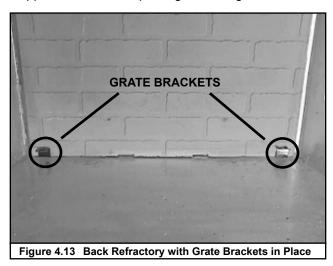


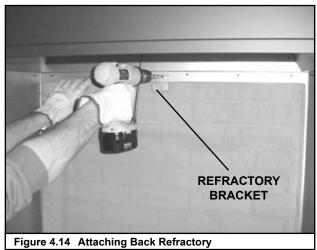
**Note:** Before installing refractories and hearth stone, be sure all back edges of each piece are smooth to ensure proper fit. Scrape away excess with a regular screwdriver. See Figure 14.12.



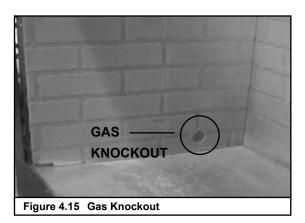
**Note:** If DM8042 Series Doors are to be installed onto this fireplace at any time, we recommend they be installed at the same time as refractory to avoid the need to remove refractory at a later date.

- Install back refractory, making sure refractory is centered and notches are to the bottom of firebox. Place grate brackets in outer two notches of refractory. See Figure 4.13.
- Secure back refractory in place with a screw and bracket supplied in hardware package. See Figure 4.14.





**Note:** To ensure proper installation, gas knockouts in the side refractory should be positioned towards back of fireplace. See Figure 4.15.



- Tilt top of side refractory towards center of firebox when placing it into fireplace. Push side refractory towards back corner of fireplace until it fits tightly against back refractory.
- Secure side refractory in place with a screw and bracket provided in the hardware package.
- Repeat these two steps for installation of the other side refractory.
- When placing hearth stone into fireplace, slide it back until it fits tightly against back refractory (underneath grate brackets). See Figure 4.16.

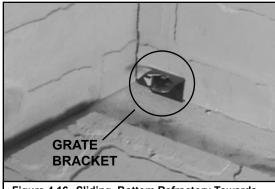
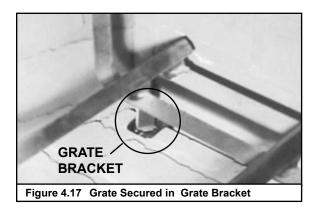


Figure 4.16 Sliding Bottom Refractory Towards Back of Fireplace

- Place grate into grate brackets. See Figure 4.17.
- · Replace smoke shield.



Replace left and right screens.

#### D. Place the Protective Metal Hearth Strips



# **A** WARNING

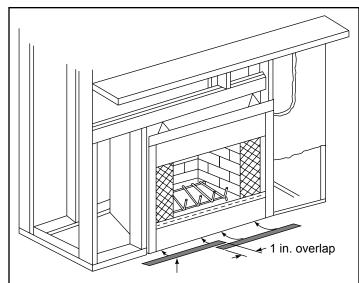
#### Fire Risk!

Metal hearth strips <u>MUST</u> be installed.
 Sparks or embers may ignite flooring.

Included with your fireplace you will find two metal hearth strips measuring approximately 26 in. x 4 in. (660 mm x 102 mm). These strips are used to provide added protection where the fireplace and the hearth extension meet.

Slide each metal strip 2 in. (51 mm) under the front edge of the fireplace. The individual pieces must overlap each other by 1 in. (25 mm) minimum in the middle of the fireplace to provide continuous coverage of the floor. See Figure 4.18. These metal strips should extend from the front and sides of the fireplace opening by 2 in. (51 mm).

**Note:** When elevating the fireplace above the hearth extension the front of the elevated platform must be protected with a protective metal hearth strip as shown in Figure 4.19.



Metal strips are placed 2 in. (51 mm) under the front of the fireplace and must extend beyond the front and sides of fireplace opening by 2 in. (51 mm).

Figure 4.18 Position the Protective Metal Hearth Strips

# E. Level the Fireplace

Level fireplace side-to-side and front-to-back. Shim with noncombustible material, such as sheet metal, as necessary. Secure fireplace (using nailing flanges located on either side of fireplace) to the vertical framing.

**Important:** To ensure proper fit of the glass doors, check fireplace opening for square. Measure diagonal distances of the opening to make sure they are equal. If they are not, continue to shim fireplace until those diagonals are equal.

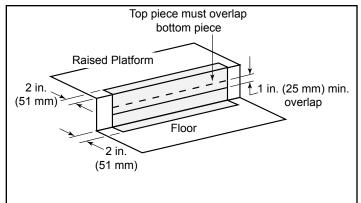
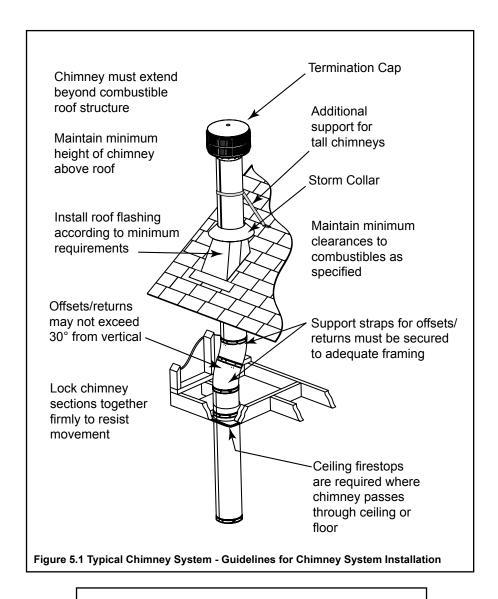


Figure 4.19 Protect the Front of an Elevated Platform



#### NOTE:

- Chimney performance may vary.
- Trees, buildings, roof lines and wind conditions affect performance.
- Chimney height may need adjustment if smoking or overdraft occurs.

#### A. Chimney Requirements

Vertical distances are measured from the base of the fireplace as shown in Figure 5.2.

	ft	m
Minimum overall straight height	18	5.5
Minimum height with offset/return	18.5	5.6
Maximum height	90	27.4
Maximum chimney length between an offset and return	20	6
Maximum distance between chimney stabilizers	35	10.7
Double offset/return minimum height	24	7.3
Maximum unsupported chimney length between the offset and return	6	1.8
Maximum straight unsupported chimney height above the fireplace	35	10.7
Maximum unsupported chimney above roof	6	1.8

**Note:** A maximum of two pairs of offsets and returns may be used.

\*\*\*

# WARNING

#### Fire Risk

 Must maintain 2 in. (51 mm) air clearance to insulation and other combustible materials.

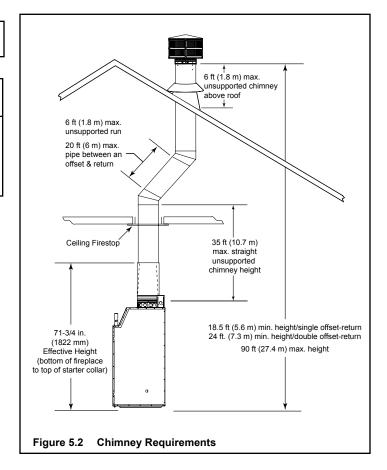
Table 5.1

HEIGHT OF CHIMNEY COMPONENTS	in.	mm		
Chimney Stabilizer				
SL4	4-3/4	121		
Ceiling Firestops				
FS538	0	0		
FS540	0	0		
Offsets/Returns				
SL430	14-1/2	368		
Roof Flashing				
RF570	0	0		
RF571	0	0		
Chimney Sections*				
SL406	4-3/4	121		
SL412	10-3/4	273		
SL418	16-3/4	425		
SL436	34-3/4	883		
SL448	46-3/4	1187		

<sup>\*</sup> Dimensions reflect effective height.

To determine the chimney components needed to complete your particular installation, follow the steps below:

- Determine the total vertical height of the fireplace installation. This dimension is measured from the base of the fireplace assembly to the point where the smoke exits the termination cap.
- Subtract the effective height of the fireplace assembly from the overall height of the fireplace installation (measured from the base of the fireplace to the bottom of the termination cap).
- Refer to Table 5.1 to determine what components must be selected to complete the fireplace installation.
- Determine the number of ceiling firestops, stabilizers, roof flashing, etc. required to complete the fireplace installation.



# **A** CAUTION

- Do NOT connect this fireplace to a chimney flue servicing another appliance.
- Do NOT connect to any air distribution duct or system.

#### **B. Using Offsets/Returns**

→ To bypass any overhead obstructions, the chimney may be offset using an offset/return.

An offset and return may be attached together or a chimney section(s) may be used between an offset and return.

Perform the following steps to determine the correct chimney component combination for your particular installation:



# **M** WARNING

#### Fire Risk

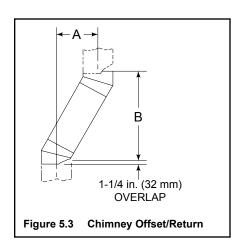
• Draft will be restricted if offset/return greater than 30° are used.

- Measure how far the chimney needs to be shifted to enable it to avoid the overhead obstacle. See Figure 5.3. Use dimension "A" to determine chimney section required to achieve the needed shift.
- After determining the offset dimension, refer to Table 5.2 and find the "A" dimension closest to but not less than the distance of shift needed for your installation.
- The "B" dimension that coincides with the "A" dimension represents the required vertical clearance that is needed to complete the offset and return.
- Read across the chart and find the number of chimney sections required and the model number of those particular chimney parts.
- Whenever the chimney penetrates a floor/ceiling, a ceiling firestop must be installed.
- The effective height of the fireplace assembly is measured from the base of the fireplace to the top of the starter collar. See Dimensions in Section 12.

Table 5.2

-	A	В						
in.	mm	in.	mm	SL406	SL412	SL418	SL436	SL448
4 7/8	124	17 7/8	454	-	-	-	-	-
7 1/4	184	22	559	1	-	-	-	-
9 3/4	248	26 1/8	664	2	-	-	-	-
10 1/4	260	27 1/4	692	-	1	-	-	-
12 3/4	324	31 3/8	797	1	1	-	-	-
13 1/4	337	32 3/8	822	-	-	1	-	-
15 3/4	400	36 5/8	930	-	2	-	-	-
18 1/8	460	40 3/4	1035	1	2	-	-	-
18 3/4	476	41 3/4	1060	-	1	1	-	-
21 3/4	552	47	1194	-	-	2	-	-
22 1/4	565	4 8	1219	-	-	-	1	-
24 3/4	629	52 1/8	1324	1	-	-	1	-
27 3/4	705	57 3/8	1457	-	1	-	1	-
28 1/4	718	58 3/8	1483	-	-	-	-	1
30 3/4	781	62 1/2	1588	1	-	-	-	1
33 3/4	857	67 3/4	1721	-	1	-	-	1
36 3/4	933	73	1854	-	-	1	-	1
39 3/4	1010	78 1/8	1984	-	-	-	2	-
41 1/8	1045	82 3/8	2092	1	-	-	2	-
45 3/4	1162	88 1/2	2248	-	-	-	1	1
48 1/8	1222	92 3/4	2356	1	-	-	1	1
51 3/4	1314	98 7/8	2511	-	-	-	-	2

Proper assembly of air cooled chimney parts results in an overlap of chimney joints of 1-1/4 in. (32 mm). Effective length is built into this table.

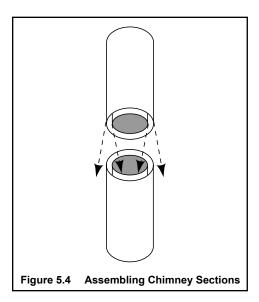


**Example:** Your "A" dimension from Figure 5.3 is 14 1/2 in. (368 mm). Using Table 5.2 the dimension closest to, but not less than 14 1/2 in. (368 mm) is 15 3/4 in. (400 mm) using a 30° offset/return. It is then determined from the table that you would need 36 5/8 in. (930 mm) (Dimension "B") between the offset and return. The chimney components that best fit your application are two SL412s.

#### C. Assemble the Chimney Sections

Attach either a straight chimney section or an offset to the top of the fireplace (depending on your installation requirement). Chimney sections are locked together by pushing downward until the top section meets the stop bead on the lower section.

The inner flue is placed to the inside of the flue section below it. The outer casing is placed outside the outer casing of the chimney section below it. See Figure 5.4.



Note: Inner flue and outer liner sections cannot be disassembled once locked together. Plan ahead to ensure the proper installation height is achieved with the selected chimney components.



### WARNING



### Fire Risk

Do NOT install substitute or damaged chimney components.

- MUST use chimney system described in this manual.
- NO OTHER chimney components may be used.

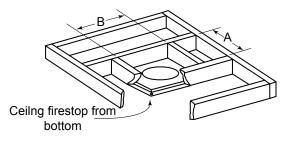
Substitute or damaged chimney components may impair safe operation.

# D. Install the Ceiling firestops

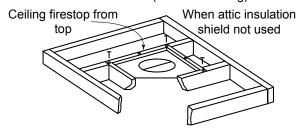
- Mark and cut an opening in the ceiling for the ceiling firestop being used. See Figure 5.5.
- Frame the opening with the same size lumber used in the ceiling joists.
- Install the ceiling firestop.

Note: The ceiling firestop MUST be nailed to the bottom of the ceiling joists EXCEPT when the space above is uninsulated and the attic insulation shield is not being used (see Figure 5.5). When the attic insulation shield is used the ceiling firestop may be above or below the joist of an insulated ceiling.

### ROOM ABOVE (non-insulated ceiling)



ATTIC ABOVE (insulated ceiling)



Note: Use same dimensional lumber for framing ceiling firestop and joists.

	Α		E	3
Catalog #	in.	mm	in.	mm
FS538	17	432	17	432
FS540	17	432	26	660

Figure 5.5 Installing the Ceiling Firestop

Note: You must provide support for the pipe during construction and check to be sure inadvertent loading has not dislodged the chimney section from the fireplace or at any chimney joint.

#### CAUTION

- Ceiling firestops must be used at ceiling/floor.
- Chase construction requires ceiling firestops at each floor or every 10 ft (3.05 m) of clear space.
- Use same dimensional lumber as joists.

Ceiling firestop slows spread of fire and reduces cold air infiltration.

#### E. Install the Attic Insulation Shield

An insulation shield must be installed when there is a possibility of insulation coming into contact with the factory built chimney system.

- Bend the tabs at the top of the attic insulation shield inward. This will help keep the chimney section centered in the
- Position the shield over the vertical chimney section where it penetrates a ceiling firestop.
- Slide the shield down until it rests on the ceiling firestop. The ceiling firestop will support the insulation shield. See Figures 5.6 and 5.7.



### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

- DO NOT pack insulation or other combustibles: between ceiling firestops; between chimney and attic insulation shield.
- ALWAYS maintain specified clearances around chimney and ceiling firestop systems.
- Install ceiling firestops as specified.

Failure to keep insulation or other material away from chimney pipe may cause fire.

### F. Double-check the Chimney Assembly

Continue assembling the chimney sections up through the ceiling firestops as needed. While doing so, be aware of the height and unsupported chimney length limitations given under Section 5.A. Chimney Requirements.

Check each section by pulling up slightly from the top to ensure proper engagement before installing the succeeding sections. If they have been connected correctly, they will not disengage when tested.

# G. Secure the Chimney

When offsets and returns are joined to straight pipe sections, they must be locked into position with the screws provided\* (outer only), using the pre drilled holes. To prevent gravity from pulling the chimney sections apart, the returns and the chimney stabilizers have hanger straps for securing these parts to joists or rafters. See Figure 5.8.

or equivalent #6 or #8 sheet metal screw no longer than 3/4 in. (19 mm).



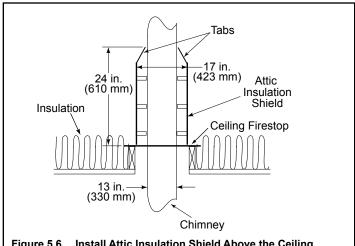


#### WARNING

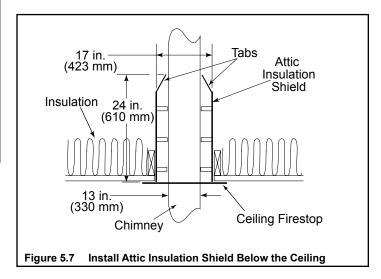
#### Fire Risk

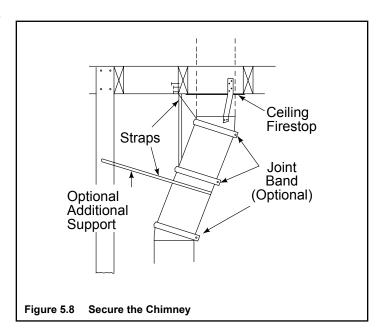
- Secure offsets with screws (not to exceed 3/4 in./19 mm in length).
- Secure returns with strapping.
- Straight chimney sections may be secured with screws (not to exceed 3/4 in./19 mm in length) at the joints.

Keep chimney sections from separating or twisting.



Install Attic Insulation Shield Above the Ceiling





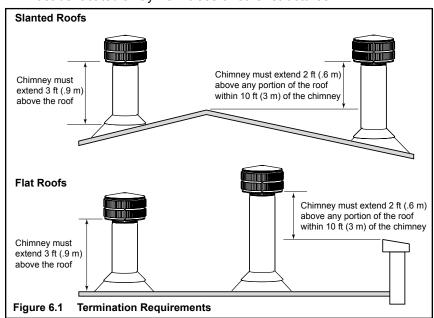


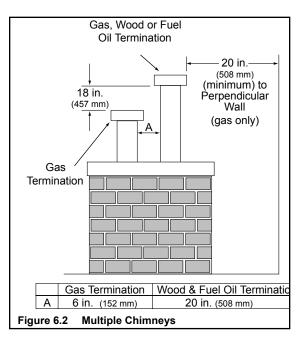
# Complete the Enclosure

### A. Chimney Termination

### Chimney Termination Requirements (See Figures 6.1 and 6.2)

- · Must have a cap approved and listed for this fireplace system
- Must not be located where it will become plugged by snow or other material
- Must terminate at least 3 ft (914 mm) above the roof and at least 2 ft (610 mm) above any portion of the roof within 10 ft (3.05 m)
- Must be located away from trees or other structures





#### Mark the Exit Point of the Roof

Locate the point where the chimney will exit the roof by plumbing down to the center of the chimney. Drive a nail up through the roof to mark the center. See Figure 6.3.

#### Cut Out the Hole in the Roof

Measure to either side of the nail and mark the 14-1/2 in. x 14-1/2 in. (368 mm x 368 mm) opening required. This is measured on the horizontal; actual length may be larger depending on the pitch of the roof. Cut out and frame the opening. See **Chapter 25** of the **Uniform Building Code** for roof framing details.



#### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

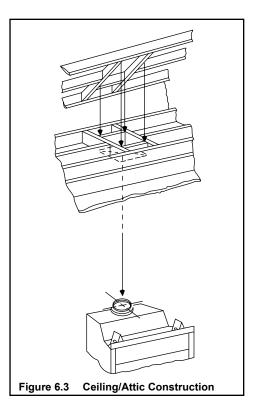
Must maintain 2 in. (51 mm) air clearance to insulation and other combustible materials.

#### **Assemble the Chimney Sections Through the Roof**

Continue to add chimney sections through the roof opening, maintaining at least a 2 in. (51 mm) air space to combustible materials.

#### Install the Roof Flashing

If a roof flashing is to be used, install the roof flashing appropriate to the roof pitch and install a round termination cap and storm collar following the instructions shipped with the cap.



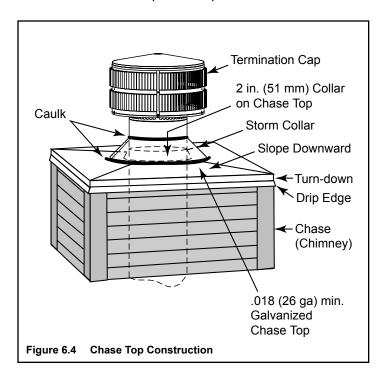
#### Install the Chimney Air Kit (required in Canada)

When installing the chimney air kit, follow the instructions provided with this accessory.

#### B. Chase Top

A metal chase top is required to seal the top of the chase around the chimney pipe. The top should include a turndown and drip edge to prevent water from seeping into the chase. Provide a 1/8 in. (3 mm) gap around the flue pipe and slope the top downward away from the penetration. See Figure 6.4.

- All seams must be caulked to prevent leaks.
- A chase installation must use a chase top. Chase tops are available from your Heat & Glo dealer or may be field constructed.
- Attach the chase top to the top of the chase.



# C. Install the Termination Cap

Note: To protect against the effect of corrosion on those parts exposed to the weather, the termination cap can be painted with a rust-resistant paint.



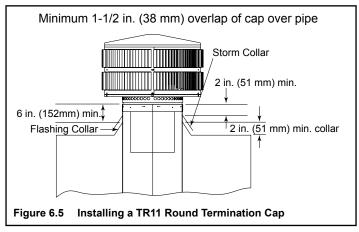
### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

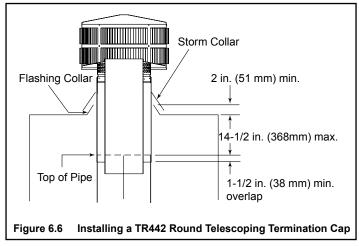
The minimum overlap of cap to pipe MUST be met or chimney may separate from cap.

Separation allows sparks, heat and embers to escape.

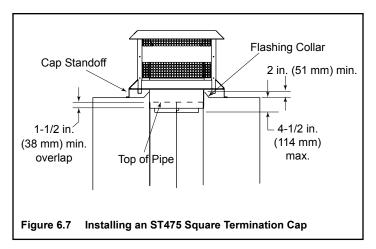
Install the chimney sections up through the chase enclosure. When using a TR444 Round Termination Cap, the uppermost top section of pipe must extend 6 in. (152 mm) above the top of the flashing collar to allow installation of the storm collar and termination cap. See Figure 6.5.



For installations utilizing a TR442 Round Telescoping Termination Cap, the uppermost chimney section must be below the top of the chase top, but not more than 14-1/2 in. (368 mm) below the top of the chase top. Minimum overlap of chimney and termination cap must be 1-1/2 in. (38 mm). See Figure 6.6.



 For installations utilizing an ST475 Square Termination Cap the last chimney section must not be more than 4-1/2 in. (114 mm) below the chase top. See Figure 6.7.



- For chase installations you can use a TR444 Round Termination Cap, a TR442 Round Telescoping Termination Cap, or an ST475 Square Termination Cap.
- Install termination caps following instructions provided with them.

# **Accessories**

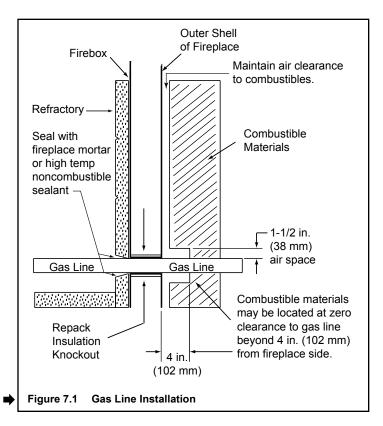
### A. Gas Log/Lighter Provisions

A certified gas log lighter or decorative gas log set can be installed in this fireplace.

- Maximum input is 100,000 BTU/hr.
- Decorative gas appliance must be certified to ANSI Z21.60 "Standard for Decorative Gas Appliances for Installation in Vented Fireplaces".
- Must be installed in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1.
- A log set must incorporate a gas shutoff.
- Log set requires the damper to be locked fully open.

Knockouts are provided on both sides of the fireplace and in refractories for 1/2 in. (13 mm) iron pipe.

- We recommend you seal refractory around pipe with fireplace mortar or high temperature, noncombustible sealant.
  - Repack insulation from the knockout around the pipe.
  - Maintain 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) air space around the pipe for 4 in. (102 mm) beyond the fireplace.
  - See Figure 7.1.





### WARNING



### **Asphyxiation Risk**

Damper must be locked open when gas logs installed.

Gas fire generates fumes.



# WARNING

#### Fire Risk

- For use with solid wood fuel or decorative gas appliance only.
- DO NOT install unvented gas logs.



# WARNING

#### Fire Risk **Explosion Risk**



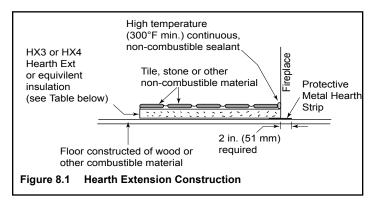
Inspect appliance and components for damage. Damaged parts may impair safe operation.

- Do NOT install damaged components.
- Do NOT install incomplete components.
- Do NOT install substitute components Report damaged parts to dealer.

# **Finishing**

#### A. Hearth Extension

A hearth extension must be installed with all fireplaces to protect the combustible floor in front of the fireplace from both radiant heat and sparks. See Figures 8.1-8.4.





#### WARNING

Metal hearth strips MUST be installed. Sparks or embers may ignite flooring.

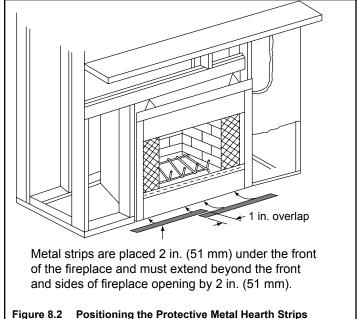
This fireplace has been tested and approved for use with a hearth extension insulated to a minimum R value of 1.16.

To substitute materials for the factory-available hearth extensions, see Figure 8.3 and calculate insulation alternatives as per Table 8.1 and the following formulas:

- Thermal conductivity per inch thickness =  $\mathbf{k}$
- $k = (BTU)(inch) / (foot^2)(hour)(°F)$
- Required thickness = Rk
- Thermal resistance per inch thickness =  $\mathbf{r}$
- $r = (foot^2)(hour)(^\circF) / (BTU)(inch)$
- Required thickness = R / rB.

#### Table 8.1

Hearth Extension Insulation Alternatives, R Value = 1.16					
Material	k per inch thick	r per inch thick	Minimum thickness required		
Hearth & Home HX3, HX4	0.43	2.33	1/2 in.		
USG Micore 300™	0.46	2.18	1/2 in.		
USG Durock™ Cement Board	1.92	0.52	2-1/4 in.		
Cement Mortor	5.0	0.20	5-7/8 in.		
Common Brick	5.0	0.20	5-7/8 in.		
Ceramic Tile	12.50	0.08	14-5/8 in.		
Armstrong Privacy Plus					
Marble	14.3-20.0	0.07-0.05	16-5/8 in 23-3/8 in.		



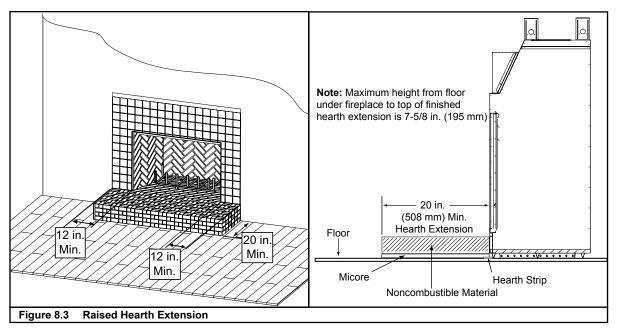


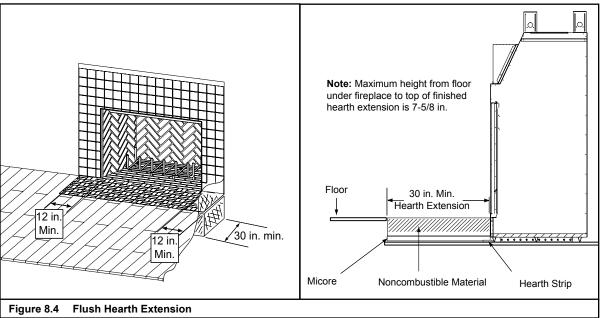
# WARNING

#### Fire Risk

Hearth extensions must be installed exactly as specified.

High temperatures or hot embers may ignite concealed combustibles.





### **B. Finishing Material**

#### · Combustible Material

Material which is made of or surfaced with wood. compressed paper, plant fibers, plastics, or any material capable of igniting and burning, whether flame proofed or not, plastered or not plastered.

#### **Non-Combustible Material**

Material which will not ignite and burn. Such materials are those consisting entirely of steel, iron, brick, tile, concrete, slate, glass or plasters, or any combination thereof.

Materials that are reported as passing ASTM E 136, Standard Test Method for Behavior of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750° C, shall be considered non-combustible materials.

#### Non-Combustible Sealant Material

Sealants which will not ignite and burn: Rutland, Inc. Fireplace Mortar #63, Rutland 76R, Nuflex 304, GE RTV106 or GE RTV116 (or equivalent).

After completing the framing and applying the facing material (drywall) over the framing, a bead of non-combustible sealant must be used to close off any gaps at the top and sides between the fireplace and facing to prevent cold air leaks. Large gaps can be bridged with fiberglass rope gasket.

Only non-combustible materials may be used to cover the metal fireplace front.





### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

- Maintain clearances.
- Use only non-combustible material below standoffs, material such as cement board is acceptable.
- Framing or finishing material used on the front of, or in front of, the appliance closer than the minimums listed, must be constructed entirely of noncombustible materials (i.e., steel studs, concrete board, etc.).

#### C. Mantel

A combustible mantel may be positioned no lower than 12 in. (305 mm) above the top of the fireplace opening. The combustible mantel may have a maximum depth of 12 in. (305 mm). Combustible trim pieces that project no more than 1-1/2 in.(38 mm) from the face of the fireplace can be placed no closer than 6 in. (152 mm) from the top of the fireplace opening. See Figure 8.5. Combustible trim must not cover the metal surfaces of the fireplace. This mantel clearance is in accordance with Section 7-3.3.3 of ANSI/ **NFPA211.** 

#### D. Sidewalls/Surrounds

Adjacent combustible side walls must be located a minimum of 24 in. (610 mm) from the fireplace opening. If you are using a decorative surround constructed of combustible material, it must be located within the shaded area defined in Figure 8.6. Short stub walls are also acceptable if they are contained within the shaded area.

# WARNING

#### Fire Risk

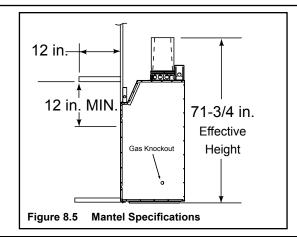
Do NOT obstruct air inlets.

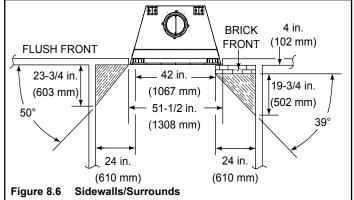
Do NOT modify air inlets.

Modifying or covering air inlets could cause temperature rise and fire hazard.

Finishing materials must not interfere with:

- Air inlets
- Access for service







Fire Risk

#### WARNING

Finish all edges and fronts to clearances and specifications.

- Metal fireplace front may be covered with noncombustible material only.
- Do NOT overlap combustible materials onto fireplace front.
- Install combustible materials up to specified clearances on top front and side edges.
- Seal joints between the finished wall and fireplace top and sides using only a 300° F minimum sealant.

#### E. Glass Doors

This fireplace has been tested and listed for use with doors as specified in Section 12.B. Fireplace Components. Please refer to the manual packed with each set of doors for installation instructions.





#### WARNING

#### Fire Risk



Do not operate fireplace before reading and understanding operating instructions.

Failure to operate fireplace properly may cause fire.

#### A. General Information

Fireplaces, as well as other woodburning appliances, have been used safely for many years. It has been our experience that most problems are caused by improper installation and operation of the fireplace. Make certain that installation and operation of the fireplace system is in accordance with these instructions.

It is extremely important that the fire be supervised whenever the fireplace is in use. It is also recommended that an annual inspection be performed on the fireplace system to determine if the flue system needs to be cleaned, or as in the case of any appliance, if minor repairs are required to maintain the system in top operating condition.



# WARNING

HOT! DO NOT TOUCH. SEVERE BURNS MAY RESULT. **CLOTHING IGNITION MAY RESULT.** 



Glass and other surfaces are hot during operation and cool down.

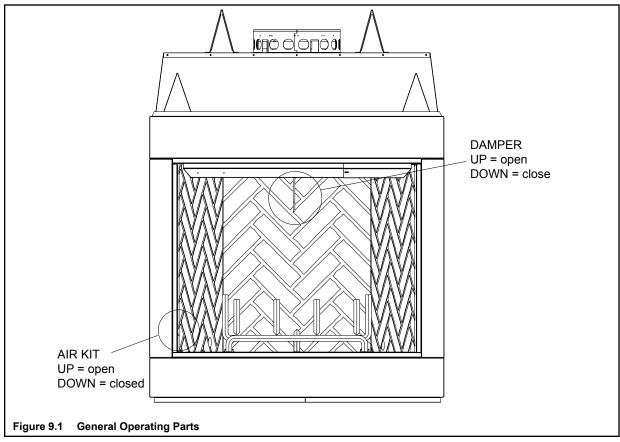
- Keep children away.
- CAREFULLY SUPERVISE children in same room as fireplace.
- Alert children and adults to hazards of high temperatures.
- Do NOT operate with protective barriers removed.
- Keep clothing, furniture, draperies and other combustibles away.



#### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

- For use with solid wood fuel or decorative gas appliance only.
- Do not install unvented gas logs.



#### B. Outside Air

A source of air (oxygen) is required in order for combustion to take place. Whatever air is consumed by the fire must be replaced through cracks around windows, under doors, etc. Most newly constructed houses or existing homes fitted with tightly sealed doors and windows are relatively air tight. In this case, an outside air source must be made available to feed combustion air from outside the home.

An outside air control handle allows you control of the outside air inlet if your fireplace is equipped with this option. Use of outside air for combustion is highly recommended to conserve heated air within the structure and to provide make up air to keep the fireplace venting properly.

This fireplace will operate correctly only if adequate ventilation is provided to allow proper draft to the fireplace system.

See Figure 9.1 for location and operation.

#### CAUTION

Outside air control handle is HOT. Adjust before lighting fire.

#### C. Clear Space Near the Fireplace

Combustible materials must not be stored on the hearth extension. Room furnishings such as drapes, curtains, chairs or other combustibles must be at least 4 ft (1.22 m) from the open front of the fireplace.

# D. Flue Damper

The flue damper must be in full open position, and is operated by moving the handle up toward the top of the fireplace. Before lighting the fire, verify this by looking up from the inside of the fireplace. Always operate this fireplace with the damper fully open. Please note: Down drafts, obstructions, damaged or poor (wet) fuels can cause smoke spillage.

See Figure 9.1 for location and operation.



#### WARNING

#### Asphyxiation Risk Fire Risk



Open damper to operate fireplace. Closed damper will over-fire fireplace and prevent venting of combustion gases.

#### E. Firescreen

A firescreen is always provided to control sparks. It must be closed whenever the fireplace is in use. Glass doors or firescreens must not be used to hold burning material inside the fireplace. Only those glass doors specifically tested and listed for use with the specific fireplace model should be used. Screens should be closed when the glass doors are closed.



### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

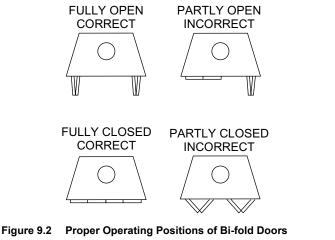
- Close firescreen when burning fireplace.
- Do not use firescreen or glass doors to hold burning material in fireplace.

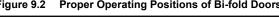
Firescreen controls sparks.

Glass may break or burning material may roll out.

#### F. Glass Doors

Most efficient fireplace operation using glass doors is with the doors open. When the doors are open the screen must be closed. Only Hearth & Home Technologies glass doors may be used. See Figure 9.2 for proper glass door operation.







### WARNING

#### Fire Risk Smoke Risk

Doors must be fully opened or fully closed when operating fireplace.

Partially opened doors may draw flame, smoke or heat from fireplace.

#### G. Grate

The factory installed integral grate must be used to hold the logs from falling out of an open fireplace and to allow air to pass between the burning logs. It is important to keep the fire off the hearth and to allow the ashes to collect beneath the fire, thereby forming a layer of additional heat protection.



#### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

Use only factory installed integral grate. May cause overfire.

#### H. Wood Fuel

#### **Firewood**

Your fireplace performance depends on the quality of the firewood you use. All seasoned wood, regardless of species, contains about 8,000 BTU's per pound, and hardwoods have a greater density than soft woods. A piece of hardwood will contain about 60% more BTU's than an equal size piece of soft wood. Firewood is commonly sold by the cord (128 cu. ft.). A cord of seasoned oak (hardwood) would contain about 60% more potential energy than a cord of seasoned pine (soft wood).

Examples of soft wood trees are Douglas fir, pine, spruce, and cedar, poplar, aspen and alder. Soft woods require less time to dry, burn faster and are easier to ignite than hardwoods.

Examples of hardwood trees are oak, maple, apple, and birch. Hardwoods require more time to season, burn slower and are usually harder to ignite than soft woods.

The best wood fuel is a combination of soft wood and hardwood. Start the fire with soft wood; the fire will give off quick heat to bring the fireplace up to operating temperature, and then the hardwood can be added for slow, even heat and longer burn time.

#### Moisture

Regardless of which species of wood you burn, the single most important factor that effects the way your fireplace operates is the amount of moisture in the wood. The majority of the problems fireplace owners experience are caused by trying to burn wet, unseasoned wood.

Freshly cut wood can be as much water as it is wood, having a moisture content of around 50%. Imagine a wooden bucket that weighs about eight pounds. Fill it with a gallon of water, put it in the fireplace and try to burn it. This sounds ridiculous but that is exactly what you are doing if you burn unseasoned wood.

#### Seasoning

Seasoned firewood is nothing more than wood that is cut to size, split and air dried to a moisture content of around 20%. The time it takes to season wood varies from around nine months for soft woods to as long as eighteen months for hardwoods. The key to seasoning wood is to be sure it has been split, exposing the wet interior and increasing the surface area of each piece. A tree that was cut down a year ago and not split is likely to have almost as high a moisture content now as it did when it was cut.

The following guideline will ensure properly seasoned wood:

- Stack the wood to allow air to circulate freely around and through the woodpile.
- Elevate the woodpile off the ground to allow air circulation underneath.
- The smaller the pieces, the faster the drying process. Any piece over 6 in. (152 mm) in diameter should be split.
- Cover the top of the woodpile for protection from rain and snow. Avoid covering the sides and ends completely. Doing so may trap moisture from the ground and impede air circulation.

The problems with burning wet, unseasoned wood are twofold: First, you will receive less heat output from wet wood because it requires energy in the form of heat to evaporate the water trapped inside. This is wasted energy that should be used for heating your home. Secondly, this moisture evaporates in the form of steam which has a cooling effect in your fireplace and chimney system. When combined with tar and other organic vapors from burning wood it will form creosote which condenses in the relatively cool fireplace and chimney.



#### WARNING

#### Fire Risk

- Do NOT burn wet or green wood.
- Store wood in dry location.
- Stack wood so both ends are exposed to

Wet, unseasoned wood can cause accumulation of creosote.



Fire Risk

#### WARNING

Do NOT store wood:

- Closer than required clearances to combustibles to fireplace.
- Within space required for loading or ash removal.

#### I. Starting a Fire

Check the flue damper to be certain it is in the full open position. Place crumpled or twisted paper under the fireplace grate. Loosely arrange kindling or small pieces of wood to form a layer above the paper.

The fires must be built on the fireplace grate, without danger of the burning fuel falling out of the fireplace opening.

Light the paper and add small pieces of wood until a hot bed of embers has been established.

After establishing the fire bed, and the small firewood is burning briskly, add a minimum of three average sized pieces of split firewood, place the wood in such a manner to allow combustion air and flames between them.

**Note:** When first lighting your fireplace, it may be necessary to pre-warm the flue to establish a draft. This is done by holding a rolled up piece of burning newspaper under the flue damper for a few moments. This will help reduce smoke spillage during start-up.

**Note:** The first three or four fires should be of moderate size to allow the oils and binders to be burned from the fireplace and the refractory and paint to cure. You may notice an industrial odor the first few fires. This is considered normal.

#### **CAUTION**

Odors and vapors released during initial operation.

- Curing of high temperature paint.
- · Open windows for air circulation.

Odors may be irritating to sensitive individuals.



# **▲** WARNING

#### Fire Risk

Keep combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids clear of fireplace.

- Do NOT store flammable materials close to the fireplace.
- Do NOT use gasoline, lantern fuel, kerosene, charcoal lighter fluid or similar liquids to start or "freshen up" a fire in this fireplace.
- Keep all such liquids well away from the fireplace while it is in use.

Combustible materials may ignite.

# 10 Troubleshooting

This fireplace will operate correctly only if adequate ventilation is provided to allow proper draft to the fireplace system. Hearth & Home Technologies assumes no responsibility for the improper performance of the fireplace system caused by inadequate draft due to environmental conditions, down drafts, tight sealing construction of the structure, or mechanical exhausting devices which will create a negative air pressure within the structure where the fireplace is located.

#### A. Understanding Vent Problems

If smoke spillage occurs from a fireplace opening when the door is open and the proper chimney height, flue size, and configuration requirements for the installation have been met, there is either a leakage in the flue, a blockage in the

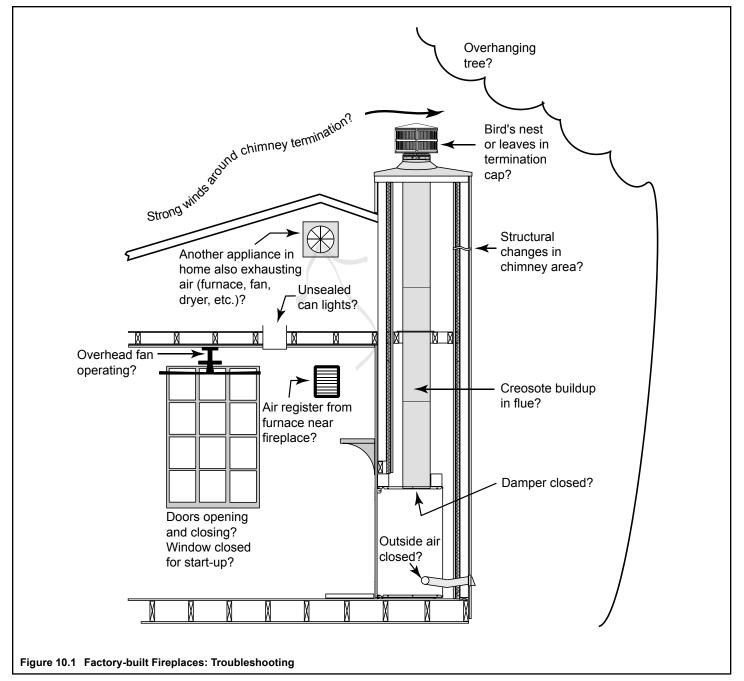
flue, or some condition is in effect to draw smoke from the fireplace into the house. Understanding and differentiating the conditions which can cause each of these kinds of spillage problems is essential to their solution.

#### Flue Leakage

Check for improperly connected flue joints or a damaged flue joint in the chimney system. Such leakage would reduce draft (air would be drawn in through the leaks rather than through the fireplace). The result might be difficult start-up and smoky fires that might spill if other adverse draft conditions accompany this problem.

Flue Blockage

The damper should be open.



# **B. Diagnostics and Problem Solving**

# I can't get a good fire going. What am I doing wrong?

Diagnostic Questions	Possible Causes of Condition	Solutions		
Is the damper open?	No draft	Open damper.		
Is there enough paper/starter?	Insufficient heat to ignite kindling	Use more paper/starter.		
Is there enough kindling? Is the kindling dry?	Insufficient heat to ignite fuel	Use more dry kindling.		
Is there enough or too much wood? Is it too large? Is it dry enough?	<ul> <li>Insufficient heat to establish draft</li> <li>Insufficient air passage</li> <li>Insufficient surface area</li> <li>Ignition temperature high due to moisture</li> </ul>	Use small split wood that is well seasoned (split, covered on top at least 6 months, preferably a year).		
Are there adequate air spaces between fuel pieces?	Insufficient combustion air and exposed surface area	Arrange kindling and wood for air movement.		
Is the chimney pre-warmed?	Exposed, cold chimney down drafting	Use lighted rolled newspaper at throat or flue opening to start upward movement.		
Is there smoke in the house?	<ul> <li>Damper closed</li> <li>Obstruction in chimney</li> <li>Down draft from chimney temperature or from negative house pressure</li> </ul>	Check damper; have chimney checked if it worked previously; pre-warm chimney, shut off exhaust devices, open window slightly.		
Does the kindling, wood not ignite?	Condition, amount, arrangement of kindling and fuel	Use more, drier, well-spaced kindling and fuel.		
Does the kindling ignite, but the fuel doesn't?	Amount of kindling     Condition of fuel	Use more kindling; use smaller, dry wood.		
Does the fuel ignite, but not burn well?	Condition of fuel     Draft problem	Use well-seasoned wood and sufficient amount; turn exhaust fans off; open window slightly. Perform Simplified House Pressure Test.		

# I don't get enough/any heat from the fireplace. What can I do about it?

<b>Diagnostic Questions</b>	Possible Causes of Condition	Solutions
How much wood is used for fire?	Insufficient fuel	Make larger fires.
How well seasoned is the wood?	Condition of fuel	Burn seasoned wood: covered on top, split and stacked for 9 months to 2 years.
Do you have a blower (where possible)?	Yes: Turning blower on too early or setting too high, cooling firebox No: Need for all heat boosts possible	Yes: Wait until fire established and leave on lower speed. No: Add blower if available.
How much heat output do you expect?	Unrealistic expectations	Explanation of decorative nature of fireplace; suggestion of approved fireplace insert.

### The fireplace burns the wood too fast. What can I do?

Diagnostic Questions	Possible Causes of Condition	Solutions
Do you have glass doors?	Need to slow air intake	Add glass doors.
What is the condition of the wood?	Extremely dry wood	Mix in less seasoned wood after fire established.

### I smell smoke in the house during operation. What's causing that?

Diagnostic Questions	Possible Causes of Condition	Solutions
Does the fire start and burn well?	No:     Damper not fully open     Chimney obstruction     Not enough kindling and/or fuel to establish draft     Inadequate combustion air	Open damper; check and clean chimney if needed; use adequate kindling and fuel; open glass doors or open window, check for need for balanced air make-up.
	Yes:     Fire too close to front     Competition with exhaust devices	Build fire farther back. Do not use exhaust fans during startup and/or check for need for balanced air make-up system.

### I smell smoke in the house after we've had a fire in the fireplace. What is the cause/what can we do?

Diagnostic Questions	Possible Causes of Condition	Solutions
Is the damper closed?	No: Down draft or negative pressure	Close the damper at end of burn.
	Yes: Negative pressure from exhaust fans and/or house stack effect.	Check for need for glass doors. Check for need for balanced air make-up system or raising chimney.
Is the chimney clean?	No: Creosote odor	Have chimney cleaned.
	Yes: Damper closed too early	Wait until fire completely out before closing damper.

### Maintenance and Servicing the Fireplace

### A. Disposal of Ashes

Ashes should be placed in a metal container with a tight-fitting lid. The closed container of ashes should be placed on a noncombustible floor or on the ground, well away from all combustible materials, pending final disposal. If the ashes are disposed of by burial in soil or otherwise locally dispersed, they should be retained in the closed container until all embers have thoroughly cooled.



### WARNING

### Fire Risk

Disposal of ashes

- Ashes should be placed in metal container with tight fitting lid.
- Do not place metal container on combustible surface.
- Ashes should be retained in closed container until all embers have thoroughly cooled.



### WARNING

Fire Risk Prevent creosote buildup

- Inspect chimney once every two months during heating season.
- Remove creosote to reduce risk of chimney fire.
- Ignited creosote is extremely HOT.

### **B. Chimney Inspection/Cleaning**

Inspect the chimney internally for obstructions and construction damage. Flue pipe joints and seams must be continuous and mechanically tight.

The chimney should be inspected once every two months during the heating season.

If creosote has accumulated, it should be removed to reduce the risk of a chimney fire.

Refer to Figure 11.1 to remove/reinstall termination caps.

### C. Firebox Refractory

Check firebox refractory for excessive cracks or gaps. If cracks exceed 1/4 in. (6 mm) in width the refractory should be replaced. See Section 12 for replacement information.

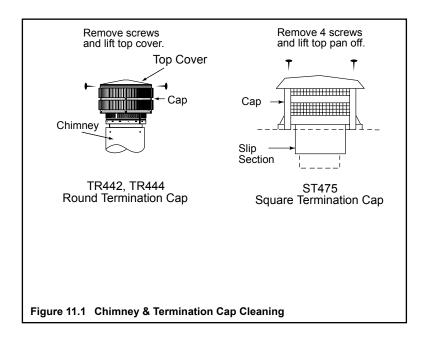


### WARNING

### Fire Risk

Inspect fireplace refractory annually. Crumbling, deteriorated refractory can allow overheating of surrounding materials.

Note: As you use the fireplace, expansion and contraction will cause minor cracking of the refractory. This is normal, unavoidable, and will not affect the performance of the fireplace. If the cracks become large enough that the metal behind the refractory is exposed or large pieces fall out, the panels should be replaced.



### CAUTION



Handle glass assembly with care.

### When cleaning glass door:

- Avoid striking, scratching or slamming glass.
- · Do NOT use abrasive cleaners.
- Use a hard water deposit glass cleaner on white film.
- Do NOT clean glass when it is hot.



### **M** WARNING

### Fire Risk

 Do not use chimney cleaners or flame colorants in your fireplace.

Will corrode chimney.



### WARNING

# Asphyxiation Risk Fire Risk

Annual inspection by qualified technician recommended.



### Check:

- · Condition of doors, surrounds and fronts
- Condition of glass and glass assembly
- Obstructions of combustion and ventilation
  air.
- · Gas connections and fittings (if present)
- Obstructions of termination cap
- · Refractory panels

### Clean:

- Glass
- Air passageways, grilles

### D. Maintenance Task List

Inspect	Maintenance Tasks
Screens	Assess condition of screen and replace as necessary. Screens are required.
	Verify maintenance of proper clearance to combustible household objects.
Glass Doors	Inspect glass panels for cracks. Replace if this condition is present.
	2. Confirm there is no damage to glass or glass frame. Replace as necessary.
	3. Clean glass using a non-abrasive cleaner such as Brasso©.
Circulation Compartment	Remove any foreign objects.
	Verify unobstructed air circulation.
Firebox	1. Inspect condition of refractory. Replace if crumbly, deteriorated, or if cracks exceed 1/4 in. (6 mm).
Chimney	Inspect for blockage or obstruction such as bird nests, leaves, etc.
	Confirm that termination cap remains clear and unobstructed by plants, etc.
	3. Verify that termination cap clearance to subsequent construction (building additions) has been maintained.
	Inspect for corrosion or separation.
	5. Verify weather stripping, sealing and flashing remain intact.
	6. Inspect for creosote and remove as needed. (See Sections 10 and 11)
Grate	<ol> <li>If grate burns out, it should be replaced only with the grate specified on the rating plate and in the replacement parts list for this fireplace.</li> </ol>

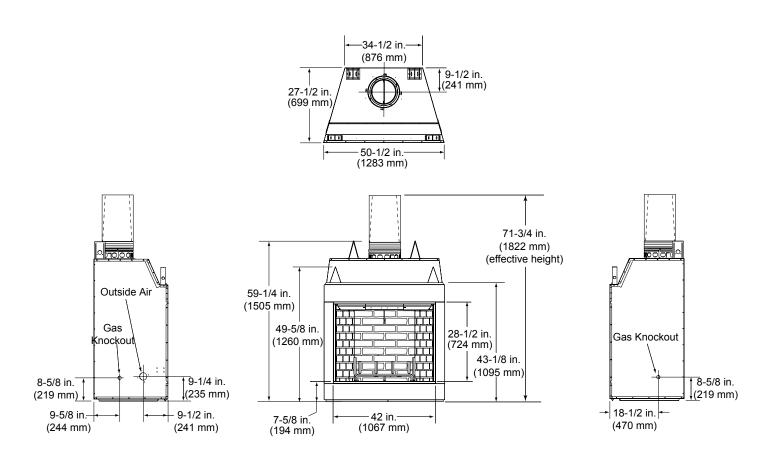
### E. Chimney Fire

In the event of a chimney fire:

- Have the chimney and adjacent structure inspected by qualified professionals. Hearth & Home Technologies recommends that NFI or CSIA certified professionals, or technicians under the direction of certified professionals, conduct a minimum of an NFPA 211 Level 2 inspection of the chimney.
- Replace components of the chimney and fireplace as specified by the professionals.
- Ensure all joints are properly engaged and the chimney is properly secured.

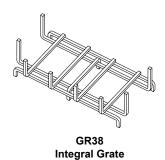
A chimney fire can permanently damage your chimney system. Failure to replace damaged components and make proper repairs creates risk of fire.

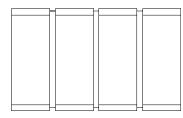
### A. Fireplace Dimensions



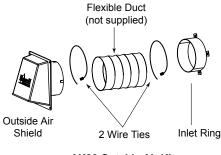
### **B. Fireplace Components**

Catalog #	Description
EXCLAIM-42H-C	Fireplace with Integral Grate, Outside air Kit, Hearth Protection Strips and Herringbone Pattern Refractory
EXCLAIM-42T-C	Fireplace with Integral Grate, Outside air Kit, Hearth Protection Strips and Traditional Brick Pattern Refractory
DM8042	Glass Doors - Bi-fold, Clear-View - Black
DM8042B	Glass Doors - Bi-fold, Clear-View - Polished Bradd
DM8042S	Glass Doors - Bi-fold, Clear-View - Stainless Steel
HX4	Hearth Extension
GR38	Integral Grate (included with fireplace)
AK22	Outside Air Kit (included with fireplace)





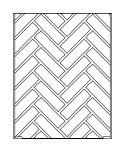
**Bi-fold Glass Doors** 



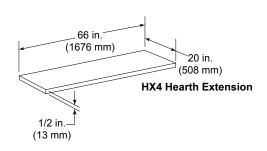
AK22 Outside Air Kit



**SLA10 Adaptor** 



**Herringbone Pattern Refractory** 

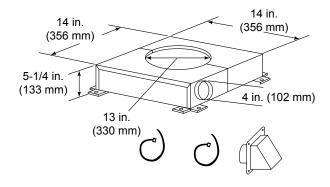


**Traditional Brick Pattern Refractory** 

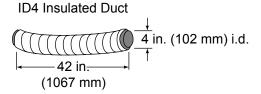
### **C. Chimney Components**

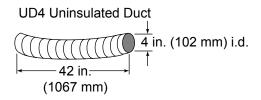
The following pictures show only those chimney components which may be safely used with this fireplace.

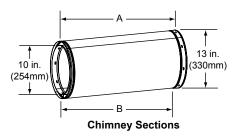
Catalog #	Description
CAK5A	Chimney Air Kit (required in Canada)
ID4	Insulated Duct/Outside Air
UD4	Uninsulated Duct/Outside Air
SL406	Chimney Section - 6 in. long
SL412	Chimney Section - 12 in. long
SL418	Chimney Section - 18 in. long
SL436	Chimney Section - 36 in. long
SL448	Chimney Section - 48 in. long
SL4	Chimney Stabilizer
SL430	Chimney Offset/Return - 30 deg
FS538	Ceiling Firestop - Straight
FS540	Ceiling Firestop - 30 deg
AS10	Straight Attic Insulation Shield, 24 in.
JB577	Chimney Joint Band
CB576	Chimney Bracket
RF570	Roof Flashing - Flat to 6/12 Pitch
RF571	Roof Flashing - 6/12 to 12/12 Pitch
TR444	Round Termination Cap
TR442	Round Telescoping Termination Cap
ST475	Square Termination Cap
CT56	Chase Top
LDS33	Decorative Shroud - 3 ft x 3 ft
LDS46	Decorative Shroud - 4 ft x 6 ft
	Field Constructed Shrouds (See "Woodburning Termination Cap")



**CAK5A Chimney Air Kit** 

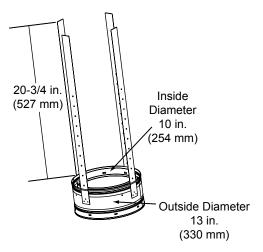




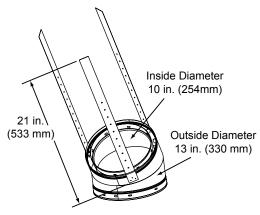


	Α		E	3
Catalog #	in	mm	in	mm
SL406	6	152	4-3/4	121
SL412	12	305	10-3/4	273
SL418	18	457	16-3/4	425
SL436	36	914	34-3/4	883
SL448	48	1219	46-3/4	1187

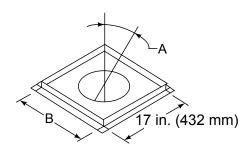
- A = Actual Length
- B = Effective Length (length of chimney part after it has been snapped to another)



**SL4 Chimney Stabilizer** 

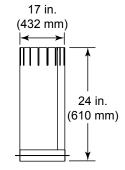


SL430 Offset/Return

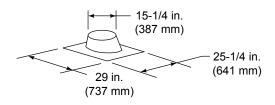


**Ceiling firestop** 

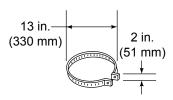
Catalog #	Α	В		
FS538	0-deg.	17 in.	432 mm	
FS540	30-deg.	26 in.	660 mm	



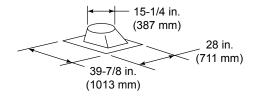
**AS10 Straight Attic Insulation Shield** 



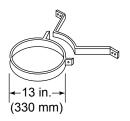
RF570 Roof Flashing



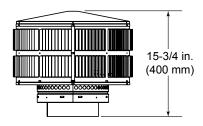
**JB577 Chimney Joint Band** 



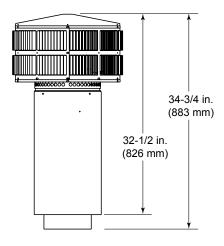
**RF571 Roof Flashing** 



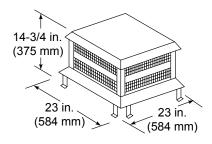
**CB576 Chimney Joint Band** 



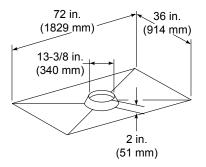
**TR444 Round Termination Cap** 



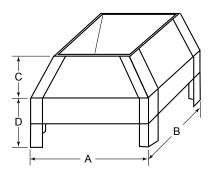
**TR442 Round Telescoping Termination Cap** 



ST475 Square Termination Cap



CT56 Chase Top



Decorative Shroud LDS33/LDS46

	-	4	В		ВС		B C D	
Catalog #	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm	in.	mm
LDS33	36	914	36	914	8-1/2	216	11	279
LDS46	48	1219	72	1829	8-1/2	216	11	279

Woodburning	<b>Termination Cap</b>
110000000000000000000000000000000000000	

Shroud	<b>TS345 / 445</b> (Top Vent)	TR342 / 344 TR442 / 444	TR342 / 344 TV TR442 / 444 TV (with TR-TVK installed)	TR11 / 11T	TR11 / 11T TV (with TR-TVK installed)			
	OPEN TOP with so	PEN TOP with solid sides and 3 in. opening at the bottom.						
Minimum Base Dimensions (Inches)	23 X 23	23 X 23						
Minimum Top Dimensions (Inches)	20 x 20	25 X 25	23 X 23	29 X 29	23 x 23			
	MAILBOX STYLE	MAILBOX STYLE with open ends and 3 inch opening at the bottom of the sides.						
Minimum Base Dimensions (Inches)	N/A	N/A 26.5 X 28 with Radiation Shield 28 X 30 with Radiation Shield 28 X 30 with Radiation Shield 34 X 34						
Minimum Height (Inches)	N/A	28 1/4	27 1/2	28 1/4	27 1/2			
		ROOFED STYLE with 12 X 22 (264 sq. in.) opening on each side and 3 in. space between the radiation shield and chase top.						
Minimum Base Dimensions (Inches)	N/A	27 X 27 with Radiation Shield	27 X 27 with Radiation Shield	34 X 34 with Radiation Shield	34 X 34 with Radiation Shield			
Minimum Height (Inches)	N/A	23	23	23	23			

Minimum Height is measured from the bottom of the termination cap:

Minimum height is established with the bottom of the termination cap 7 in. above the chase top. Minimum height must increase accordingly for any height above 7 in.

### **D. Service Parts**

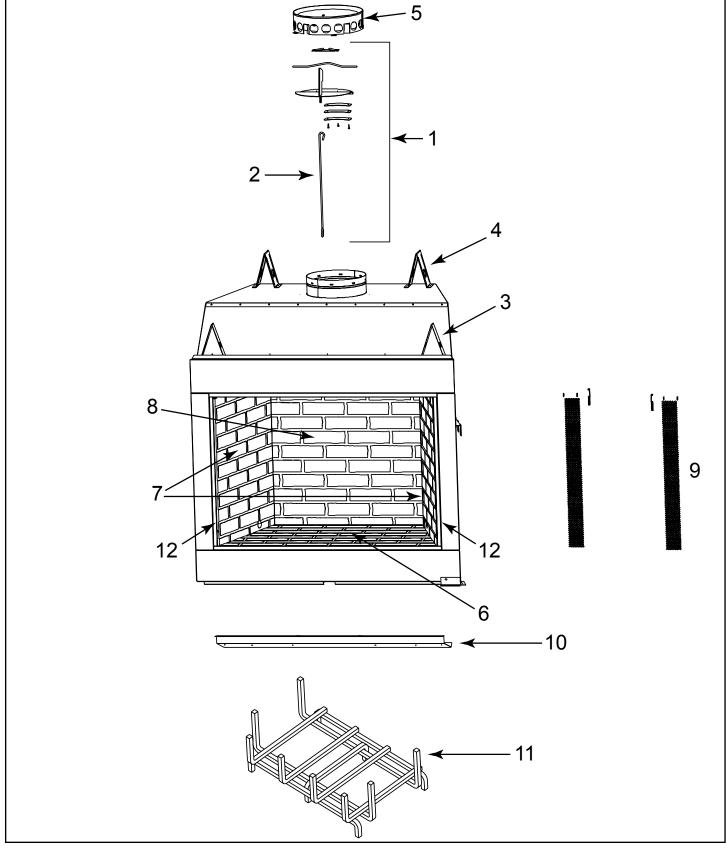
# HEAT&GLO.

Where everything comes together

# Service Parts EXCLAIM-42-C SERIES

Exploded Parts Diagram
42 in. Woodburning Fireplace

Beginning Manufacturing Date: N/A Ending Manufacturing Date: Active



Heat & Glo • EXCLAIM-42C • 4013-094 Rev I • 10/06



Where everything comes together

# HEAT&GLO. Service Parts EXCLAIM-42-C SERIES

**Service Parts List** 42 in. Woodburning Fireplace Beginning Manufacturing Date: N/A **Ending Manufacturing Date: Active** 

1         Damper Blade Assy.         29964           2         Firescreen Assembly         4013-121           Screen Handle         4021-149         1           Firescreen Ring         11857B         1           3         Grate Retainer         4017-036           Nailing Flange         31190         4           Outer Transition         24377         6           Outside Air Kit         AK22         7           Paint, Powder Coat Touch-Up         71479         7           Radiation Shield         29939         1           Refractory - Retainer         11847         3           Refractory-Retainer Pak         33450         33450           Refractory-Herringbone         4013-058         4           LH Side Refractory         4013-058         4           LH Side Refractory         4013-058         4           Refractory-Traditional         4         4013-058           4         Hearth Refractory         4013-058           5,7         Side Refractory         4013-058           5,7         Side Refractory         4013-059           Screen Rod         28404         2           Side Trim         31326         2	#	Description of Part	EXCLAIM-42C	Qty.
2 Firescreen Assembly       4013-121         Screen Handle       4021-149         Firescreen Ring       11857B         3 Grate Assy.       GR38         Grate Retainer       4017-036         Nailing Flange       31190         Outer Transition       24377         Outside Air Kit       AK22         Paint, Powder Coat Touch-Up       71479         Radiation Shield       29939         Refractory - Retainer       11847         Refractory-Fastner Pak       33450         Refractory-Herringbone       4013-058         LH Side Refractory       4013-058         RH Side Refractory       4013-056         RH Side Refractory       4013-061         Refractory-Traditional       4013-058         4 Hearth Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404         Side Trim       31326         8 Smoke Shield       29946         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A		AK22 Install	31170	1
Screen Handle	1	Damper Blade Assy.	29964	1
Firescreen Ring	2	Firescreen Assembly	4013-121	2
3         Grate Assy.         GR38           Nailing Flange         31190           Outer Transition         24377           Outside Air Kit         AK22           Paint, Powder Coat Touch-Up         71479           Radiation Shield         29939           Refractory - Retainer         11847           Refractory-Fastner Pak         33450           Refractory-Herringbone         4013-058           LH Side Refractory         4013-056           RH Side Refractory         4013-055           Back Refractory         4013-055           Back Refractory         4013-051           Refractory-Traditional         4013-058           4         Hearth Refractory           5,7         Side Refractory         4013-059           6         Back Refractory         4013-059           5         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)         29926           Screen Rod         28404         2           8         Smoke Shield         29946           10         Standoff, Top Back         19228B         2           9         Standoff, Top Front         11864A         2		Screen Handle	4021-149	2
Grate Retainer		Firescreen Ring	11857B	11
Nailing Flange       31190         Outer Transition       24377         Outside Air Kit       AK22         Paint, Powder Coat Touch-Up       71479         Radiation Shield       29939         Refractory - Retainer       11847         Refractory-Fastner Pak       33450         Refractory-Herringbone       4013-058         LH Side Refractory       4013-058         RH Side Refractory       4013-055         Back Refractory       4013-055         Refractory-Traditional       4013-058         4 Hearth Refractory       4013-058         5,7 Side Refractory       4013-058         6 Back Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404       2         8 Smoke Shield       29946         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2	3	Grate Assy.	GR38	1
Outer Transition         24377           Outside Air Kit         AK22           Paint, Powder Coat Touch-Up         71479           Radiation Shield         29939           Refractory - Retainer         11847           Refractory-Fastner Pak         33450           Refractory-Herringbone         4013-058           LH Side Refractory         4013-056           RH Side Refractory         4013-055           Back Refractory         4013-061           Refractory-Traditional         4013-058           4 Hearth Refractory         4013-058           5,7 Side Refractory         4013-059           5,7 Side Refractory         4013-059           Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)         29926           Screen Rod         28404           Side Trim         31326           8 Smoke Shield         29946           10 Standoff, Top Back         19228B           9 Standoff, Top Front         11864A		Grate Retainer	4017-036	2
Outside Air Kit         AK22           Paint, Powder Coat Touch-Up         71479           Radiation Shield         29939           Refractory - Retainer         11847           Refractory-Fastner Pak         33450           Refractory-Herringbone         4013-058           Hearth Refractory         4013-058           LH Side Refractory         4013-055           RH Side Refractory         4013-055           Back Refractory         4013-061           Refractory-Traditional         4013-058           4 Hearth Refractory         4013-058           5,7 Side Refractory         4013-052           6 Back Refractory         4013-059           Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)         29926           Screen Rod         28404           Side Trim         31326           8 Smoke Shield         29946           10 Standoff, Top Back         19228B           9 Standoff, Top Front         11864A		Nailing Flange	31190	4
Paint, Powder Coat Touch-Up         71479           Radiation Shield         29939           Refractory - Retainer         11847           Refractory-Fastner Pak         33450           Refractory-Herringbone         4013-058           Hearth Refractory         4013-056           RH Side Refractory         4013-055           Back Refractory         4013-051           Refractory-Traditional         4013-058           4         4013-058           5,7         Side Refractory         4013-052           6         Back Refractory         4013-059           Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)         29926           Screen Rod         28404           Side Trim         31326           8         Smoke Shield         29946           10         Standoff, Top Back         19228B           9         Standoff, Top Front         11864A         2		Outer Transition	24377	1
Radiation Shield       29939         Refractory - Retainer       11847         Refractory-Fastner Pak       33450         Refractory-Herringbone       4013-058         Hearth Refractory       4013-056         RH Side Refractory       4013-055         Back Refractory       4013-061         Refractory-Traditional       4013-058         4 Hearth Refractory       4013-058         5,7 Side Refractory       4013-059         6 Back Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404       2         8 Smoke Shield       29946         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2		Outside Air Kit	AK22	1
Refractory - Retainer       11847       3         Refractory-Fastner Pak       33450       3         Refractory-Herringbone       4013-058       4         Hearth Refractory       4013-058       4         LH Side Refractory       4013-056       4         RH Side Refractory       4013-055       4         Back Refractory       4013-061       6         Refractory-Traditional       4013-058       4         5,7       Side Refractory       4013-052       4         6       Back Refractory       4013-059       4         9       Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926       2         8       Screen Rod       28404       2         8       Smoke Shield       29946       3         10       Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9       Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2		Paint, Powder Coat Touch-Up	71479	1
Refractory-Fastner Pak       33450         Refractory-Herringbone       4013-058         Hearth Refractory       4013-058         LH Side Refractory       4013-056         RH Side Refractory       4013-055         Back Refractory       4013-061         Refractory-Traditional       4         4 Hearth Refractory       4013-058         5,7 Side Refractory       4013-052         6 Back Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404         Side Trim       31326         8 Smoke Shield       29946         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A		Radiation Shield	29939	1
Refractory-Herringbone           Hearth Refractory         4013-058           LH Side Refractory         4013-056           RH Side Refractory         4013-055           Back Refractory         4013-061           Refractory-Traditional         4013-058           5,7 Side Refractory         4013-052           6 Back Refractory         4013-059           Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)         29926           Screen Rod         28404           Side Trim         31326           8 Smoke Shield         29946           10 Standoff, Top Back         19228B           9 Standoff, Top Front         11864A		Refractory - Retainer	11847	3
Hearth Refractory		Refractory-Fastner Pak	33450	1
LH Side Refractory       4013-056         RH Side Refractory       4013-055         Back Refractory       4013-061         Refractory-Traditional       4013-058         5,7 Side Refractory       4013-052         6 Back Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404         Side Trim       31326         8 Smoke Shield       29946         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A		Refractory-Herringbone		
RH Side Refractory       4013-055         Back Refractory       4013-061         Refractory-Traditional       4         4 Hearth Refractory       4013-058         5,7 Side Refractory       4013-052         6 Back Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404         Side Trim       31326         8 Smoke Shield       29946         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A		Hearth Refractory	4013-058	1
Back Refractory       4013-061         Refractory-Traditional       4         4 Hearth Refractory       4013-058         5,7 Side Refractory       4013-052         6 Back Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404         Side Trim       31326         8 Smoke Shield       29946         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A		LH Side Refractory	4013-056	1
Refractory-Traditional         4         Hearth Refractory         4013-058         7           5,7         Side Refractory         4013-052         2           6         Back Refractory         4013-059         7           Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)         29926         7           Screen Rod         28404         2           Side Trim         31326         2           8         Smoke Shield         29946           10         Standoff, Top Back         19228B         2           9         Standoff, Top Front         11864A         2		RH Side Refractory	4013-055	1
4       Hearth Refractory       4013-058         5,7       Side Refractory       4013-052         6       Back Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404       2         Side Trim       31326       2         8       Smoke Shield       29946         10       Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9       Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2		Back Refractory	4013-061	1
5,7       Side Refractory       4013-052       2         6       Back Refractory       4013-059       2         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926       2         Screen Rod       28404       2         Side Trim       31326       2         8       Smoke Shield       29946         10       Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9       Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2		Refractory-Traditional		
6       Back Refractory       4013-059         Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404       2         Side Trim       31326       2         8       Smoke Shield       29946       2         10       Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9       Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2	4	Hearth Refractory	4013-058	1
Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)       29926         Screen Rod       28404         Side Trim       31326         8 Smoke Shield       29946         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A	5,7	Side Refractory	4013-052	2
Screen Rod       28404       2         Side Trim       31326       2         8 Smoke Shield       29946       2         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2	6	Back Refractory	4013-059	1
Side Trim       31326       2         8 Smoke Shield       29946       2         10 Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9 Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2		Screen Cover (only upper is replaceable)	29926	1
8       Smoke Shield       29946       7         10       Standoff, Top Back       19228B       2         9       Standoff, Top Front       11864A       2		Screen Rod	28404	2
10         Standoff, Top Back         19228B         2           9         Standoff, Top Front         11864A         2		Side Trim	31326	2
9 Standoff, Top Front 11864A 2	8	Smoke Shield	29946	1
	10	Standoff, Top Back	19228B	2
11 Starter Section 22072B	9	Standoff, Top Front	11864A	2
	11	Starter Section	22072B	1

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Where everything comes together

### WARRANTY FOR HEAT & GLO FIREPLACES

The limited warranty will not become effective until you have mailed the completed warranty card to:

Hearth & Home Technologies Inc. 20802 Kensington Blvd., Lakeville, MN 55044.

This card must be mailed within 60 days of the fireplace installation.

Subject to the conditions set forth herein, HEARTH & HOME TECHNOLOGIES INC. (HHT) extends the following limited warranty with respect to your Heat & Glo fireplace, excluding accessories, chimney components and glass doors.

If HHT is satisfied that any part or portion of the fireplace covered by this warranty is defective in material or work-manship under normal use and service as described in the operating instructions, HHT will take the following actions:

- Within the first five (5) years from the date of installation, HHT shall, at its option, replace or repair any such defect in material or workmanship, at HHT's expense. HHT SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY OTHER LABOR COSTS, OR EXPENSES, INCLUDING INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.
- 2. During the sixth (6th) through the (10th) years after the date of installation, HHT shall supply replacement parts or parts at no charge, but SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY LABOR, TRANSPORTATION, OR OTHER INDIRECT DAMAGES.
- 3. During the eleventh (11th) through the fifteenth (15th) years after date of installation, HHT will send to you, FOB its factory, replacement parts (if available) at the current minimum wholesale price, but HHT SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY LABOR, TRANSPORTATION OR OTHER INDIRECT DAMAGES.
- 4. During the first six (6) months after installation, HHT shall, at its option, replace or repair the glass doors and any electrical components, if operation is faulty. (This does not include glass panels broken during shipment, misuse or careless handling.) After the first six (6) months, HHT will sell to you, FOB its factory, replacement parts at the current list price, but HHT SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY LABOR, TRANSPORTATION OR OTHER INDIRECT DAMAGES. IF GLASS DOORS OTHER THAN FACTORY DOORS ARE USED ALL WARRANTY AND LIABILITY ON THE FIREPLACE IS VOIDED.

HHT may discharge its entire warranty liability by refunding the price of the product.

Products made by other manufacturers, sold with the fireplace or thereafter are not covered by this limited warranty.

This limited warranty will be void if the fireplace is not installed according to the installation instructions. The limited warranty also is void if the fireplace is not operated, at all times, according to the operating instructions furnished. The limited warranty will also be void if the fireplace is removed from the place originally installed.

EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY LAW, NO IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND NO IMPLIED WARRANTIES SHALL APPLY TO THE FIRE-PLACE AFTER THE ABOVE LIMITED WARRANTY HAS EXPIRED.

In states that do not allow limitations on how long implied warranty lasts, or do not allow exclusion of indirect damages, those limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. You may also have additional rights not covered in this limited warranty.

HHT reserves the right to make changes at anytime, without notice, in design, material, specifications and prices and the right to discontinue styles and products.

Feb 2006



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Hearth & Home Technologies Inc. 800 W. Jefferson Lake City, MN 55041

### Please contact your Heat & Glo dealer with any questions or concerns.

For the number of your nearest Heat & Glo dealer, please visit www.heatnglo.com.

\_ NOTES \_

- NOTES -	

### **CAUTION**



Important operating • and maintenance instructions included.

- and follow these instructions for safe installation and operation.
- DO NOT DISCARD THIS MANUAL Read, understand • Leave this manual with party responsible for use and operation.

This product may be covered by one or more of the following patents: (United States) 4593510, 4686807, 4766876, 4793322, 4811534, 5000162, 5016609, 5076254, 5113843, 5191877, 5218953, 5263471, 5328356, 5341794, 5347983, 5429495, 5452708, 5542407, 5601073, 5613487, 5647340, 5688568, 5762062, 5775408, 5890485, 5931661, 5941237, 5947112, 5996575, 6006743, 6019099, 6048195, 6053165, 6145502, 6170481, 6237588, 6296474, 6374822, 6413079, 6439226, 6484712, 6543698, 6550687, 6601579, 6672860, 6688302B2, 6715724B2, 6729551, 6736133, 6748940, 6748942, 6769426, 6774802, 6796302, 6840261, 6848441, 6863064, 6866205, 6869278, 6875012, 6880275, 6908039, 6919884, D320652, D445174, D462436; (Canada) 1297749, 2195264, 2225408, 2313972; (Australia) 780250, 780403, 1418504 or other U.S. and foreign patents pending.

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